



STATE OF WISCONSIN CONTINUING DISCLOSURE ANNUAL REPORT

FILED PURSUANT TO UNDERTAKINGS PROVIDED TO PERMIT COMPLIANCE WITH
SECURITIES EXCHANGE COMMISSION RULE 15C2-12

GENERAL OBLIGATIONS

(Base CUSIPs 977053, 977055, 977056, and 97705L)

MASTER LEASE CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION

(Base CUSIP 977087)

TRANSPORTATION REVENUE OBLIGATIONS

(Base CUSIP 977123)

CLEAN WATER REVENUE BONDS

(Base CUSIP 977092)

PETROLEUM INSPECTION FEE REVENUE OBLIGATIONS

(Base CUSIP 977109)

GENERAL FUND ANNUAL APPROPRIATION BONDS

(Base CUSIP 977100)

DECEMBER 23, 2005



**WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF
ADMINISTRATION**

JIM DOYLE
GOVERNOR

STEPHEN E. BABLITCH
SECRETARY

Division of Executive Budget and Finance
Capital Finance Office
Post Office Box 7864
Madison, WI 53707-7864

TTY (608) 261-6630
www.doa.state.wi.us/capitalfinance

FRANK R. HOADLEY
CAPITAL FINANCE DIRECTOR
Telephone: (608) 266-2305
Facsimile: (608) 266-7645
frank.hoadley@wisconsin.gov

December 23, 2005

Thank you for your interest in the State of Wisconsin.

This is the Continuing Disclosure Annual Report for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2005 (**Annual Report**).

The Annual Report provides information on different securities that the State issues and fulfills the State's continuing disclosure undertakings. These undertakings of the State are intended to help dealers and brokers comply with Rule 15c2-12 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. As of this date, the State has filed the Annual Report with each nationally recognized municipal securities information repository using the central post office provided by the Texas Municipal Advisory Council.

Official Statements for securities that the State issues during the next year may incorporate parts of this Annual Report by reference.

Organization of the Annual Report

The Annual Report is divided into eight parts. The first two parts present general information.

- **Part I** presents the **State's continuing disclosure undertakings**. A Master Agreement on Continuing Disclosure establishes a general framework. Separate addenda describe the information to be provided for specific types of securities.
- **Part II** presents **general information about the State**, including its operations and financial results. This part includes the audited basic financial statements for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2005 and the State Auditor's report. This part also includes the results of the 2004-05 fiscal year and the budget for the 2005-06 and 2006-07 fiscal years.

The remaining parts present information about different types of securities that the State issues.

- **Part III – General obligations (including bonds, commercial paper, and extendible municipal commercial paper)**
- **Part IV – Master lease certificates of participation**
- **Part V – Transportation revenue obligations (including bonds and commercial paper)**
- **Part VI – Clean water revenue bonds**
- **Part VII – Petroleum inspection fee revenue obligations (including bonds and extendible municipal commercial paper)**
- **Part VIII – General fund annual appropriation bonds (including bonds and auction rate certificates)**

Please note that certain terms may have different meanings in different parts.

Ratings on the State's Securities

The following chart presents a summary of the long-term ratings currently assigned to different types of securities that the State issues.

<u>Security</u>	<u>Fitch Ratings</u>	<u>Moody's Investors Service, Inc.</u>	<u>Standard & Poor's Ratings Services</u>
General Obligations	AA-	Aa3 ⁽¹⁾	AA- ⁽²⁾
Master Lease Certificates of Participation	A+	A1 ⁽¹⁾	A+ ⁽²⁾
Transportation Revenue Bonds	AA	Aa3	AA-
Clean Water Revenue Bonds	AA+	Aa2	AA+
Petroleum Inspection Fee Revenue Bonds	AA-	Aa3	AA-
General Fund Annual Appropriation Bonds	A+	A1 ⁽¹⁾	A+ ⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾ On March 29, 2005, Moody's changed the rating outlook on the State's general obligations, master lease certificates of participation, and general fund annual appropriation bonds from "negative" to "stable".

⁽²⁾ On November 9, 2005, Standard & Poor's Ratings Services changed the rating outlook on the State's general obligation bonds, master lease certificates of participation, and general fund annual appropriation bonds from "stable" to "positive".

How to Get Additional Information

If you are interested in information about securities that the State issues, please contact the Capital Finance Office. *The Capital Finance Office is the only party authorized to speak on the State's behalf about the State's securities.*

December 23, 2005

Page 3

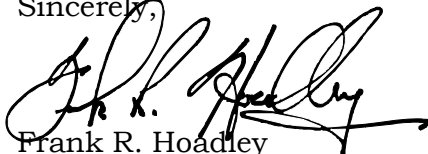
The Capital Finance Office maintains a web site that provides access to both disclosure and non disclosure information.

www.doa.wi.gov/capitalfinance

The Capital Finance Office posts to this web site monthly general fund cash flow reports. The Capital Finance Office also posts to this web site all information and material event filings that it makes with each nationally recognized municipal securities information repository.

We welcome your comments or suggestions about the format and content of the Annual Report. The general telephone number of the Capital Finance Office is (608) 266-2305. The e-mail address is **DOACapitalFinanceOffice@wisconsin.gov**.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Frank R. Hoadley". The signature is stylized and cursive, with a long horizontal flourish extending to the right.

Frank R. Hoadley
Capital Finance Director

**SUMMARY OF OUTSTANDING STATE OF WISCONSIN OBLIGATIONS
AS OF DECEMBER 15, 2005**

	<u>Principal Balance 12/1/2004</u>	<u>Principal Issued 12/1/2004 - 12/15/05</u>	<u>Principal Matured, Redeemed, or Defeased 12/1/2004 - 12/15/05</u>	<u>Statutory Adjustment^(b)</u>	<u>Principal Balance 12/15/2005</u>
	<u>GENERAL OBLIGATIONS^(a)</u>				
Total	\$4,876,460,340	\$1,050,505,000	\$834,617,652	—	\$5,092,347,689
General Purpose Revenue (GPR)	3,225,307,815	583,524,170	202,506,967	250,000,000	3,856,325,018
Self-Amortizing: Veterans	369,940,000	5,000,000	41,125,000	—	333,815,000
Self-Amortizing: Other	1,281,212,525	211,980,830	340,985,684	(250,000,000)	902,207,671

	<u>Principal Balance 12/1/2004</u>	<u>Principal Issued 12/1/2004 - 12/15/05</u>	<u>Principal Matured, Redeemed, or Defeased 12/1/2004 - 12/15/05</u>	<u>Principal Balance 12/15/2005</u>
	<u>MASTER LEASE CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION</u>			
Total	\$ 82,102,804	\$15,792,525	\$22,710,720	\$75,184,609

TRANSPORTATION REVENUE OBLIGATIONS^(a)

Total	\$1,376,743,000	\$393,985,000	\$246,560,000	\$1,524,168,000
--------------	------------------------	----------------------	----------------------	------------------------

CLEAN WATER REVENUE BONDS

Total	\$ 682,935,000	\$107,025,000	\$148,525,000	\$641,435,000
--------------	-----------------------	----------------------	----------------------	----------------------

PETROLEUM INSPECTION FEE REVENUE OBLIGATIONS^{(a)(c)}

Total	\$ 348,455,000	—	\$48,205,000	\$300,250,000
--------------	-----------------------	----------	---------------------	----------------------

TAXABLE GENERAL FUND ANNUAL APPROPRIATION BONDS^(a)

Total	\$1,794,850,000	—	—	\$1,794,850,000
--------------	------------------------	----------	----------	------------------------

- (a) This table includes variable rate obligations that have been issued by the State. Please see the respective part of this Annual Report for more information on the variable rate obligations issued for each credit.
- (b) Source of debt service payments on general obligations issued for highway rehabilitation projects changed from the Transportation Fund to the General Fund on July 1, 2005.
- (c) As of December 16, 2005.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page	Page	
PART V TRANSPORTATION REVENUE OBLIGATIONS			
INTRODUCTION	145	Remedies	175
OUTSTANDING OBLIGATIONS	146	Priority of Bonds After Default	176
SECURITY	147	Limitation on Rights of Bondholders	176
Sources of Payment	147	Compensation of Fiduciaries	177
Program Income Covenant.....	148	Removal of Trustee	177
Reserve Fund	149	Defeasance	177
Additional Bonds.....	151	GLOSSARY.....	178
Forecasted Debt Service Coverage.....	151	APPENDIX A–AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ..	186
REGISTRATION FEES	153		
Current Fees and Registered Vehicles	153		
Estimated Future Registration Fees	156		
Registration Fee Collection Procedures	157		
OTHER REGISTRATION-RELATED FEES	159		
General	159		
History and Estimated Other Registration- Related Fees.....	161		
PROJECTS.....	162		
VARIABLE RATE OBLIGATIONS	163		
General	163		
Description of the Notes	163		
Liquidity Facility	164		
Description of the Banks	165		
SUMMARY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE GENERAL RESOLUTION	167		
Resolution to Constitute Contract.....	167		
Provisions for Issuance of Bonds.....	168		
Additional Bonds.....	168		
Refunding Bonds.....	168		
Application of Bond Proceeds	169		
Establishment of Funds	169		
Capitalized Interest Account.....	169		
Program Account.....	170		
Redemption Fund	170		
Payment of Bonds.....	171		
Purchase of Bonds	171		
Program Expense Fund.....	172		
Reserve Fund	172		
Investments and Deposits	172		
Powers as to Bonds and Pledge.....	173		
Payment Covenant	173		
Tax Covenants	173		
Funds and Reports	173		
Budgets.....	174		
The Program	174		
Power of Amendment	174		
Events of Default	175		

TABLE OF TABLES

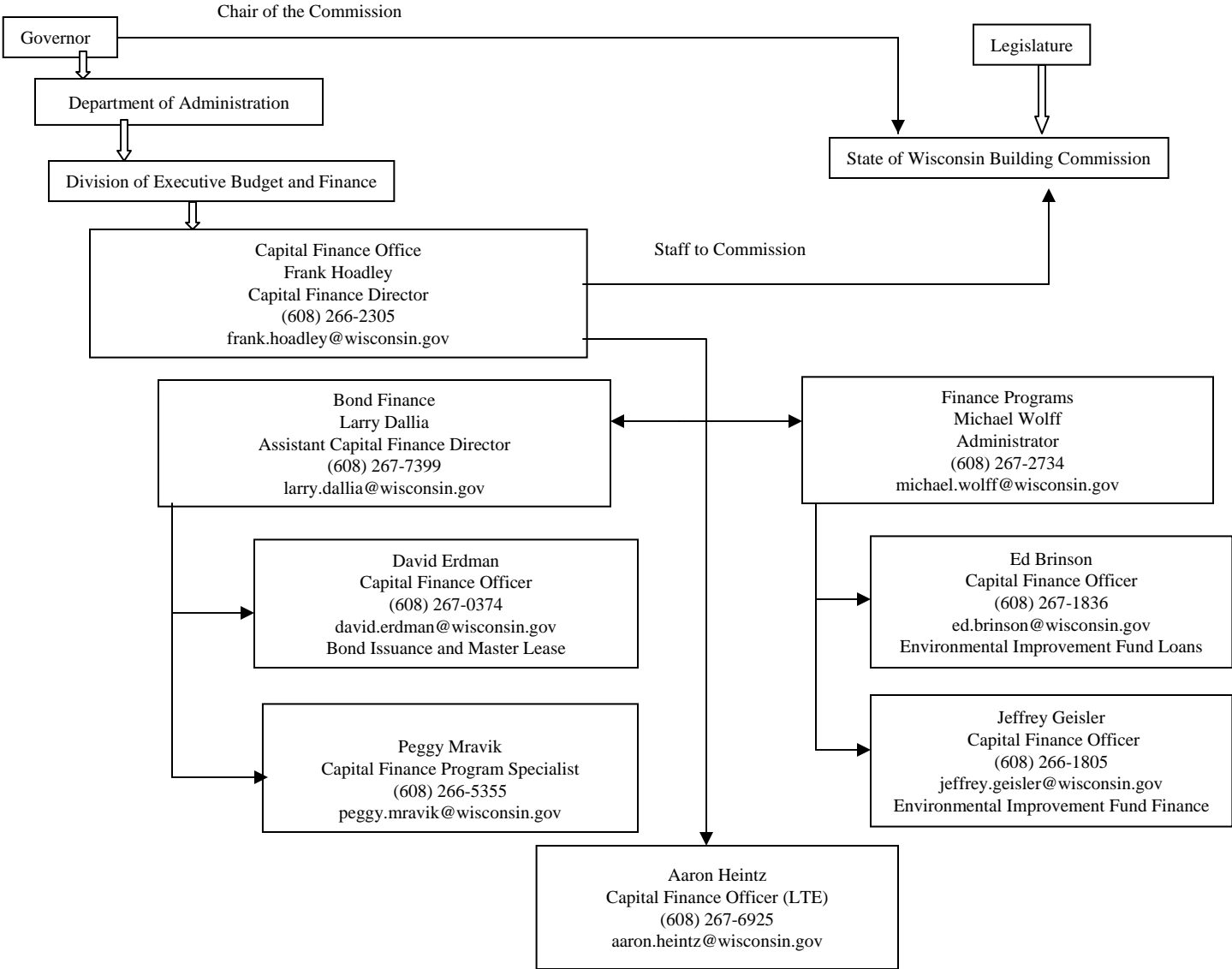
Table

Page

PART V
TRANSPORTATION REVENUE BONDS

V-1	Outstanding Transportation Revenue Obligations by Issue	146
V-2	Debt Service on Outstanding Transportation Revenue Bonds and Estimated Revenue Coverage	152
V-3	Amortization Schedule: Amount Due Annually on Transportation Revenue Commercial Paper Notes	153
V-4	Current Section 341.25 Registration Fees	154
V-5	Motor Vehicle Registrations.....	154
V-6	Section 341.25 Registration Fee Revenues 1996 to 2005.....	155
V-7	Projected Section 341.25 Registration Fee Revenues...	157
V-8	Other Registration-Related Fees	162

Capital Finance Office Staff (As of December 15, 2005)



STATE OFFICIALS PARTICIPATING IN THE ISSUANCE AND SALE OF THE BONDS AND NOTES

BUILDING COMMISSION MEMBERS

Voting Members	Term of Office Expires
Governor Jim Doyle, Chairperson	January 8, 2007
Senator Fred A. Risser, Vice-Chairperson	January 5, 2009
Senator Carol Roessler	January 5, 2009
Senator David Zien	January 8, 2007
Representative Jeff Fitzgerald	January 8, 2007
Representative Jennifer Shilling	January 8, 2007
Representative Debi Towns	January 8, 2007
Mr. Terry McGuire, Citizen Member	At the pleasure of the Governor
Nonvoting, Advisory Members	
Mr. Adel Tabrizi, State Chief Engineer Department of Administration	_____
Mr. Dave Haley, State Chief Architect Department of Administration	_____
Building Commission Secretary	
Mr. Robert G. Cramer, Administrator Division of State Facilities Department of Administration	At the pleasure of the Building Commission and the Secretary of Administration

OTHER PARTICIPANTS

Ms. Peggy A. Lautenschlager State Attorney General	January 8, 2007
Mr. Stephen E. Bablitch, Secretary Department of Administration	At the pleasure of the Governor

DEBT MANAGEMENT AND DISCLOSURE

Department of Administration
Capital Finance Office
P.O. Box 7864
101 E. Wilson Street, 10th Floor
Madison, WI 53707-7864
Telefax (608) 266-7645

DOACapitalFinanceOffice@wisconsin.gov

Mr. Frank R. Hoadley
Capital Finance Director
(608) 266-2305
frank.hoadley@wisconsin.gov

Mr. Lawrence K. Dallia
Assistant Capital Finance Director
(608) 267-7399
larry.dallia@wisconsin.gov

Mr. David R. Erdman
Capital Finance Officer
(608) 267-0374
david.erdman@wisconsin.gov

(Note: New e-mail addresses effective November 2005)

PART V

TRANSPORTATION REVENUE OBLIGATIONS

This part of the Annual Report provides information about transportation revenue obligations issued by the State of Wisconsin (**State**).

Total Outstanding Balance (12/15/2005)	\$1,524,168,000
Amount Outstanding—Fixed Rate Obligations	\$1,410,275,000
Amount Outstanding—Variable Rate Obligations	\$ 113,893,000
Percentage of Outstanding Obligations in form of Variable Rate Obligations	7.47%
Bond Ratings (Fitch/Moody's/Standard & Poors)	AA/Aa3/AA-
Variable Rate Obligation Ratings	F1+/P-1/A-1+

APPENDIX A includes the auditor's report and audited statements of cash receipts and disbursements for the Transportation Revenue Bond Program and Transportation Revenue Commercial Paper Program for the year ended June 30, 2005, together with unaudited information. The State of Wisconsin Building Commission (**Commission**) has supervision over all matters relating to the State's issuance of revenue obligations. The Capital Finance Office, which is part of the Department of Administration's Division of Executive Budget and Finance, is responsible for managing the State's borrowing programs.

Transportation revenue obligations are issued pursuant to the State of Wisconsin Transportation Facilities and Highway Projects Revenue Obligations General Resolution, dated June 26, 1986, as amended (**General Resolution**). The State has issued transportation revenue obligations in the form of bonds and commercial paper notes. J.P. Morgan Trust Company, National Association serves as Trustee for the transportation revenue bond program (**Trustee**). The Trustee serves as registrar and paying agent for the bonds, and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas serves as issuing and paying agent for the commercial paper notes. The law firm of Quarles & Brady LLP provides bond counsel services to the State for issuance of transportation obligations. The State has rarely employed a financial advisor for the issuance of transportation revenue obligations, except for advance refunding issues.

The State Department of Transportation (**DOT** or **Department of Transportation**) is responsible for the planning and completion of major highway projects funded in part with the proceeds of obligations issued under the General Resolution.

Requests for additional information about the transportation revenue obligations may be directed as follows:

Contact: Capital Finance Office
Attn: Capital Finance Director
Phone: (608) 266-2305
Mail: 101 East Wilson Street, FLR 10
P.O. Box 7864
Madison, WI 53707-7864
E-mail: DOACapitalFinanceOffice@wisconsin.gov
Web site: www.doa.wi.gov/capitalfinance

This Annual Report includes information and defined terms for different types of securities issued by the State. The context or meaning of terms used in this Part V of the Annual Report may differ from that of terms used in another part. See “GLOSSARY” for the definition of capitalized terms used in this Part V of the Annual Report. Any information or resource referred to in this Annual Report is not part of this Annual Report unless expressly included by reference.

OUTSTANDING OBLIGATIONS

The State has issued the transportation revenue bonds and commercial paper notes shown in Table V-1. The table also includes the outstanding principal balances as of December 15, 2005.

Table V-1
OUTSTANDING TRANSPORTATION REVENUE
OBLIGATIONS BY ISSUE
(As of December 15, 2005)

<u>Financing</u>	<u>Date of Financing</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Amount of Issuance</u>	<u>Amount Outstanding</u>
<i>Fixed Rate Transportation Revenue Bonds</i>				
1986, Series A (1986 Bonds)	6/15/86	1987-2007	\$139,055,000	-0-
1988, Series A (1988 Bonds)	4/15/88	1989-2008	51,475,000	-0-
1989, Series A (1989 Bonds)	4/15/89			
Serial Bonds		1990-2004	31,165,000	-0-
Term Bonds		2009	20,135,000	-0-
1991, Series A (1991 Bonds)	10/1/91	1992-2011	105,660,000	-0-
1992, Series A (1992 Series A Bonds)	7/1/92			
Serial Bonds		1999-2006	96,945,000	-0-
Term Bonds		2009	22,260,000	-0-
Term Bonds		2012	3,520,000	-0-
Term Bonds		2022	16,880,000	-0-
1992, Series B (1992 Series B Bonds)	7/1/92			
Serial Bonds		1993-2006	55,155,000	-0-
Term Bonds		2009	18,395,000	-0-
Term Bonds		2012	21,770,000	-0-
Term Bonds		2022	104,390,000	-0-
1993, Series A (1993 Bonds)	9/1/93	1994-2012	116,450,000	\$ 69,020,000
1994, Series A (1994 Bonds)	7/1/94			
Serial Bonds		1995-2012	84,320,000	-0-
Term Bonds		2014	15,680,000	-0-
1995, Series A (1995 Bonds)	9/1/95	1996-2015	105,000,000	-0-
1996, Series A (1996 Bonds)	5/15/96	1997-2016	115,000,000	5,290,000 ^(a)
1998, Series A (1998 Series A Bonds)	8/15/98	1999-2016	130,590,000	114,485,000
1998, Series B (1998 Series B Bonds)	10/1/98			
Serial Bonds		2000-17	93,905,000	34,050,000 ^(a)
Term Bonds		2019	16,095,000	16,095,000
2000, Series A (2000 Bonds)	9/15/00	2012-21	123,700,000	-0- ^(a)
2001, Series A (2001 Bonds)	11/15/01	2003-22	140,000,000	118,860,000
2002, Series 1 (2002 Series 1 Bonds)	4/15/02	2003-19	241,865,000	150,335,000 ^(a)
2002, Series 2 (2002 Series 2 Bonds)	4/15/02			
Serial Bonds		2004-20	39,275,000	25,535,000 ^(a)
Term Bonds		2022	29,655,000	29,655,000
2002, Series A (2002 Series A Bonds)	10/15/02	2004-23	200,000,000	156,545,000 ^(a)
2003, Series A (2003 Bonds)	11/1/03	2005-24	250,000,000	203,615,000 ^(a)

<u>Financing</u>	<u>Date of Financing</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Amount of Issuance</u>	<u>Amount Outstanding</u>
2004, Series 1 (2004 Bonds)	9/30/04	2005-08 2012-17	95,905,000	92,805,000
2005, Series A (2005 Series A Bonds)	3/10/05	2006-25	235,585,000	235,585,000
2005, Series B (2005 Series B Bonds)	9/29/05	2007-25	158,400,000	158,400,000
<i>Total Fixed-Rate Transportation Revenue Bonds</i>			<u>\$2,878,230,000</u>	<u>\$1,410,275,000</u>
<i>Variable Rate Transportation Revenue Obligations</i>				
1997, Commercial Paper Notes, Series A.....	5/7/97		\$ 157,763,000	\$ 113,893,000
<i>Total Transportation Revenue Obligations</i>			<u>\$3,035,993,000</u>	<u>\$1,524,168,000</u>

(a) Pursuant to a refunding escrow agreement the principal of and interest on all, or a portion of the bonds, have been or will be paid as it comes due, and those bonds will be called for redemption prior to maturity. The principal amount of bonds for which payment is provided is treated as not outstanding for purposes of this table.

The 1986 Bonds, 1988 Bonds, 1989 Bonds, 1991 Bonds, 1992 Series A Bonds, 1992 Series B Bonds, 1994 Bonds, and 1995 Bonds have been redeemed in full and are not Outstanding Bonds within the meaning of the General Resolution. The 1993 Bonds, 1996 Bonds, 1998 Series A Bonds, 1998 Series B Bonds, 2000 Bonds, 2001 Bonds, 2002 Series 1 Bonds, 2002 Series 2 Bonds, 2002 Series A Bonds, 2003 Bonds, 2004 Bonds, 2005 Series A Bonds, and 2005 Series B Bonds (collectively, **Prior Bonds**), together with any additional Bonds issued by the State pursuant to the General Resolution, are referred to collectively as the **Bonds**. See **“SECURITY; Sources of Payment”**.

The Commercial Paper Notes of 1997, Series A (**Notes**) are issued pursuant to the General Resolution and are subordinate to the pledge granted to the Bonds. See **“VARIABLE RATE OBLIGATIONS”**. The Commission has adopted a Series Resolution that authorizes the issuance of Bonds to pay for the funding of the Notes. This Series Resolution is required pursuant to the terms of a credit agreement by which a syndicate of banks provide a line of credit for liquidity on the Notes. These take-out Bonds, when and if issued, will be issued on a parity with the Prior Bonds and any additional parity Bonds issued by the State pursuant to the General Resolution.

SECURITY

Sources of Payment

The Prior Bonds have been issued on parity with each other. The Prior Bonds and any additional parity Bonds issued by the State pursuant to the General Resolution, are revenue obligations of the State payable solely from the Redemption Fund created by the General Resolution and are secured by a first lien pledge of Program Income, the Funds created by the General Resolution, and any other income of the Program pledged to the payment of interest, principal, and Redemption Price on the Bonds.

Prior to July 2003, Program Income included only vehicle registration fees authorized under Section 341.25, Wisconsin Statutes (**Registration Fees**). See **“REGISTRATION FEES”**. A statutory change that was part of 2003 Wisconsin Act 33 provided that many additional vehicle registration-related fees enumerated in Wisconsin Statutes (**Other Registration-Related Fees**) that can be pledged as Program Income. The supplement to the General Resolution approved by the Commission on October 15, 2003 amended the definition of **Program Income** to include both Registration Fees and the Other Registration-Related Fees.

While all Other Registration-Related Fees are Program Income, many types of the Other Registration-Related Fees result in insignificant or sporadic annual revenues. As a result, the State has requested ratings based on, and is currently providing continuing disclosure on some, but not all, Other Registration-Related Fees. These specific Other Registration-Related Fees include vehicle title transaction fees, registration and title counter service fees, and personalized license plate issuance and renewal fees. See “OTHER REGISTRATION-RELATED FEES.”

All Program Income shall be collected by the Trustee, or the Department of Transportation as agent of the Trustee, and deposited outside the State Treasury in an account with the Trustee defined as the **Redemption Fund**. Program Income is defined to include all the interest earned or gain realized from the investment of the Redemption Fund. The pledge remains effective until all Bonds and Notes issued under the General Resolution are fully paid in accordance with their terms.

The Notes and any other obligation to be issued on parity with the Notes, are also revenue obligations of the State payable from Program Income deposited into the Subordinated Debt Service Fund created by the General Resolution. The pledge of such Program Income to payment of the Notes is subordinate to the pledge of Program Income to payment of Bonds presently outstanding or hereafter issued.

Program Income Covenant

In the General Resolution, the State has covenanted that it will charge and cause to be deposited with the Trustee sufficient Program Income:

- To pay all principal of and interest on the Bonds as the same become due
- To maintain the Reserve Fund at its requirement
- To pay Program Expenses
- To make required deposits into the Subordinated Debt Service Fund
- To maintain the applicable requirements of such other funds and accounts specified under the General Resolution

All Program Income in excess of the amounts needed for such purposes is to be transferred to the Transportation Fund held by the Department of Transportation and becomes free of the lien of the pledge. DOT uses moneys in the Transportation Fund for many authorized purposes. See “SUMMARY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE GENERAL RESOLUTION”.

The Bonds are revenue obligations of the State payable solely out of the Redemption Fund. The State is not generally liable on the Bonds, and the Bonds are not a debt of the State for any purpose whatsoever.

The Notes are revenue obligations of the State payable solely out of the Subordinated Debt Service Fund. The State is not generally liable on the Notes, and the Notes are not a debt of the State for any purpose whatsoever.

The State pledges and agrees with the Bondholders and holders of Notes that the State will not limit or alter its powers to fulfill the terms of any agreements (made in the General Resolution, in the Bonds, or in the Notes) with the Bondholders and holders of Notes, or in any way impair the rights and remedies of the Bondholders and holders of Notes until the Bonds and Notes, together with interest, including interest on any unpaid installments of interest thereon, Redemption Price, and all costs and expenses in connection with any action or proceeding by or on behalf of the Bondholders and holders of Notes, are fully met and discharged.

Reserve Fund

The General Resolution creates a Reserve Fund and provides that it shall be used to make up any deficiency in the Redemption Fund for the payment of principal of and interest on the Outstanding Bonds. Each Series Resolution sets forth a Debt Service Reserve Requirement, if any, for that Series, and no representation is made as to the Debt Service Reserve Requirement that may be established upon the issuance of additional Series of Bonds. The specific Debt Service Reserve Requirements for all of the Outstanding Bonds are combined to determine the aggregate Debt Service Reserve Requirement for the Reserve Fund. If all of the Bonds of a Series cease to be Outstanding, then the aggregate Debt Service Reserve Requirement is reduced by the Debt Service Reserve Requirement attributable to that Series. It has been the State's practice not to reduce the funds in the Reserve Fund in conjunction with a reduction in the Debt Service Reserve Requirement. However, there is no assurance that the Reserve Fund will be maintained at any amount in excess of the aggregate Debt Service Reserve Requirement.

In the past, it was generally the practice of the State to fund the Reserve Fund at an amount equal to the maximum annual interest due on the-then Outstanding Bonds (fiscal year basis). This past practice generally resulted in a Debt Service Reserve Requirement being established at the time of issuance for each Series of Bonds to reflect the incremental increase in the maximum annual interest due on the-then Outstanding Bonds. In determining the maximum annual interest, the State subtracts any accrued interest or other amounts irrevocably deposited with the Trustee to be used for payment of interest.

Currently, the Reserve Fund is funded in the amount of \$60,476,500. With the issuance of the 2005 Series B Bonds, the State changed its past practice, maintained the Reserve Fund at its-then current level, and did not establish a Debt Service Reserve Requirement to reflect the incremental increase in the maximum annual interest on the-then Outstanding Bonds. As in the past, the State will make future decisions about the Debt Service Reserve Requirement and any change in the amount of Reserve Fund in connection with the issuance of additional Bonds on a case-by-base basis.

If there is a deficiency in the Reserve Fund, the Trustee shall, after setting aside in the Principal and Interest Account the applicable amounts required to be deposited therein, deposit Program Income into the Reserve Fund in an amount sufficient to remedy such deficiency.

The General Resolution provides that in lieu of a deposit to the Reserve Fund of an amount equal to the Debt Service Reserve Requirement, the State may provide for a letter of credit, municipal bond insurance policy, surety bond, or other type of agreement or arrangement with an entity having, at the time of entering into such agreement or arrangement, a credit rating equal to or greater than the Bonds which provides for the availability, at the times required pursuant to the provisions of any Series Resolution, of an amount at least equal to such Debt Service Reserve Requirement and such method of funding shall be deemed to satisfy all provisions of the Series Resolution with respect to the Debt Service Reserve Requirement and the amount required to be on deposit in the Reserve Fund with respect to such Series.

Since 1993, the State has funded the Reserve Fund, in part, with an irrevocable surety bond (**Surety Bond**) issued by Ambac Assurance Corporation (**Ambac Assurance**). The Surety Bond is currently in the amount of \$51,258,600 and is noncancelable until it expires on the earlier of July 1, 2023 or when all Bonds are paid-in-full. The Surety Bond is an asset of the Reserve Fund and represents nearly 85% of the Reserve Fund balance. The remaining balance in the Reserve Fund, which is \$9,217,900, was initially funded with proceeds of the 2003 Bonds and is currently invested in Investment Obligations.

Surety Bond

The Surety Bond provides that Ambac Assurance will promptly deposit funds with the Trustee sufficient to enable the Trustee to make a payment due on the Bonds, but in no event exceeding the amount of Surety Bond, upon the later of:

- One day after receipt by Ambac Assurance of a demand for payment executed by the Trustee certifying that provision for the payment of principal of or interest on the Bonds when due has not been made, or
- The interest payment date specified in the Demand for Payment submitted to Ambac Assurance.

Pursuant to the terms of the Surety Bond, the amount of the Surety Bond is automatically reduced to the extent of each payment made by Ambac Assurance under the terms of the Surety Bond and the State is required to reimburse Ambac Assurance for any draws under the Surety Bond with interest at a market rate. Upon such reimbursement, the Surety Bond is reinstated to the extent of each principal reimbursement up to but not exceeding the-then amount of the Surety Bond. The reimbursement obligation of the State is subordinate to the State's obligations with respect to the Bonds.

In the event the amount on deposit, or credited to the Reserve Fund, exceeds the amount of the Surety Bond, any draw on the Surety Bond shall be made only after all the funds in the Reserve Fund have been expended. In the event that the amount on deposit in, or credited to, the Reserve Fund, in addition to the amount available under the Surety Bond, includes amounts available under a letter of credit, insurance policy, surety bond, or other such additional funding instrument, draws on the Surety Bond and the additional funding instrument shall be made on a pro rata basis to fund the insufficiency.

The Surety Bond does not insure against nonpayment caused by the insolvency or negligence of the Trustee.

Ambac Assurance

Ambac Assurance Corporation (**Ambac Assurance**) is a Wisconsin-domiciled stock insurance corporation regulated by the Office of the Commissioner of Insurance of the State of Wisconsin and licensed to do business in 50 states, the District of Columbia, the Territory of Guam, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands, with admitted assets of approximately \$8,645,000,000 (unaudited) and statutory capital of approximately \$5,403,000,000 (unaudited) as of September 30, 2005. Statutory capital consists of Ambac Assurance's policyholders' surplus and statutory contingency reserve. Standard & Poor's Credit Markets Services, a Division of The McGraw-Hill Companies, Moody's Investors Service and Fitch Ratings have each assigned a triple-A financial strength rating to Ambac Assurance.

Ambac Assurance has obtained a ruling from the Internal Revenue Service to the effect that the insuring of an obligation by Ambac Assurance will not affect the treatment for federal income tax purposes of interest on such obligation and that insurance proceeds representing maturing interest paid by Ambac Assurance under policy provisions substantially identical to those contained in its municipal bond insurance policy shall be treated for federal income tax purposes in the same manner as if such payments were made by the issuer.

Ambac Assurance makes no representation regarding the Bonds or the advisability of investing in the Bonds and makes no representation regarding, nor has it participated in the preparation of, the Annual Report other than the information supplied by Ambac Assurance and presented under the headings "*Surety Bond*" and "*Ambac Assurance*".

The parent company of Ambac Assurance, Ambac Financial Group, Inc., is subject to the informational requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and in accordance therewith files reports, proxy statements and other information with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). These reports, proxy statements, and other information can be read and copied at the SEC's public reference room at 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20549. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information on the public reference room. In addition, the aforementioned material may also be inspected at the offices of the New York Stock Exchange, Inc. at 20 Broad Street, New York, New York 10005.

Copies of Ambac Assurance's financial statements prepared in accordance with statutory accounting standards are available from Ambac Assurance. The address of Ambac Assurance's administrative offices and its telephone number are One State Street Plaza, 19th Floor, New York, New York 10004 and (212) 668-0340.

Additional Bonds

The General Resolution authorizes the issuance of additional Bonds for the purpose of paying the costs of Projects and refunding Outstanding Bonds. Except in the case of additional Bonds being issued to refund Outstanding Bonds, the additional Bonds may be issued only if Program Income for any 12 consecutive calendar months of the preceding 18 calendar months was at least equal to 2.25 times the maximum aggregate Principal and Interest Requirement in any Bond Year for all Outstanding Bonds. The General Resolution defines Outstanding Bonds, as of any particular date, as all Bonds theretofore and thereupon being delivered except:

- Any Bond canceled by the Trustee, or proven to the satisfaction of the Trustee to have been canceled by the Registrar
- Any Bond deemed to have been defeased pursuant to the General Resolution
- Any Bond in lieu of or in substitution for which another Bond shall have been delivered pursuant to the requirements of the General Resolution or any Series Resolution

In addition, upon the issuance of such additional Bonds the amount on deposit in the Reserve Fund must at least equal the Debt Service Reserve Requirement. See "**SUMMARY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE GENERAL RESOLUTION; Additional Bonds**".

Forecasted Debt Service Coverage

Table V-2 shows the forecasted coverage of annual debt service on the Outstanding Bonds, based on the Department of Transportation's estimated total Program Income for 2006-2015, which includes Registration Fees and certain Other Registration-Related Fees for 2006-2015. See "**REGISTRATION FEES; Estimated Future Registration Fees**" and "**OTHER REGISTRATION-RELATED FEES**". There can be no assurance that the following estimates will be realized in the amounts shown. The annual debt service amounts in Table V-2 include an assumed Bond issue for approximately \$114 million that would fund the outstanding Notes. Table V-3 provides the expected amortization of the Notes.

Table V-2
Debt Service on Outstanding Transportation Revenue Bonds and
Estimated Revenue Coverage

Maturity (July 1)	Total Debt Service^{(a)(b)}	Estimated Registration Fees (Millions)^(c)	Estimated Certain Other Registration- Related Fees (Millions)^{(c)(d)}	Estimated Total Program Income (Millions)^(e)	Estimated Coverage Ratio^(e)
2006	\$149,274,159	\$394.00	\$60.87	\$454.87	3.05
2007	160,715,629	400.21	64.42	464.63	2.89
2008	155,537,574	419.25	64.42	483.67	3.11
2009	150,650,499	426.23	64.42	490.65	3.26
2010	139,129,764	446.25	64.42	510.67	3.67
2011	139,208,615	454.22	64.42	518.64	3.73
2012	136,800,196	475.14	64.42	539.56	3.94
2013	137,143,689	484.20	64.42	548.62	4.00
2014	136,879,911	506.35	64.42	570.77	4.17
2015	128,964,986	518.82	64.42	583.24	4.52
2016	120,661,643				
2017	111,376,405				
2018	107,962,405				
2019	98,972,098				
2020	90,897,129				
2021	91,013,244				
2022	74,831,273				
2023	53,815,683				
2024	37,822,195				
2025	17,776,545				
	\$2,365,319,988				

- (a) Debt service amounts are reduced to reflect accrued interest and purchase premium that, pursuant to the General Resolution, are irrevocably deposited into the Interest Account and used to make interest payments due on the Bonds.
- (b) Includes debt service for assumed \$114 million bond issue that could be issued to fund currently outstanding transportation revenue commercial paper notes. This assumed \$114 million bond issue is amortized with level debt service payments until 2018 using an interest rate of 5.00% per annum. Also includes, for prior bond issues, accrued interest and
- (c) Excludes interest earnings.
- (d) Reflects increases in title fees and duplicate title fees that are effective October 1, 2005
- (e) Assumes that no additional bonds will be issued and continuation of current Registration Fees and certain Other Registration-Related Fees. Estimates of Program Income and coverage beyond 2015 are not available.

**Table V-3
Amortization Schedule
Transportation Revenue Commercial Paper Notes
Issued to December 15, 2005**

Year Ending July 1	Principal
2006	\$6,425,000
2007	6,760,000
2008	7,120,000
2009	7,500,000
2010	7,905,000
2011	8,345,000
2012	8,810,000
2013	9,310,000
2014	9,840,000
2015	10,410,000
2016	11,010,000
2017	11,655,000
2018	8,803,000
	\$113,893,000

The Department of Transportation will monitor Registration Fee and Other Registration-Related Fee revenues as they relate to scheduled debt service payments on the Bonds and payments on the Notes and recommend appropriate adjustments in Registration Fees or Other Registration-Related Fees to the Governor and the Legislature. The State has covenanted in the General Resolution that as long as Bonds and Notes are Outstanding it will charge and cause to be deposited with the Trustee sufficient Program Income, including Registration Fees and Other Registration-Related Fees, to pay principal and interest on such Bonds, as the same become due, to maintain the Reserve Fund at the Debt Service Reserve Requirement, to pay Program Expenses, and to make payments into the Subordinated Debt Service Fund.

Neither the State's independent auditors nor any other independent accountants have compiled, examined, or performed any procedures with respect to the prospective financial information shown above, nor have they expressed any opinion or any other form of assurance on such information or its achievability and assume no responsibility for and disclaim any association with the prospective financial information.

REGISTRATION FEES

Current Fees and Registered Vehicles

Registration Fees as enumerated under Section 341.25 Wisconsin Statutes, are highway user fees collected by the Department of Transportation from owners of most motor vehicles. Table V-4 summarizes the current types of major Registration Fees.

Table V-4
Current Registration Fees
(Section 341.25, Wisconsin Statutes)

Vehicle	Annual Fee
Automobile	\$55
Trucks	Weight-based fee ranging from \$48.50 to \$1,969.50.
Bus	Fee equal to the fee for a truck of the same weight.
Trailer 12,000 lbs. and under	Fee equal to one-half of the fee for a truck of the same weight.
Trailer over 12,000 lbs.	Fee equal to the fee for a truck of the same weight.
Motor Homes	Weight-based fee ranging from \$48.50 to \$119.50.
Mobile Homes and Camping Trailers	\$15
Motorcycle/Moped	\$23 biennial fee.

Source: Department of Transportation

Table V-5 summarizes the number of motor vehicle registrations in the State, subject to Registration Fees under Section 341.25, Wisconsin Statutes, for the past ten years.

Table V-5
Motor Vehicle Registrations^(a)
1996 to 2005
(Millions of Vehicles)

Fiscal Year (June 30)	Automobiles ^(b)	Trucks ^(c)	Other Vehicles ^(d)	Total	% Change
1996	2.89	0.80	.57	4.26	—
1997	2.90	0.83	.61	4.34	1.88%
1998	3.01	0.89	.61	4.51	3.92
1999	3.03	0.92	.66	4.61	2.22
2000	3.10	0.96	.64	4.70	1.95
2001	3.17	1.00	.69	4.86	3.40
2002	3.22	1.03	.70	4.95	1.85
2003	3.29	1.05	.75	5.09	2.83
2004	3.32	1.08	.77	5.17	1.57
2005	3.36	1.11	.85	5.32	2.90

(a) In Fiscal Year 2005, the methodology for reporting vehicle registrations was changed from vehicle frame-based to vehicle registration-type. All of the information in this table reflects the use of the new vehicle registration-type methodology.

(b) "Automobiles" include autos, minivans, and sport utility vehicles.

(c) "Trucks" includes trucks and other vehicles that pay Registration Fees based on the vehicle's gross weight.

(d) "Other Vehicles" include mobile homes, motorcycles, mopeds, buses, and several other vehicle types.

Source: Department of Transportation

Table V-6 summarizes the total amount of Registration Fee revenues, under Section 341.25, Wisconsin Statutes, for the past ten years.

Table V-6
Registration Fee Revenues
1996 to 2005
(Amounts in Millions)

Fiscal Year (June 30)	Non-IRP Fees	Pledged IRP Fees	Total	% Change
1996	\$205.4	\$43.3	\$248.7	—
1997	207.4	46.8	254.2	2.2%
1998	232.4	48.2	280.6	10.4
1999	244.6	49.9	294.5	4.9
2000	255.7	55.1	310.8	5.5
2001	258.4	55.5	313.9	1.0
2002	267.9	55.8	323.7	3.1
2003	267.3	53.0	320.3	(1.1)
2004	302.1 ^(a)	48.5	350.6	9.5
2005	314.4	49.6	364.0	3.8

^(a) The increase in Fiscal Year 2004 Non-IRP fees reflect the \$10 increase in registration fees for automobiles that went into effect on October 1, 2003.

Source: Department of Transportation

Interstate truck registration revenues are collected through the International Registration Plan (IRP) and is a component of Registration Fees. Wisconsin is one of 48 states and ten Canadian provinces that participate in the IRP, which is a multi-state compact for the collecting and sharing of large truck registration fees. Under the IRP, the registration fees on trucks involved in multi-state commercial activity are split between the participating states on the basis of proportionate mileage.

The total amount of Registration Fee revenues for fiscal year 2005 are generated from three broad categories of vehicles:

- (1) 50.7% of total revenues generated from registration of passenger vehicles (automobiles, mini-van, conversion vans, and sport-utility vehicles).
- (2) 14.6% of total revenues generated from registration of small trucks (8,000 pounds or less gross weight).
- (3) 34.7% of total revenues generated from registration of large trucks (over 8,000 pounds gross weight plus IRP vehicles).

In recent biennial budgets, the Legislature authorized a number of actions that increased the level of Registration Fees.

First, the 2003-05 biennial budget increased the Registration Fees for automobiles from \$45 to \$55, effective October 1, 2003.

Second, the 1999-2001 biennial budget changed the Registration Fees for certain vehicles:

- Decrease Registration Fees for camping trailers 3,000 pounds or more to \$15.
- Exempt manufactured homes, also called mobile homes, over 45 feet from vehicle registrations (effective October 29, 1999).
- \$10 fee for late registration using the telephone automation program for heavy vehicle registration (effective January 1, 2000).

Finally, the 1997–99 biennial budget increased the Registration Fees for most motor vehicles effective December 1, 1997. Registration Fee increases authorized in that budget include:

- \$5 increase in the automobile fee
- Increase in truck Registration Fees ranging from \$3.50 to \$119.50
- Increase in the motor home Registration Fees ranging from \$3.50 to \$8.50
- \$3 increase in the biennial motorcycle/moped fee (effective May 1, 1998)
- \$10 fee for late registrations (effective October 1, 1998)

Table V-6 reflects the steady rate of growth that has occurred in non-IRP Registration Fee revenues over the past ten years. In Fiscal Years 1998 and 2004, the percentage change reflects an increase in Registration Fees required in that respective biennial budget.

Estimated Future Registration Fees

Future Registration Fee revenues depend on the size of the vehicle fleet in subsequent years and the level of fees imposed on the various vehicle types. The methodology for Registration Fee revenue projections consists of two components:

- Projection of registration by vehicle type by an econometric model developed by DOT, which relates the size of the vehicle fleet to anticipated changes in certain key economic variables
- Application of the relevant registration fee to the projection of registered vehicle type

The Department of Transportation’s model has two distinct components:

- Anticipated changes in the size of the State’s automobile fleet
- Anticipated changes in the size of the State’s truck fleet

The econometric model relates the size of the automobile fleet and truck fleet to the disposable income in the State, the relative price of new autos, the level of unemployment, the size of the driving age population, historical rates of vehicle scrappage, and a measure of consumer confidence. The long-range economic data used in the model are based on the projections published by Global Insight, Inc., as well as the State of Wisconsin Department of Revenue.

Table V-7 summarizes projected Registration Fee revenues pursuant to Section 341.25, Wisconsin Statutes, for the next ten years. The projections assume normal growth but no increase in the level of Registration Fees.

Table V-7
Projected Registration Fee Revenues
2006 to 2015

Fiscal Year	Revenues^(a) (Amounts in Millions)	% Change
2006	\$394.0	—
2007	400.2	1.6%
2008	419.3	4.8
2009	426.3	1.7
2010	446.3	4.7
2011	454.2	1.8
2012	475.1	4.6
2013	484.2	1.9
2014	506.4	4.6
2015	518.8	2.5

^(a) Includes both IRP and non-IRP Registration Fees pursuant to Section 341.25, Wisconsin Statutes. Does not include Other Registration-Related Fees that are addressed later in this Part V of the Annual Report.

Source: Department of Transportation

Neither the State's independent auditors nor any other independent accountants have compiled, examined, or performed any procedures with respect to the prospective financial information shown above, nor have they expressed any opinion or any other form of assurance on such information or its achievability and assume no responsibility for and disclaim any association with the prospective financial information.

Registration Fee Collection Procedures

Registration Fees are collected throughout the fiscal year. In order to smooth out the Department of Transportation's vehicle registration workload, it has staggered vehicle registrations throughout the year. As a result, in Fiscal Year 2005, the flow of quarterly collections of annual Registration Fee revenues ranged from a low of 22.5% to a high of 29.5%. Any future adjustment of Registration Fees may change the monthly distribution of Registration Fees collected.

Pursuant to an agreement between the Department of Transportation and the Trustee, the department is the agent of the Trustee with respect to the collection of Registration Fees. The Registration Fees are collected in a number of ways:

- By mail to a lock-box system operated by U.S. Bank, National Association (**Bank**)
- Over the counter in field registration stations
- By mail to the Department of Transportation's Central office in Madison (**Central Office**)
- Via telephone charge card renewal system
- At vehicle emission testing stations
- By State auto, light truck, and motorcycle dealers
- Via internet charge card renewal system
- By financial institutions
- By private financial service centers

- By grocery stores and convenience stores
- By law enforcement agencies
- By County Clerk offices

Regardless of the method of collection, all Registration Fees are initially deposited with the Trustee for deposit in the Redemption Fund.

The principal method of collecting non-IRP Registration Fees is registration renewals by mail, which are sent directly to the Bank operating the lock-box system as agent for the Trustee. Under this lock-box system the vehicle owner mails the renewals to the Bank. The renewal includes a check payable to "Registration Fee Trust" and an enclosure with relevant registration information on it. The Bank is to deposit its receipts of Registration Fees daily with the Trustee for deposit in the Redemption Fund.

Over-the-counter collections take place in 28 Division of Motor Vehicle Customer Service Centers (DMV CSC) throughout the State. These DMV CSCs collect Registration Fees on behalf of the Trustee, as well as driver license fees, title fees, lien fees, salesman's license fees, permit fees, disabled identification card fees, and various other Department of Transportation charges. The Department of Transportation's financial system is a transaction-based computer system with the field stations linked to the DOT's Central Office by terminal. All transactions are summarized daily and reported to the Central Office. The DMV CSCs deposit their collections in an account in the Trustee's name for deposit in the Redemption Fund.

Collections at the Department of Transportation's Central Office differ from DMV CSC collections in that it is primarily IRP payments and mail applications that are processed. IRP payments consist of checks submitted by individual truck operators, as well as checks generated by other states transmitting IRP payments to the State. Mail applications handled through the Central Office are primarily associated with the registration of vehicles that involve the transfer of ownership. All checks and cash collected through the Central Office are delivered to the Trustee for deposit in the Redemption Fund.

Telephone charge card renewal is a system available to motorists who prefer to charge their vehicle registration renewals. Under this system, motorists can renew their registrations through a touch-tone phone. The Department of Transportation has contracted with a vendor to handle the voice response equipment and transmission of data. The vendor transfers all monies collected daily, from these transactions, through a wire transfer to the Trustee for deposit in the Redemption Fund. The vendor retains a service fee charged to registrants who use this option.

The Department of Transportation has a contract with a vehicle emission contractor to collect Registration Fees at emission testing stations. A registrant may chose to renew their registrations at a testing station. Under this method, the emission testing station is treated like a field registration station with direct connection to the Central Office's terminal. All twelve emission inspection locations provide registration renewal service. The vendor retains a service fee charged to registrants who use this option.

The Department of Transportation also has a series of contracts with car, light truck, and motorcycle dealers to process vehicle title and registration and transmit such information electronically to it through an interface managed by a third-party vendor. The contracts provide an electronic interface between the Department of Transportation and the dealer's data processing systems. The dealer collects registration and other fees that are electronically transferred daily from their bank accounts to the Department of Transportation by the third-party vendor. The vendor retains a service fee charged to registrants who use this option.

Internet charge card renewal is a system available to motorists who prefer to charge their vehicle registration renewals. Under this system, motorists can renew their registrations through the Internet. The Department of Transportation has contracted with a vendor to handle the interfaces and transmission of data. The vendor transfers all monies collected from these transactions daily, through a wire transfer to the Trustee for deposit in the Redemption Fund. The vendor retains a service fee charged to registrants who use this option.

The Department of Transportation has contracts with financial institutions to process titles and registrations and transmit the information through an electronic interface, provided by a separate vendor, to itself and a financial institution. The financial institution collects registration and other fees that are electronically transferred daily from the financial institution to the Trustee for deposit into the Redemption Fund. The vendor retains a service fee charged to registrants who use this option.

Registrants may renew vehicle registrations at private financial service centers. The Department of Transportation has contracted with a separate vendor to handle the electronic interface and transmission of data. The financial service centers collect Registration Fees that are electronically transferred daily from the center to the Trustee for deposit into the Redemption Fund. The vendor retains a service fee charged to registrants who use this option.

Registrants may also renew vehicle registration at participating grocery and convenience stores, law enforcement agencies, and County Clerk offices. The Department of Transportation has contracted with a separate vendor to handle the electronic interface and transmission of data. The grocery and convenience stores, law enforcement agencies, and County Clerk offices collect Registration Fees that are electronically transferred daily from the participating agent to the Trustee for deposit into the Redemption Fund. The vendor retains a service fee charged to registrants who use this option.

OTHER REGISTRATION-RELATED FEES

General

Pursuant to provisions of 2003 Wisconsin Act 33 and the supplement to the General Resolution, adopted by the Commission on October 15, 2003, Other Registration-Related Fees have been pledged as Program Income. While all Other Registration-Related Fees are Program Income, many types of the Other Registration-Related Fees result in insignificant or sporadic annual revenues. As a result, the State has requested ratings based on, and is currently providing continuing disclosure on some, but not all, Other Registration-Related Fees. These specific Other Registration-Related Fees include vehicle title transaction fees, registration and title counter service fees, and personalized license plate issuance and renewal fees.

Vehicle Title Transaction Fees

The Wisconsin Statutes require all motor vehicles and trailers exceeding 3,000 pounds to be titled. Titling occurs prior to vehicle registration and the resulting Certificate of Title is evidence of vehicle ownership. The Department of Transportation issues a title when ownership of the vehicle has been confirmed. This occurs when a vehicle is purchased from a dealer, or when vehicles are transferred between individuals in a non-dealer sale. Titling occurs only when vehicle ownership changes and is not an annual reoccurring fee.

The Certificate of Title document is issued on secured paper stock and contains the following information: name and address of owner, description of vehicle (make, year, color, vehicle type, and vehicle identification number), name of the secured party or lien holder, odometer reading information, and other required information.

The title fees are enumerated in Section 342.14, Wisconsin Statutes. Effective October 1, 2005, the State title fee was increased from \$35 to \$45. The title fee is comprised of three components; \$28.50 title fee, \$7.50 supplemental title fee, and \$9 environmental impact fee. The \$45 title fee is paid by the owner when filing an application for first Certificate of Title, and by the buyer when filing an application for Certificate of Title after transfer of ownership of the vehicle. The titling fees are paid to the Department of Transportation at the same time the vehicle is registered. Effective October 1, 2005, the replacement, or duplicate, title fee was increased from \$8 to \$20. Replacement titles are issued for lost, stolen, or mutilated titles.

Only the \$28.50 title fee and the \$7.50 supplemental title fee are included in the definition of Program Income. The environmental impact fee is collected for the Department of Natural Resources (DNR) and funds collected are transferred to DNR each month. The environmental impact fee is scheduled to sunset on December 31, 2007.

From fiscal year 1999 to 2004, the Department of Transportation issued approximately 1.5 million titles each year, whereby a title fee was collected. In fiscal year 2005, the Department of Transportation issued 1.4 million titles.

Registration and Title Counter Service Fees

Customers have the option of processing their vehicle titling and registration transactions by mail or in person at a DMV CSC. If the transaction is processed at the DMV CSC, the customer is charged an additional fee for that service. The additional fee is intended to recover some of the cost of providing face-to-face service. Before the customer receives the various products, the counter fee, and titling and/or vehicle Registration Fees are collected.

The counter fee is enumerated in Section 341.255, Wisconsin Statutes. For transactions that renew a vehicle registration, the counter fee is \$3, however a \$5 counter fee is charged for transactions relating to the issuance of a Certificate of Title, issuance of temporary license plates, issuance of temporary or permanent parking permits for disabled persons, transactions involving both titling and registration for the same vehicle, or transactions relating to only vehicle registration (but not renewals).

The average volume of registration renewals for calendar years 1999 to 2003 was 471,900 transactions at the DMV CSCs. The calendar year 2004 volume at the CSC for renewals was 471,500. The average volume of titling, temporary plates, hang tags, and registrations for calendar years 1999 to 2003 was 769,400 transactions at the DMV CSCs. The calendar year 2004 volume at the DMV CSCs for titling, temporary plates, hang tags, and registrations was 785,300.

Personalized License Plate Fees

Personalized license plates are license plates whereby the registration number is composed of a maximum set of numbers or letters or both specifically requested by the customer. The personalized license plate is only available for certain vehicle types: automobiles, motorcycles, motor homes, motor trucks with a gross weight of no more than 8,000 pounds, and farm trucks with a gross weight of no more than 12,000 pounds.

During the initial vehicle registration process or any time a registrant desires to change a license plate message, an applicant must complete and return to the Department of Transportation a special application form specifying the desired personalized message and provide two alternate messages. Subject to approval by the Department of Transportation, the customized license plate is then manufactured and sent to the customer.

The personalized license plate fee is enumerated in Section 341.145, Wisconsin Statutes. The \$15 annual fee must be submitted with the application and is also due annually at the time of

vehicle registration renewals. This fee is in addition to the regular Registration Fees. For motorcycles and farm trucks that receive biennial license plates, the personalized license plate fee is also \$15 a year, due with the initial application. The fee to maintain a personalized plate issued on a biennial basis is \$30, payable during registration renewal and is in addition to the regular biennial Registration Fee.

The average number of new requests for personalized license plates for calendar years 2000 to 2004 was 30,380. The average number of personalized license plates displayed on authorized vehicles during fiscal years 2000 to 2004 was 281,900. At the end of fiscal year 2005, the State had 272,500 authorized personalized license plates.

Other Miscellaneous Vehicle Registration-Related Fees

2005 Wisconsin Act 25 (budget bill for the 2005-07 biennium) had the effect of redirecting to the Veterans Trust Fund the \$15 special group license plate issuance and reissuance fee for only military group license plates. Such special group license plate issuance and reissuance fees were previously contained in statutory sections included in the definition of Program Income and such fees are further included in the portion of Other Registration-Related Fees that the State is not including for purposes of rating and continuing disclosure. This amount of this transfer to the Veterans Trust Fund is estimated to be approximately \$307,000 for the 2005-07 biennium.

History and Estimated Other Registration-Related Fees

Table V-8 provides further information on the amount of Other Registration-Related Fees described above in “**OTHER REGISTRATION-RELATED FEES; General**”. These amounts include actual collections for the past eight years and projections for the upcoming ten years. While the Other Registration-Related Fees include many types of fees that are enumerated in the Wisconsin Statutes, and all are Program Income, the certain Other Registration-Related Fees outlined by the box in Table V-8 are those fees for which the State is currently requesting ratings and providing continuing disclosure. See **Table V-2** for the total of Registration Fees and the Other Registration-Related Fees being used for ratings and continuing disclosure.

**Table V-8
Other Registration-Related Fees
1998 to 2015**

Fiscal Year (June 30)	Counter Service Fees and Personalized License Plates			Other Miscellaneous Vehicle Registration-Related Fees	Total Registration-Related Fees
	Title Transaction Fees ⁽¹⁾		Subtotal		
1998	\$ 16,206,906	\$ 9,196,061	\$ 25,402,967	\$ 14,005,494	\$ 39,408,461
1999	24,315,238	9,847,987	34,163,225	13,824,114	47,987,339
2000	24,977,188	10,227,975	35,205,163	17,872,550	53,077,713
2001	24,115,343	10,006,286	34,121,629	15,074,978	49,196,607
2002	24,904,447	10,383,485	35,287,932	18,249,990	53,537,922
2003	25,088,025	10,315,603	35,403,628	15,736,973	51,140,601
2004	35,178,866	10,394,684	45,573,550	19,833,030	65,406,580
2005	37,703,381	9,080,116	46,783,497	11,249,762	58,033,259
2006	50,735,200	10,139,600	60,874,800	9,622,700	70,497,500
2007	54,646,900	9,769,300	64,416,200	9,949,800	74,366,000
2008	54,646,900	9,769,300	64,416,200	10,039,200	74,455,400
2009	54,646,900	9,769,300	64,416,200	10,130,900	74,547,100
2010	54,646,900	9,769,300	64,416,200	10,227,300	74,643,500
2011	54,646,900	9,769,300	64,416,200	10,326,000	74,742,200
2012	54,646,900	9,769,300	64,416,200	10,428,000	74,844,200
2013	54,646,900	9,769,300	64,416,200	10,535,300	74,951,500
2014	54,646,900	9,769,300	64,416,200	10,647,000	75,063,200
2015	54,646,900	9,769,300	64,416,200	10,780,100	75,196,300

⁽¹⁾ Reflects effective date of October 1, 2003 for \$10 increase in title transaction fees and effective date of October 1, 2005 for additional \$10 increase in title transaction fees and \$12 increase in duplicate title fee.

Source: Department of Transportation.

Neither the State's independent auditors nor any other independent accountants have compiled, examined, or performed any procedures with respect to the prospective financial information shown above, nor have they expressed any opinion or any other form of assurance on such information or its achievability and assume no responsibility for and disclaim any association with the prospective financial information.

PROJECTS

Security on the Bonds or Notes is not dependent upon projects built with Bond or Note proceeds.

Bond and Note proceeds are used to finance a portion of major highway projects enumerated in the Wisconsin Statutes for construction. A major highway project is defined as a project which has a total cost of more than \$5 million and which involves one or more of the following:

- Constructing a new highway 2.5 miles or more in length
- Relocating 2.5 miles or more of an existing highway
- Adding one or more lanes, 5 miles or more to an existing highway
- Improving 10 miles or more of existing multi-lane divided highway to freeway standards

All state highway improvement projects, including authorized major highway projects, are scheduled in the Department of Transportation's six-year highway improvement program. The six-year program, updated on a biennial basis, serves as a basic tool for the Department of Transportation's long-term improvement plans and construction programs.

The Department of Transportation currently has statutory authority to issue a total of \$2.324 billion of obligations to finance a portion of such major highway projects. Construction of major highway projects uses moneys from the following sources:

- Bond or Note proceeds
- Federal aid
- Moneys in the Transportation Fund which may be appropriated for such purposes

The 84 major highway projects enumerated by statute for right-of-way acquisition and construction resulted in 87 major highway projects and certain transportation administrative facilities. Of the 87 major highway projects, the Department of Transportation has completed construction on 60 projects. The estimated cost of the remaining 27 major highway projects is at least \$2.356 billion in 2005 dollars.

Requests for additional information about the major highway projects funded or to be funded with proceeds of transportation revenue obligations may be directed as follows:

Contact: Wisconsin Department of Transportation
Attn: Office of Policy, Budget, and Finance
Phone: (608) 261-8628
Mail: 4802 Sheboygan Avenue
P.O. Box 7910
Madison, WI 53707-7910
E-mail: jay.schad@dot.state.wi.us
Web site: www.dot.wi.gov

VARIABLE RATE OBLIGATIONS

The State has issued, and there currently remains outstanding, transportation revenue commercial paper notes, or Notes.

General

The State has appointed, for the Notes, Lehman Brothers and Bear, Stearns & Co. Inc. to serve as **Dealers** and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas to serve as **Issuing and Paying Agent**. The Depository Trust Company (DTC) serves as **Depository** for the Notes.

The State has entered into a **Credit Agreement**, as amended, with the **Banks** — Westdeutsche Landesbank, acting through its New York Branch, and Bayerische Landesbank Girozentrale, acting through its New York Branch. This Credit Agreement provides a commitment (**Commitment**) that the Banks severally provide a line of credit for a stated amount of \$130 million for the payment of principal of and interest on the Notes (**Liquidity Facility**).

The State issued one series of Notes in the initial issue amount of nearly \$158 million, and \$114 million remain Outstanding.

The Commission may adopt additional Supplemental Resolutions authorizing the issuance of additional Notes.

Description of the Notes

Each Note will be dated the date it is issued. It will be issued as an interest-bearing obligation in a denomination of \$100,000 or increments of \$1,000 above \$100,000.

The Notes are not callable prior to maturity.

Each Note will mature from 1 to 270 days from its issue date. Also, no Note may be issued with a maturity date later than the expiration date of the Liquidity Facility.

Each Note will bear interest from its date of issuance, at the rate determined at the date of issuance, payable at maturity. Interest is computed on the basis of a year having 365 or 366 days and the actual number of days elapsed. Payment of each Note will be made to the Depository and then distributed by the Depository.

Liquidity Facility

The Credit Agreement, dated May 1, 2002, as amended, constituted a Substitute Liquidity Facility under the Program Resolution; the line of credit under this Credit Agreement replaced a previous standby letter of credit that provided both liquidity and support for the Notes.

Pursuant to the Credit Agreement, the Banks have severally and not jointly agreed, subject to certain conditions, to make **Advances** (as defined in the Credit Agreement) from time to time on any business day during the term of the Credit Agreement to fund the payment by the State of the principal of and interest on any Notes at the stated maturity thereof in accordance with the terms of the Credit Agreement and the Program Resolution.

The aggregate amount of all Advances made on any date may not exceed the amount of the Banks' commitment under the Credit Agreement (currently, in the amount of \$130 million), as such amount may be reduced from time to time pursuant to the terms of the Credit Agreement. The obligations of Westdeutsche Landesbank under the Credit Agreement may not at any time exceed \$87 million and the obligations of Bayerische Landesbank Girozentrale under the Credit Agreement may not at any time exceed \$43 million.

The Credit Agreement will terminate December 15, 2015, but may be extended as provided for in the Credit Agreement. The Credit Agreement includes provisions in which the Banks may terminate the commitment, with proper notice, prior to each annual anniversary date of the Credit Agreement.

The State's obligation to repay any Advances will be evidenced by the delivery to each Bank of one or more promissory notes (**Promissory Note**) in an aggregate principal amount equal to the amount of all Advances authorized under the Credit Agreement. The Promissory Note is payable solely from Program Income deposited into the Subordinated Debt Service Fund, as set forth in the Supplemental Resolution, and the Promissory Note ranks equally with the Notes.

The State is permitted to replace the Credit Agreement with another comparable agreement or agreements with any other liquidity facility provider provided that such substitution meets all required qualifications, including, but not limited to, written evidence from each rating agency which, at the request of the State, is then rating the Notes and which is then also rating the provider (or its guarantor) of the proposed substitute liquidity facility to the effect that the substitution of the Liquidity Facility will not by itself result in a withdrawal, suspension or reduction of its ratings of the Notes from those which then prevail. Any such substituted Liquidity Facility Agreement may have covenants, conditions to borrowing and other provisions different from those referred to above. The State will notify the Dealers of any change in the Liquidity Facility. The State will also notify each nationally recognized municipal securities information repository (**NRMSIR**) of any change in the Liquidity Facility.

Special Events of Default

Upon the occurrence of a Special Event of Default under the Credit Agreement, (i) the obligations of the Banks to make Advances under the Credit Agreement shall automatically and immediately terminate and the amount of the Banks' commitment under the Credit Agreement

shall be reduced to zero without notice or other action on the part of the Banks and (ii) all obligations owing by the State to the Banks under the Credit Agreement shall immediately become due and payable.

Suspension Events

Upon the occurrence and during the continuance of an event that would upon the passage of time or giving of notice, or both, become an event of default, the obligations of the Banks to make Advances under the Credit Agreement shall be suspended until the proceeding referred to therein is terminated prior to the court entering an order granting the relief sought in such proceeding. In the event such proceeding is terminated, the obligations of the Banks to make Advances under the Credit Agreement shall be reinstated and the terms of the Credit Agreement will continue in full force and effect (unless the obligations of the Banks to make Advances under the Credit Agreement shall have otherwise terminated in accordance with the terms of the Credit Agreement or there has occurred a Special Event of Default) as if there had been no such suspension.

Events of Default

Upon the occurrence of certain events of default specified in the Credit Agreement, the Banks may terminate the right of the State to issue Notes and/or all obligations owing by the State to the Banks under the Credit Agreement shall immediately become due and payable. Any such termination, however, would not affect the obligations of the Banks under the Credit Agreement to honor demands for payment by the Issuing and Paying Agent with respect to Notes outstanding immediately prior to such termination.

Description of the Banks

The following information has been provided by the Banks and the State is not responsible for this information.

Westdeutsche Landesbank

Westdeutsche Landesbank, or **West LB AG** is a joint stock company. Pursuant to a special law of the Federal State of North Rhine-Westphalia (**Restructuring Law**), which became effective on August 1, 2002, Westdeutsche Landesbank Girozentrale's (**WestLB**) public legal form was changed into a joint stock company under German law (Article 1, Section 8 of the Restructuring Law). All branches, representative offices and foreign subsidiaries are maintained by WestLB AG.

The following table shows the ownership structure of WestLB AG as of the date hereof, after the following restructuring events: a EUR1.4 billion capital increase that became effective on September 30, 2004, the acquisition of direct ownership interest in WestLB AG by the Federal State of Northrhine-Westphalia (**Federal State of NRW**) and the Regional Association of Westphalia-Lippe and the Regional Association of the Rhineland (each a **Regional Association** and together the **Regional Associations**), and a marginal decrease in the ownership interests held by the Savings Banks and Giro Association of the Rhineland (**RSGV**) and the Savings Banks and Giro Association of Westphalia-Lippe (**WLSGV**) (together the **Sparkassen Associations**) which increased NRW.BANK's respective ownership stake:

NRW.BANK	38.114%
WLSGV	30.335
RSGV	30.335
Federal State of NRW	0.787
Regional Association of Rhineland	0.214
Regional Association of Westphalia-Lippe	0.214

Under the laws of the Federal Republic of Germany and the Federal State of NRW, the owners of NRW.BANK, namely the Federal State of NRW, the Regional Associations and the Sparkassen Associations (**Owners**) are jointly and severally liable (the “*Gewährträgerhaftung*”) for the obligations of WestLB AG incurred on or before July 18, 2005. For those obligations of WestLB AG entered into between July 19, 2001 and July 18, 2005, this applies only if the maturity of such obligations does not extend beyond December 31, 2015.

The Owners’ *Gewährträgerhaftung* is a direct obligation of the Owners which can be enforced by the creditors of WestLB AG as soon as the Owners have stated in writing, when the obligations of WestLB AG become due, that the creditors of these obligations cannot be satisfied out of the assets of WestLB. A creditor will have a direct claim against the Owners if the claims of the creditors have not been first satisfied out of the assets of WestLB AG.

Under the Restructuring Law all obligations entered into by WestLB AG (including all obligations of WestLB AG, New York Branch) entered into on or after July 19, 2005 do no longer benefit from the Owners’ *Gewährträgerhaftung*.

The rating agencies have responded to these changes by distinguishing between (i) guaranteed obligations of WestLB AG that meet the stipulation provided in the Restructuring Law and (ii) un-guaranteed obligations that are entered into by WestLB AG starting July 19, 2005 by assigning the following ratings effective July 19, 2005:

<u>Agency</u>	<u>Guaranteed Long-Term Rating</u>	<u>Guaranteed Short-Term Rating</u>	<u>Un-Guaranteed Long-Term Rating</u>	<u>Un-Guaranteed Short-Term Rating</u>
Moody’s	Aa2	P-1	A1	P1
S&P	AA-	A-1+	A-	A-2

As of March 31, 2005, the WestLB AG Group had total assets of approximately EUR 276.4 billion.

The New York Branch of WestLB AG (**WestLB AG New York**) is licensed and subject to supervision and regulation by the Superintendent of Banks of the State of New York. WestLB AG New York is examined by the New York State Banking Department and is subject to banking laws and regulations applicable to a foreign bank that operates a New York branch. In addition, WestLB AG and WestLB AG New York are subject to the International Banking Act of 1978 (the “IBA”) and WestLB AG is subject to federal regulation under the IBA and the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956.

For financial reports and other information about WestLB AG, please contact WestLB AG, Investors Relations, Herzogstrasse 15, D- 40217 Duesseldorf.

Bayerische Landesbank

Bayerische Landesbank has nominal capital of €1,800 million, of which €1,692.5 million is paid up. Bayerische Landesbank is wholly owned by a holding company, BayernLB Holding AG, a stock corporation (*Aktiengesellschaft*), of which each of the Free State of Bavaria (**Bavaria**) and the Association of Bavarian Savings Banks (*Sparkassenverband Bayern*), the central organization of the Bavarian Savings Banks (**Association**), owns 50 % of the outstanding shares. In anticipation of the loss of State Guarantee Mechanisms BayernLB Holding AG has been entrusted under public law with the holding of Bayerische Landesbank as a public law institution (*beliehener Anstaltsträger*). Bavaria and the Association have announced that they will each retain at least 25.01 % of the shares of BayernLB Holding AG, if additional shareholders are added later. This structure enables third parties to acquire indirect minority interests in the

Bayerische Landesbank without changing the legal character of Bayerische Landesbank as a public law institution.

Bayerische Landesbank was established by statute in 1972 as the state bank of Bavaria and as the central institution for Bavarian municipalities and local public authorities and the Savings Banks. It also supports the Bavarian savings banks organized under public law (*Bayerische Sparkassen*, the **Savings Banks**) in the fulfilment of their public mandates.

Bayerische Landesbank provides its commercial and investment banking services to domestic and international customers, including other banks, governments, corporations, other organizations and individuals. As part of its public duties, Bayerische Landesbank also finances public and private development projects, administers public funds for federal and state subsidized credit programs and performs certain treasury functions for Bavaria.

To fund its business activities, Bayerische Landesbank raises money in the capital and money markets, borrows from banks and other lenders and uses its retained earnings and reserves. In 2004, Bayerische Landesbank raised €53.5 billion through the issuance of bonds and notes and through debt certificate borrowings.

Bayerische Landesbank is one of the larger banks in Germany in terms of total consolidated assets. The following table shows Bayerische Landesbank's unconsolidated and Group's consolidated assets. The following table shows Bayerische Landesbank's unconsolidated and the Group's consolidated total assets and equity capital at December 31 of each of the years indicated and net income for each of the years indicated:

	<u>Bayerische Landesbank</u>			<u>Group</u>		
	<u>Year Ended Dec. 31</u>			<u>Year Ended Dec. 31</u>		
	<u>2004</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>Change in %</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>Change in %</u>
	(€ in millions)			(€ in millions)		
Total Assets.....	\$285,583	\$272,772	4.70%	\$333,102	\$313,431	(6.28%)
Equity Capital ⁽¹⁾ ...	15,631	16,088	(2.85)	16,671	17,177	(2.95)
Net Income.....	63	63	0.00	98	79	24.05

(1) Including subordinated debt and non-subordinated accrued interest expense thereon.

Since October 1, 1981, Bayerische Landesbank's New York branch (**Branch**) has been licensed by the Comptroller of the Currency (**Comptroller**) pursuant to the International Banking Act of 1978, as amended. The Branch conducts an extensive banking business providing services to subsidiaries of large German corporations in North America and to United States and international companies. As of December 31, 2004, the assets of the Branch, together with the Bank's Grand Cayman branch and the New York International Banking Facility, amounted to approximately U. S. \$29.4 billion.

SUMMARY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE GENERAL RESOLUTION

The General Resolution contains various covenants and security provisions, certain of which are summarized below. In general, this Section does not summarize any provisions of the Series Resolutions. Reference should be made to the General Resolution for a full and complete statement of its provisions.

Resolution to Constitute Contract

The provisions of the General Resolution shall be a part of the contract of the State with the holders of Bonds and shall be deemed to be and shall constitute a contract among the State, the

Trustee and the holders from time to time of the Bonds and shall be for the equal benefit, protection and security of the holders of any and all of such Bonds.

Provisions for Issuance of Bonds

The General Resolution authorizes Bonds of a Series to be issued from time to time in accordance with the terms of the General Resolution without limitation as to amount except as provided by law. Bonds shall be issued pursuant to authorization by a Series Resolution containing the provisions specified by the General Resolution. Following issuance of the initial Series of Bonds, the Commission must determine that the additional obligations test set forth in the General Resolution is met prior to adopting any Series Resolution for other than refunding purposes. The Bonds of a Series may be authenticated and delivered only upon receipt by the Trustee of, among other things:

- (1) A Bond Counsel's opinion to the effect, among other things, that the Bonds of such Series have been duly and validly authorized and issued in accordance with the Wisconsin Constitution and the Wisconsin Statutes and in accordance with the General Resolution; and,
- (2) The proceeds of the Bonds of such Series to be deposited with the Trustee pursuant to the General Resolution.

Additional Bonds

Following the initial issuance of Bonds, the State will not create or permit the creation of, or issue any obligations or create any indebtedness which shall be secured by a superior or equal charge and lien on the Program Income, except that additional Series of Bonds may be issued from time to time subsequent to the issuance of the initial Series of Bonds on a parity with the Bonds of such initial Series of Bonds and secured by an equal charge and lien on the Program Income. However, no additional Series of Bonds shall be issued subsequent to the initial Series of Bonds unless:

- (1) The principal amount of the additional Bonds together with the principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds will not exceed in aggregate principal amount any limitation thereon imposed by law;
- (2) Except in the case of refunding Bonds, there shall be filed with the Trustee a Certificate of an Authorized Officer of the Commission and the Department of Transportation stating that Program Income, including interest earnings on amounts deposited in the Funds or Accounts held by the Trustee and available for debt service, for any twelve (12) consecutive calendar months of the preceding eighteen (18) calendar months, was equal to at least 2.25 times the maximum aggregate Principal Requirement and Interest Requirement for any Fiscal Year for all Outstanding Bonds (the General Resolution defines Outstanding Bonds to include the Bonds being issued upon the delivery of such Certificate);
- (3) Upon the issuance and delivery of the additional Bonds, the amount credited to the Reserve Fund shall be at least equal to the Debt Service Reserve Requirement immediately after issuance; and
- (4) All requirements with respect to adoption of Series Resolutions have been complied with.

Refunding Bonds

The State may issue refunding Bonds of one or more Series to refund any Outstanding Bonds of one or more Series whether by payment at maturity or by redemption. Refunding Bonds shall be

issued pursuant to and in accordance with the provisions of a Series Resolution authorizing such refunding Bonds.

Application of Bond Proceeds

The proceeds of sale of a Series of Bonds shall be deposited as follows:

- (1) To the Principal and Interest Account of the Redemption Fund, the amount of any accrued interest on the Series of Bonds to their date of delivery;
- (2) To the Principal and Interest Account of the Redemption Fund, the amount of any premium determined by the applicable Series Resolution, or specified in a certificate of an authorized officer of the Commission;
- (3) To the Principal and Interest Account of the Redemption Fund, the proceeds of any Series of refunding Bonds to the extent provided in the applicable Series Resolution;
- (4) To the Reserve Fund, the amount specified in the Series Resolution as necessary to establish or increase the amount set aside therein to the Debt Service Reserve Requirement;
- (5) To any other Fund or Account to the extent permitted by the Revenue Obligations Act provided for by Series Resolution; and
- (6) To the Program Capital Fund, the balance of the proceeds of any Series of Bonds, which shall be allocated:
 - (a) to the Capitalized Interest Account, the amount of capitalized interest, if any, determined by the applicable Series Resolution to be deposited; and
 - (b) to the Program Account, the balance of the proceeds of any Series of Bonds.

Establishment of Funds

All Program Income and other moneys or securities held by the Trustee pursuant to the General Resolution are revenues of the Trustee and are revenues outside of the State Treasury which shall be held in trust and applied only in accordance with the provisions of the General Resolution. The General Resolution establishes and creates the following trust funds that are to be held by the Trustee:

- (1) Program Capital Fund, which consists of a Capitalized Interest Account and a Program Account;
- (2) Redemption Fund, which consists of a Principal and Interest Account and a Program Income Account;
- (3) Reserve Fund; and
- (4) Program Expense Fund.

The General Resolution authorizes the creation of other Funds and Accounts for a particular Series of Bonds by the applicable Series Resolution.

Capitalized Interest Account

Amounts in the Capitalized Interest Account, if any, shall be transferred to the Principal and Interest Account of the Redemption Fund to be used for payment of capitalized interest on the Bonds in accordance with the schedule set forth in a Series Resolution or in a Certificate of an Authorized Officer of the Building Commission delivered to the Trustee. Amounts in the Capitalized Interest Account shall also be transferred to the Principal and Interest Account of the Redemption Fund for redemption of Bonds (1) upon receipt by the Trustee of a Certificate of an Authorized Officer of the Building Commission stating that such redemption is necessary for compliance with the covenants contained in the General Resolution concerning tax exemption of

the interest on certain of the Bonds, and (2) in accordance with the provisions of the terms of a Series Resolution with respect to the Series of Bonds authorized by such Series Resolution.

Program Account

Amounts in the Program Account shall be used solely for the following purposes:

- (1) Paying the Costs of Issuance;
- (2) Financing Projects in accordance with the Act and the General Resolution; and
- (3) Transfers to the Principal and Interest Account of the Redemption Fund to pay interest on the principal of or Redemption Price of Outstanding Bonds (a) upon receipt by the Trustee of a Certificate of an Authorized Officer of the Building Commission stating that such redemption is necessary for compliance with the covenants contained in the General Resolution concerning tax exemption of the interest on certain of the Bonds, (b) in accordance with the provisions of the terms of a Series Resolution, and (c) upon receipt by the Trustee of a Certificate of an Authorized Officer of the Building Commission stating that there are no further Projects to be funded from the Program Account.

Redemption Fund

There shall be deposited into the Principal and Interest Account of the Redemption Fund from the proceeds of the sale of the Bonds, immediately upon receipt thereof, an amount equal to the accrued interest and any premium (if so specified in a certificate of an authorized officer of the Commission) paid upon the sale of the Bonds and the proceeds of any Series of refunding Bonds. All Program Income shall be deposited promptly with the Trustee (or with national banking associations, state banks or trust companies acting as agents of the Trustee for transfer daily to the Trustee) and such amounts shall be deposited in the Program Income Account of the Redemption Fund. There shall also be deposited in the Program Income Account of the Redemption Fund any other amounts required or permitted to be deposited therein pursuant to the General Resolution.

The amounts deposited in the Principal and Interest Account of the Redemption Fund from the proceeds of a Series of Bonds representing accrued interest and any specified premium shall be set aside and applied to the payment of interest on the next succeeding Interest Payment Date and any additional Interest Payment Dates specified in the Series Resolution or a Certificate of an Authorized Officer of the Building Commission.

The amounts deposited in the Principal and Interest Account of the Redemption Fund from the proceeds of a Series of refunding Bonds shall be applied to the payment or redemption of Bonds as provided in the Series Resolution.

Commencing on the date of issuance of the Bonds and continuing each succeeding business day until the amounts required in (1) through (5) of this paragraph are deposited and thereafter on each Redemption Fund Deposit Day (the first day of January, April, July, and October), and continuing each succeeding business day until the amounts required in (1) through (5) of this paragraph are deposited, the Trustee shall immediately transfer aside from the amounts deposited in the Program Income Account, in the following order of priority:

- (1) To the Principal and Interest Account, after giving effect to:
 - (a) amounts to be available from accrued interest and in the Capitalized Interest Account, and
 - (b) any balance in the Principal and Interest Account on each Redemption Fund Deposit Day, and
 - (c) amounts transferred from the Reserve Fund, and

- (d) amounts transferred from the Program Expense Fund, an amount equal to the Interest Requirement with respect to Outstanding Bonds, and
- (2) To the Principal and Interest Account, after giving effect to any balance in the Principal and Interest Account in excess of the Interest Requirement an amount equal to the Principal Requirement on the Outstanding Bonds, and
- (3) To the Reserve Fund, an amount equal to any deficiency in the Reserve Fund, and
- (4) To the Program Expense Fund created in the General Resolution, an amount equal to any unfunded portion of the Program Expenses payable over the next three months according to the General Resolution, and
- (5) To the Subordinated Debt Service Fund created for the Notes, an amount equal to the Subordinated Debt Service Fund Requirement.

Immediately upon meeting the requirements set forth above, amounts in the Program Income Account of the Redemption Fund, including any interest earned thereon, in excess of the amounts required to be set aside above, shall be paid by the Trustee to the State Treasury for deposit into the Transportation Fund free and clear of the lien of the General Resolution in accordance with the Revenue Obligations Act and the Act.

To the extent not otherwise provided for in the Series Resolution applicable to any Series of Bonds, on the first day of each Fiscal Year and prior to any of the transfers by the Trustee that day specified above, all amounts in the Principal and Interest Account shall be paid by the Trustee to the State Treasury for deposit into the Transportation Fund free and clear of the lien of the General Resolution in accordance with the Revenue Obligations Act and the Act.

Payment of Bonds

The Trustee is required to pay to the Registrar and Paying Agent for the Bonds on or before each Interest Payment Date, (1) the amount equal to interest due on the Outstanding Bonds on such date, (2) the amount equal to the principal amount of Outstanding Bonds maturing on such date and (3) the amount equal to the Redemption Price of any Outstanding Bonds to be redeemed on such date, and in each such case, such amounts shall be applied by such Registrar and Paying Agent to such payments.

There shall be deposited in the Principal and Interest Account of the Redemption Fund any amounts which are required to be deposited therein pursuant to the General Resolution, a Series Resolution and any other amounts available therefore and determined by the State to be deposited therein for the purpose of redeeming Bonds. Subject to the provisions of the respective Series of Bonds and to the provisions of the respective resolutions authorizing the issuance thereof and authorizing the issuance of refunding Bonds, all amounts deposited in the Principal and Interest Account of the Redemption Fund in accordance with the provisions described in this paragraph shall be set aside and applied to the payment, purchase or redemption of Bonds.

Purchase of Bonds

Except as may be otherwise provided in connection with the issuance of refunding Bonds, at any time prior to the forty-fifth (45th) day upon which Bonds are to be paid or redeemed from the amounts described in the preceding paragraph, the Trustee may upon receipt of written instructions signed by an Authorized Officer of the Building Commission apply such amounts to the purchase of any of the Bonds which may be paid or redeemed by application of amounts on deposit in the Principal and Interest Account of the Redemption Fund. The Trustee shall purchase Bonds at such times, for such prices, in such amounts and in such manner as the Building Commission shall direct. The purchase price paid by the Trustee (excluding accrued interest but including any brokerage and other charges) for any Bond purchased shall not exceed

the principal amount of such Bond or the Redemption Price of such Bond on the next Redemption Date for such Bonds.

Program Expense Fund

On the first day of January, April, July, and October, the Trustee shall immediately transfer amounts on deposit in the Program Income Account to the Program Expense Fund for the purpose of paying Program Expenses for the succeeding three months as set forth in the annual budget prepared by the Department of Transportation, but only upon a Certificate of an Authorized Officer of the Department stating that the amounts are required and have been or will be expended for purposes for and to which the Program Expense Fund may be used and applied.

Reserve Fund

If on any Interest Payment Date, Principal Installment Date, or Redemption Date for the Bonds, the amount in the Principal and Interest Account of the Redemption Fund shall be less than the amount required for the payment of interest, principal or Redemption Price on Outstanding Bonds on such date, the Trustee shall apply assets in the Reserve Fund to the extent necessary to make good the deficiency.

In the event there is a deficiency in the Reserve Fund, it shall be made up from the Redemption Fund after both the Interest Requirement and the Principal Requirement with respect to Outstanding Bonds have been met. Monies flow to the Redemption Fund commencing on the date of issuance of a Series of Bonds or on a Redemption Fund Deposit Day, whichever is earlier.

On the first day of each Fiscal Year, income and earnings from Investment Obligations in the Reserve Fund shall be transferred to the Principal and Interest Account to the extent such transfer will not reduce the amount in the Reserve Fund below an amount equal to the Debt Service Reserve Requirement.

Investments and Deposits

Subject to instructions from time to time received from an Authorized Officer of the Building Commission and to the provisions of the General Resolution, moneys in any Fund or Account shall be continuously invested and reinvested or deposited and redeposited by the Trustee in the highest yield Investment Obligations that may be reasonably known to the Trustee to the extent the same are authorized by the applicable Series Resolution and at the time legal for investment of funds under the Act, the Revenue Obligations Act and other applicable law. Investments shall be made with a view toward maximizing yield (with proper preservation of principal) and minimizing the instances of uninvested funds.

Investment Obligations purchased as an investment of moneys in any Fund or Account held by the Trustee under the provisions of the General Resolution shall be deemed at all times to be part of such Fund or Account but the income or interest earned and gains realized from Investment Obligations held by the Reserve Fund and Program Expense Fund in excess of the requirements of said Funds shall be transferred to the Principal and Interest Account on the first day of each Fiscal Year.

The Trustee shall sell at the best price obtainable, or present for redemption or exchange, any Investment Obligations purchased by it pursuant to the General Resolution whenever it shall be necessary in order to provide moneys to meet any payments or transfers from the Fund or Account for which such investment was made.

In computing the amount in the Reserve Fund, obligations purchased as an investment of moneys therein shall be valued at par if purchased at par value or at amortized value if purchased at other

than par value. Valuation shall be made on the 20th day of each March, June, September and December and as otherwise required under the General Resolution and on any particular date shall not include the amount of interest then earned or accrued to such date on any deposit or investment.

The Trustee shall invest and reinvest the moneys in any Fund or Account in available Investment Obligations so that the maturity date or date of redemption at the option of the holder thereof shall coincide as nearly as practicable with the times at which monies are needed to be so expended.

Investment Obligations means any of the investments described under “**GLOSSARY**”.

Powers as to Bonds and Pledge

The State covenants that it is duly authorized pursuant to law to authorize and issue the Bonds and to adopt the General Resolution and to pledge the Program Income purported to be pledged by the General Resolution in the manner and to the extent provided in the General Resolution.

Payment Covenant

The State covenants that it will duly and punctually pay or cause to be paid, but solely from sources as provided in the General Resolution, the principal and Redemption Price of every Bond and the interest thereon, on the dates and at the places and in the manner stated in the Bonds according to the true intent and meaning thereof.

Tax Covenants

The State and the Trustee shall at all times do and perform all acts and things necessary or desirable in order to assure that interest paid on the Bonds shall, for the purposes of federal income taxation, be excludable from the gross income of the recipients thereof and exempt from such taxation.

The State and the Trustee shall not permit at any time or times any of the proceeds of the Bonds or any other funds of the State to be used directly or indirectly to acquire any securities or obligations, the acquisition of which would cause any Bond to be an “arbitrage bond” as defined in Section 148 of the Code.

The State and the Trustee shall not permit at any time or times any proceeds of any Bonds or any other funds of the State to be used, directly or indirectly, in a manner which would result in the exclusion of any Bond from the treatment afforded by Section 103 of the Code, as from time to time amended, by reason of the classification of such Bond as a “private activity bond” within the meaning of Section 141 of the Code.

The State reserves the right to elect to issue Bonds, the interest on which is not exempt from federal income taxation, if such election is made prior to the issuance of such Bonds, and the covenants as to tax exemption shall not apply to such Bonds.

Funds and Reports

The Department of Transportation covenants that it will keep, or cause to be kept and maintained proper books of account relating to the Program and within 120 days after the end of each Fiscal Year shall cause such books of account to be audited by an Accountant. A copy of each audit report, annual balance sheet and income and expense statement showing in reasonable detail the financial condition of the Program (including a schedule of monthly Program Income) as of the close of each Fiscal Year, and summarizing in reasonable detail the income and expenses for such year, including the transaction relating to the Funds, shall be filed promptly with the Trustee

and shall be available for inspection by any Bondholder. See “AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS” in APPENDIX A.

Budgets

The Department of Transportation must file an annual budget broken down on a quarterly basis covering the fiscal operations of the Program for the succeeding Fiscal Year not later than the first day of each Fiscal Year with the Trustee. The annual budget shall at least set forth for such Fiscal Year the estimated Program Income, the debt service due and payable or estimated to become due and payable during such Fiscal Year and estimated Program Expenses. The Department of Transportation may at any time file with the Trustee an amended annual budget for the remainder of the then current Fiscal Year in the manner provided for the filing of the annual budget. Copies of the annual budget as then amended and in effect shall be made available by the Trustee during normal business hours in the Trustee’s office for inspection by any Bondholder.

The Program

The State covenants from time to time, with all practical dispatch and in a sound and economical manner consistent in all respects with the Act, the Revenue Obligations Act, the provisions of the General Resolution and sound banking practices and principles to:

- (1) Use and apply the proceeds of the Bonds, to the extent not reasonably or otherwise required for other purposes of the Program, to finance Projects, pursuant to the Act, the Revenue Obligations Act and the General Resolution
- (2) Do all such acts and things as shall be necessary to charge and cause to be deposited with the Trustee Program Income sufficient to pay interest and principal and redemption premium on all Outstanding Bonds, to maintain the Debt Service Reserve Requirement in the Reserve Fund, to maintain any Credit Support and Liquidity Fund Requirement provided for in a Series Resolution, to pay Program Expenses
- (3) Maintain any Subordinated Debt Service Fund Requirement provided for in a Series Resolution.

Power of Amendment

The Building Commission may, from time to time and without the consent and concurrence of any holder of any Bond, adopt a Supplemental Resolution modifying or amending the General Resolution if the modification or amendment does not adversely affect the holders of the Outstanding Bonds.

Any modification of or amendment to the General Resolution which does affect the rights and obligations of the State and of the holders of the Bonds, in any particular, may be made by a Supplemental Resolution with the written consent given as provided in the General Resolution, (1) of the holders of at least two-thirds in principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds at the time such consent is given, (2) in case less than all of the several Series of Bonds then Outstanding are affected by the modification or amendment, of the holders of at least two-thirds in principal amount of the Bonds of each Series so affected and Outstanding at the time such consent is given, and (3) in case the modification or amendment changes the terms of any Sinking Fund Installment, of the holders of at least two-thirds in principal amount of the Bonds of the particular Series and maturity entitled to such Sinking Fund Installment and Outstanding at the time such consent is given. If any such modification or amendment will not take effect so long as any Bonds of any specified maturity remain Outstanding, however, the consent of the holders of such Bonds shall not be required and such Bonds shall not be deemed to be Outstanding for the purpose of any calculation of Outstanding Bonds under the General Resolution or Series

Resolution. No such modification or amendment shall permit a change in the terms of redemption or maturity of the principal of any Outstanding Bond or of any installment of interest thereon or a reduction in the principal amount or the Redemption Price thereof or in the rate of interest without the consent of the holder of such Bond, or shall reduce the percentages or otherwise affect the classes of Bonds, the consent of the holders of which is required to effect any such modification or amendment.

Events of Default

It is an Event of Default if:

- (1) Payment of any installment of interest on the Outstanding Bonds shall not be made after the same shall become due.
- (2) Payment of the principal of, Redemption Price or any Sinking Fund Installment on any Bond when and as the same shall become due and payable, whether at maturity or upon call for redemption or otherwise, shall not be made when and as the same shall become due.
- (3) The State shall fail or refuse to comply with the provisions of the General Resolution including replenishment of the Reserve Fund, or shall default in the performance or observance of any of the covenants, agreements or conditions on its part contained in the General Resolution or in any Supplemental or Series Resolution or the Bonds, and such failure, refusal or default shall continue for a period of thirty (30) days after written notice thereof by the Trustee or the holders of not less than twenty-five percent (25%) in principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds.

Remedies

Upon the happening and continuance of any Event of Default specified in clauses (1) and (2) under Events of Default above, the Trustee shall proceed, or upon the happening and continuance of any Event of Default specified in clause (3) under Events of Default above, the Trustee may proceed and, upon the written request of the holders of not less than twenty-five percent (25%) in principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds, shall proceed, in its own name, subject to the General Resolution, to protect and enforce the rights of the Bondholders by such of the following remedies as the Trustee, being advised by counsel shall deem most effectual to protect and enforce such rights: (a) by mandamus or other suit, action, or proceeding at law or in equity, to enforce all rights of the Bondholders, including the right to require the State to charge and cause to be deposited with the Trustee sufficient Program Income and to require the State to carry out the covenants and agreements with Bondholders and to perform its duties under the Act, the Revenue Obligations Act and the General Resolution; (b) by bringing suit upon the Bonds, by action or suit in equity, to require the State to account as if it were the trustee of an express trust for the holders of the Bonds; (d) by action or suit in equity, to enjoin any acts or things which may be unlawful or in violation of the rights of the holders of the Bonds; (e) by declaring all Bonds due and payable, and if all defaults shall be cured, then, with written consent of the holders of not less than twenty-five percent (25%) in principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds, by annulling such declaration and its consequences; or (f) in the event that all Bonds are declared due and payable, by selling Investment Obligations.

Before declaring the principal of Bonds due and payable upon an Event of Default, the Trustee shall first give thirty (30) days' notice in writing to the Governor and Attorney General of the State.

Priority of Bonds After Default

In the event that upon the happening and continuance of an Event of Default, the Funds or Accounts held by the Trustee, Registrar and Paying Agent are insufficient for the payment of interest, principal or Redemption Price then due on the Bonds, such Funds or Accounts (other than portions of Funds held for the payment or redemption of particular Bonds which have theretofore become due at maturity or by call for redemption) and any other monies received or collected by the Trustee acting pursuant to the Act, the Revenue Obligations Act and the General Resolution, after making provisions for the payment of any expenses necessary in the opinion of the Trustee to protect the interests of the holders of the Bonds and for the payment of the charges and expenses and liabilities incurred and advances made by the Trustee or the Registrar and Paying Agent in the performance of their respective duties under the General Resolution, are to be applied as follows:

- (1) If the principal of all of the Bonds has not become or been declared due and payable:

First: To the payment to the persons entitled thereto of all installments of interest then due in the order or maturity of such installments, and, if the amount available is not sufficient to pay in full any installment, then to the payment thereof ratably, according to the amounts due on such installment, to the persons entitled thereto, without any discrimination or preference.

Second: To the payment to the persons entitled thereto of the unpaid principal or Redemption Price of any Bonds which shall have become due, whether at maturity or by call for redemption, in the order of their due dates, and, if the amounts available shall not be sufficient to pay in full all the Bonds due on any date, then to the payment thereof ratably, according to the amounts of principal or Redemption Price due on such date, to the persons entitled thereto, without any discrimination or preference.

- (2) If the principal of all of the Bonds has become or been declared due and payable, to the payment of the principal and interest then due and unpaid upon the Bonds without preference or priority of principal over interest or of interest over principal, or of any installment of interest over any other installment of interest, or of any Bond over any other Bond, ratably, according to the amounts due respectively for principal and interest, to the persons entitled thereto without any discrimination or preference except as to any difference in the respective rates of interest specified in the Bonds.

Limitation on Rights of Bondholders

No individual Bondholder shall have any right to initiate legal proceedings to enforce rights under the General Resolution unless such holder shall have given to the Trustee written notice of the Event of Default or breach of duty on account of which such proceeding is to be taken, and unless the holders of not less than 25% in principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds have made written request of the Trustee after the right to exercise such right of action has occurred, and shall have afforded the Trustee a reasonable opportunity either to exercise the powers granted to it under the General Resolution or to institute such proceedings in its name and unless, also, there has been offered to the Trustee reasonable security and indemnity against costs, expenses and liabilities and the Trustee has refused or neglected to comply with such request within a reasonable time. No provision in the General Resolution on defaults and remedies affects or impairs the right of any Bondholder to enforce the payment of the principal of and interest on his Bonds, or the obligation of the State to pay the same from the source, at the time and place specified in said Bond.

Compensation of Fiduciaries

Each Fiduciary is entitled to such fees and reimbursement as shall be established in an agreement between the Commission and such Fiduciary by the Trustee from the Program Expense Fund (except that the agreement for Registrar shall be between the Secretary of Administration and the Registrar). Each Fiduciary shall have a lien for such fees and reimbursement on any and all Funds at any time held by it under the General Resolution.

Removal of Trustee

The Trustee is required to be removed if so requested by the holders of a majority in principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds excluding any Bonds held by or for the account of the State. The State may remove the Trustee at any time, except during the existence of an Event of Default, for such cause as the State may determine in its sole discretion. In either such event, a successor is required to be appointed.

Defeasance

If the State shall pay or cause to be paid to the holders of the Bonds, the principal and interest and Redemption Price to become due thereon, at the times and in the manner stipulated therein and in the General Resolution, then the pledge of Program Income and other monies, securities and funds thereby pledged and all other rights granted thereby shall be discharged and satisfied.

Bonds or interest installments for the payment or redemption of which monies have been set aside and shall be held in trust by Fiduciaries (through deposit by the State of funds for such payment or redemption or otherwise) shall, at the maturity or Redemption Date thereof, be deemed to have been paid within the meaning and with the effect expressed in the above paragraph. Any Bonds shall, prior to maturity or Redemption Date thereof, be deemed to have been paid within the meaning and with the effect so expressed if:

- (1) In case any of the Bonds to be redeemed on any date prior to their maturity, the State has given to the Trustee in form satisfactory to it, irrevocable instructions to publish, as provided in the General Resolution, notice of redemption on said date of such Bonds.
- (2) There has been deposited with the Trustee either monies in an amount which are sufficient, or Investment Obligations which are direct obligations of or obligations guaranteed by the United States of America or other obligations, the payment of which is provided for by an irrevocable escrow deposit invested in direct obligations of the United States of America, the principal of and the interest on which when due will provide monies which, together with the monies, if any, deposited with the Trustee at the same time, will be sufficient to pay when due the principal or Redemption Price and interest due and to become due on said Bonds on and prior to the Redemption Date or maturity date thereof, as the case may be.
- (3) In the event said Bonds are not by their terms subject to redemption within the next succeeding 60 days, the State has given the Trustee, in form satisfactory to it, irrevocable instructions to publish, as soon as practicable, at least once in an Authorized Newspaper a notice to the holders of such Bonds that the deposit required by (2) above has been made with the Trustee and that said Bonds are deemed to have been paid and stating such maturity or Redemption Date upon which monies are to be available for the payment of the principal of and Redemption Price on said Bonds.

Neither the Investment Obligations nor the monies so deposited with the Trustee nor principal or interest payments on any such Investment Obligations shall be withdrawn or used for any purpose other than (and shall be held in trust for) the payment of the principal of, Redemption Price and interest on said Bonds, but any cash received from such principal or interest payments

on such Investment Obligations deposited with the Trustee, if not then needed for such purpose may, to the extent practicable and legally permitted, be reinvested in Investment Obligations maturing at times and in amounts sufficient to pay when due the principal of, Redemption Price and interest to become due on said Bonds on and prior to such Redemption Date or maturity date thereof, as the case may be, and interest earned from such reinvestments may be paid over to the State, as received by the Trustee, free and clear of any trust, lien or pledge.

GLOSSARY

This Glossary includes definitions from the General Resolution and the Series Resolutions that apply to capitalized terms used in this part of the Annual Report.

Accountant means such reputable and experienced independent certified public accountant or firm of independent certified public accountants of nationally recognized standing as may be selected by the Department of Transportation and be satisfactory to the Trustee which may be the accountant or firm of accountants who regularly audit the books and accounts of the Department.

Act means Section 84.59, Wisconsin Statutes.

Authorized Newspaper means either The Wall Street Journal or The Bond Buyer, or such other financial newspaper or financial journal of general circulation, printed in the English language and customarily published (except in the case of legal holidays) at least once a day for at least five days in each calendar week, in the Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York.

Authorized Officer when used with reference to the Department means the Secretary or other person designated from time to time by the Secretary, and when used with reference to the Commission, means the Chairperson of the Commission or other person designated from time to time by the Chairperson of the Commission and, in the case of any act to be performed or duty to be discharged, any other member, staff, officer or employee of the foregoing Department or Commission then authorized to perform such act or discharge such duty.

Bond or **Bonds** means any bond or any other evidence of revenue obligation authorized under the General Resolution and issued pursuant to a Series Resolution.

Bond Counsel's Opinion means an opinion executed by the Attorney General of Wisconsin or an attorney or firm of attorneys of nationally recognized standing in the field of law relating to municipal, state and public agency financing, selected by the State.

Bondholder and the term **Holder** or **holder** means the registered owner of any Outstanding Bond or Bonds, if registered to a particular person or persons, or the holder of any Outstanding Bond or Bonds in bearer form or registered as to principal only, or his duly authorized attorney in fact, representative or assigns.

1986 Bonds means the State of Wisconsin Transportation Revenue Bonds, 1986 Series A issued on July 17, 1986.

1988 Bonds means the State of Wisconsin Transportation Revenue Bonds, 1988 Series A issued on April 12, 1988.

1989 Bonds means the State of Wisconsin Transportation Revenue Bonds, 1989 Series A, issued on April 19, 1989.

1991 Bonds means the State of Wisconsin Transportation Revenue Bonds, 1991 Series A, issued on October 3, 1991.

1992 Series A Bonds means the State of Wisconsin Transportation Revenue Bonds, 1992 Series A, issued on August 20, 1992.

1992 Series B Bonds means the State of Wisconsin Transportation Revenue Bonds, 1992 Series B, issued on August 20, 1992.

1993 Bonds means the State of Wisconsin Transportation Revenue Bonds, 1993 Series A, issued on September 29, 1993.

1994 Bonds means the State of Wisconsin Transportation Revenue Bonds, 1994 Series A, issued on July 13, 1994.

1995 Bonds means the State of Wisconsin Transportation Revenue Bonds, 1995 Series A, issued on September 28, 1995.

1996 Bonds means the State of Wisconsin Transportation Revenue Bonds, 1996 Series A, issued on June 13, 1996.

1998 Series A Bonds means the State of Wisconsin Transportation Revenue Bonds, 1998 Series A, issued on September 17, 1998.

1998 Series B Bonds means the State of Wisconsin Transportation Revenue Bonds, 1998 Series B, issued on October 29, 1998.

2000 Bonds means the State of Wisconsin Transportation Revenue Bonds, 2000 Series A, issued on September 27, 2000.

2001 Bonds means the State of Wisconsin Transportation Revenue Bonds, 2001 Series A, issued on December 6, 2001.

2002 Series 1 Bonds means the State of Wisconsin Transportation Revenue Refunding Bonds, 2002 Series 1, issued on May 7, 2002.

2002 Series 2 Bonds means the State of Wisconsin Transportation Revenue Refunding Bonds, 2002 Series 2, issued on May 7, 2002.

2002 Series A Bonds means the State of Wisconsin Transportation Revenue Bonds, 2002 Series A, issued on October 30, 2002.

2003 Bonds means the State of Wisconsin Transportation Revenue Bonds, 2003 Series A, issued on November 25, 2003.

2004 Bonds means the State of Wisconsin Transportation Revenue Refunding Bonds, 2004 Series 1, issued on September 30, 2004.

2005 Series A Bonds means the State of Wisconsin Transportation Revenue Bonds, 2005 Series A, issued on March 10, 2005.

2005 Series B Bonds means the State of Wisconsin Transportation Revenue Bonds, 2005 Series B, issued on September 29, 2005.

Capitalized Interest Account shall mean the account established by Section 402 of the General Resolution.

Certificate means (i) a signed document either attesting to or acknowledging the circumstances, representations or other matters therein stated or set forth or setting forth matters to be determined pursuant to the General Resolution, or (ii) the report of an Accountant as to audit or other procedures called for by the General Resolution.

Commercial Paper Notes or Notes means the State of Wisconsin Transportation Revenue Commercial Paper Notes, 1997 Series A.

Commission means the State of Wisconsin Building Commission established and existing pursuant to Section 13.48, Wisconsin Statutes, and any successor thereto to whom the powers and duties granted to or imposed by the General Resolution shall be given by law.

Costs of Issuance means all items of expense, directly or indirectly payable or reimbursable by or to the State which are related to the authorization, sale, credit support, liquidity or issuance of Bonds.

Credit Support and Liquidity Fund means an account established pursuant to Section 511 of the General Resolution.

Credit Support and Liquidity Fund Requirement means as of any date of calculation, an amount equal to the aggregate Credit Support and Liquidity Fund Requirements for each Series of Outstanding Bonds as specified with respect to each such Series in the applicable Series Resolution.

Debt Service Requirement means as of any particular date of calculation, the aggregate Interest Requirement and Principal Requirement for Outstanding Bonds as specified in each Series Resolution authorizing the issuance of a Series of Bonds.

Debt Service Reserve Requirement means, as of any particular date of computation, an amount equal to the aggregate of the amounts specified in each Series Resolution authorizing the issuance of a Series of Bonds (any of which are Outstanding on the date of computation) as the amount to be the Debt Service Reserve Requirement, provided that, with respect to any Series of Bonds, in lieu of a deposit to the Reserve Fund of an amount equal to the applicable Series Debt Service Reserve Requirement, the State may provide for a letter of credit, municipal bond insurance policy, surety bond or other type of agreement or arrangement with an entity having, at the time of entering into such agreement or arrangement, a credit rating equal to or greater than the Bonds which provides for the availability, at the times required pursuant to the provisions of any Series Resolution, of an amount at least equal to such Series Debt Service Reserve Requirement and such method of funding shall be deemed to satisfy all provisions of the Series Resolution with respect to the Debt Service Reserve Requirement and the amount required to be on deposit in the Reserve Fund with respect to such Series of Bonds.

Department of Transportation or Department or DOT means the State of Wisconsin Department of Transportation established and existing pursuant to Section 15.46, Wisconsin Statutes, and any successor thereto to which the powers and duties granted to or imposed by the General Resolution shall be given by law.

Fiduciary means the Trustee, the Registrar and any Paying Agent, or any or all of them as may be appropriate.

Fiscal Year means the fiscal year of the State as established from time to time.

Fund means one or more, as the case may be, of the funds or accounts created and established pursuant to the General Resolution.

General Resolution means the General Resolution as the same may from time to time be amended, modified or supplemented by a Supplemental Resolution.

Interest Payment Dates means any date on which is due the payment of interest on any Series of Bonds as specified in each Series Resolution authorizing the issuance of the Series of Bonds.

Interest Requirement means as of any particular date of calculation, the amount equal to any unpaid interest then due, plus an amount to the interest accruing or payable during the period between the date of calculation and the next Redemption Fund Deposit Day with respect to each Series of Outstanding Bonds.

Investment Obligations means and includes any of the following obligations to the extent the same are at the time legal for investment of funds of the State under the Act, the Revenue Obligations Act, or under other applicable law:

1. Direct obligations of or obligations guaranteed by the United States of America;
2. Obligations the payment of principal and interest on which, by act of Congress or in the opinion of the Attorney General of the United States in office at the time such obligations were issued, are unconditionally guaranteed by the United States of America;
3. Bonds, debentures, notes, participation certificates or other similar evidences of indebtedness issued by any of the following: Federal Land Banks, Federal Home Loan Banks, Federal Intermediate Credit Banks, Banks for Cooperatives, the Federal Financing Bank, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Federal National Mortgage Association, Export Import Bank of the United States, Student Loan Marketing Association, Farmer's Home Administration, Government National Mortgage Association, Small Business Administration, or any other agency or corporation which has been or may hereafter be created by or pursuant to an Act of Congress of the United States as an agency or instrumentality thereof or sponsored thereby (including but not limited to the fully guaranteed portion of an obligation partially guaranteed by any of the foregoing, if the State's ownership of such portion is acknowledged in writing by an officer of the guaranteeing agency or instrumentality);
4. Public Housing Bonds issued by public agencies or municipalities and fully secured as to the payment of both principal and interest by a pledge of annual contributions under an annual contributions contract or contracts with the United States of America or temporary notes, preliminary loan notes or project notes issued by public agencies or municipalities, in each case, fully secured as to the payment of both principal and interest by a requisition or payment agreement with the United States of America;
5. Obligations of any state within the United States or of any political subdivision of any state, provided that at the time of purchase such obligations are rated in either of the two highest rating categories by a nationally recognized bond rating agency;
6. Bankers acceptances drawn on and accepted by banks (including the Trustee and Paying Agent) and certificates of deposit by banks (including the Trustee and Paying Agent), with a combined capital and surplus aggregating at least \$100,000,000 and securities of which are currently rated within the two highest rating categories assigned by a nationally recognized rating agency, or the international branches or banking subsidiaries thereof;
7. Interest-bearing time deposits, or certificates of deposit of a bank (including the Trustee and Paying Agent) or trust company, continuously secured and collateralized by obligations of the type described in paragraphs (1), (2), (3) and (4) hereof, having a market value at least equal at all times to the amount of such deposit or certificate, to the extent such deposit or certificate is not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, or any successors thereto;
8. Commercial paper given the highest rating by Standard & Poor's Corporation and Moody's Investors Service at the time of such investments;

9. Investment agreements with banks or bank holding companies the senior long-term debt securities of which are rated within the two highest categories by a nationally recognized rating agency and which have a capital and surplus of at least \$100,000,000;
10. Repurchase agreements, with banks or other financial institutions (including the Trustee and Paying Agent) (**Repurchaser**) provided that each such repurchase agreement (a) is in a commercially reasonable form and is for a commercially reasonable period, and (b) result in transfer to the Trustee of legal and equitable title to, or the granting to the Trustee of a prior perfected security interest in, identified obligations referred to in paragraphs (1), (2), (3) and (4) above which are free and clear of any claims by third parties and are segregated in a custodial or trust account held either by the Trustee or by a third party (other than the Repurchaser) as the agency solely of, or in trust solely for the benefit of the Trustee, provided that obligations acquired pursuant to such repurchase agreements shall be valued at the lower of the then current market value of such obligations or the repurchase prices thereof set forth in the applicable repurchase agreement, such investments shall be made so as to mature on or prior to the date or dates that the Trustee anticipates that moneys therefrom be required;
11. Shares of beneficial interests in an investment fund or trust substantially all of whose assets consist of those identified obligations referred to in paragraphs (1) and (2) above; and
12. Any short term government fund whose assets consist of those identified obligations referred to in paragraphs (1), (2), (3), (4) and (10) above.

Notes or Commercial Paper Notes means the State of Wisconsin Transportation Revenue Commercial Paper Notes, 1997 Series A.

Outstanding, when used with reference to Bonds and as of any particular date, describes all Bonds that have been delivered and are expected to be delivered except (a) any Bond cancelled by the Trustee, or proven to the satisfaction of the Trustee to have been cancelled by the Registrar, at or before said date, (b) any Bond deemed to have been paid in accordance with the provisions of Section 1201 of the General Resolution, and (c) any Bond in lieu of or in substitution for which another Bond shall have been delivered pursuant to the requirements of the General Resolution or any Series Resolution.

Paying Agent for the payment of the principal of, Redemption Price and interest on the Bonds of a particular Series means the Treasurer or any bank or trust company designated as paying agent for the Bonds, and its successor or successors hereafter appointed in the manner provided in the General Resolution.

Principal and Interest Account means the account established by Section 502 of the General Resolution.

Principal Installment means (a) the principal amount of Outstanding Bonds that mature on a single future date, and (b) the amount of any Sinking Fund Installment required to be paid on a single future date.

Principal Installment Dates means any dates designated in a Series Resolution as a day a Principal Installment is to be paid.

Principal Office, when used with respect to a Fiduciary, means the principal, or corporate trust, or head, or principal trust office of such Fiduciary situated in the city in which such Fiduciary is described as being located.

Principal Requirement means, as of any particular date of calculation, the amount of money equal to any unpaid Principal Installment then due with respect to each Series of Outstanding Bonds and the amount of the next succeeding Principal Installment divided by the number of Redemption Fund Deposit Days prior to the next Principal Installment Date with respect to each Series of Outstanding Bonds.

Program means the State of Wisconsin Transportation Facilities and Highway Projects Revenue Obligations Program financed under the Act, the Revenue Obligations Act and the General Resolution in accordance with any other enactment of the State which may hereafter specify an extension, expansion, addition or improvement of and for said Program pursuant to the Act, the Revenue Obligations Act and the General Resolution but not financed under the provisions of any other bond resolution or indenture of trust.

Program Account means the account so designated by Section 402 of the General Resolution.

Program Capital Fund means the Fund that is established and created by Section 402 of the General Resolution and pursuant to Section 18.57 of the Revenue Obligations Act.

Program Expense Fund means the Fund that is established and created by Section 514 of the General Resolution.

Program Expenses means the reasonable and proper costs and expenses of the Department for the operation and maintenance of the Program, including, without limitation, the administrative expenses allocable to the Program and the fees and expenses of the Trustee and the Paying Agents and Registrars of the Bonds.

Program Income means moneys derived under Sections 341.25, 341.09(2)(d), (2m)(a)1., (4), and(7), 341.14(2), (2m), (6)(d), (6m)(a), (6r)(b)2., (6w), and(8), 341.145(3), 341.16(1)(a) and (b), (2), and(2m), 341.17(8), 341.19(1)(a), 341.255(1), (2)(a), (b), and(c), (4), and(5), 341.26(1), (2), (2m)(am)and(b), (3), (3m), (4), (5), and(7), 341.264(1), 341.265(1), 341.266(2)(b)and(3), 341.268(2)(b)and(3), 341.30(3), 341.305(3), 341.308(3), 341.36(1)and(1m), 341.51(2), and 342.14, except Section 342.14(1r), of the Wisconsin Statutes or any other moneys that the State is authorized to pledge, which is to be deposited by the Department under Section 18.562(3) and (5) of the Revenue Obligations Act in a separate and distinct fund outside of the State Treasury in an account maintained by the Trustee as the Redemption Fund and all interest earned or gain realized from the investment of amounts in said fund.

Program Income Account means the account established by Section 502 of the General Resolution.

Projects means the projects authorized under the Act and funded with proceeds of Bonds authorized by one or more Series Resolutions.

Record Date means with respect to any Series of Bonds, the Record Date established for such Series of Bonds under each Series Resolution pursuant to which such Series is issued (which, with respect to the Bonds, means the fifteenth day of the month preceding an Interest Payment Date on the Bonds).

Redemption Date means the date upon which Bonds are to be called for redemption.

Redemption Fund means the Fund that is established and created by Section 502 of the General Resolution pursuant to Section 18.562(3) of the Revenue Obligations Act.

Redemption Fund Deposit Day means January 1, April 1, July 1, and October 1 of each Fiscal Year.

Redemption Price when used with respect to a Bond or portion thereof, means the principal amount of such Bond or portion plus the applicable premium, if any, payable upon redemption thereof in the manner contemplated in accordance with its terms pursuant to the General Resolution and to the Series Resolution.

Registrar means, with respect to Bonds of a particular Series, the Treasurer or any person with whom he has contracted with for the performance of any of his functions under Section 18.10(5) and (7), Wisconsin Statutes.

Reserve Fund means the Fund that is established and created by Section 508 of the General Resolution pursuant to Section 18.562 of the Revenue Obligations Act.

Revenue Obligations Act means Subchapter II of Chapter 18 of the Wisconsin Statutes, as amended.

Secretary means the Secretary of the Department or any other officer, board, body, commission or agency succeeding to the powers, duties and functions thereof.

Serial Bonds means the Bonds so designated in a Series Resolution.

Series, when used with respect to less than all of the Bonds, means and refers to all of the Bonds delivered on original issuance in a simultaneous transaction, regardless of variations in maturity, interest rate or other provisions, and any Bond thereafter delivered in lieu of or substitution for any of such Bonds pursuant to the General Resolution or a Series Resolution.

Series Resolution means any resolution adopted by the Commission pursuant to and in accordance with the terms of Article II of the General Resolution, providing for the issuance of a particular Series of Bonds.

Sinking Fund Installment means the amount of money unconditionally required by or pursuant to a Series Resolution to be paid toward the retirement of any particular Term Bonds prior to their respective stated maturities.

State means the State of Wisconsin, including the Commission, or Department of Transportation, as the case may be, acting on behalf of the State pursuant to the Act or the Revenue Obligations Act, or any body, agency or instrumentality of the State which shall hereafter succeed to the powers, duties and functions of any of the foregoing.

Statutes means the Wisconsin Statutes.

Subordinated Debt Service Fund means an account established in Section 5.1 of 1997 State of Wisconsin Building Commission Resolution 7, adopted by the Commission on April 23, 1997, as amended, pursuant to Section 714(C) of the General Resolution, and pledged to the payment of the Commercial Paper Notes.

Subordinated Debt Service Fund Requirement means, as of any date of calculation, an amount equal to the aggregate Subordinated Debt Service Fund Requirements for each Subordinated Indebtedness Series of Outstanding Bonds (or Commercial Paper Notes) as specified with respect to each such Series in the applicable Series Resolution, and as of the date of this Official Statement, is the amount specified in 1997 State of Wisconsin Building Commission Resolution 8, adopted by the Commission on April 23, 1997.

Subordinated Indebtedness means a Series of Bonds issued pursuant to Section 714 of the General Resolution, and includes the Commercial Paper Notes.

Supplemental Resolution means any resolution adopted by the Commission pursuant to and in accordance with the terms of Article VIII of the General Resolution amending or supplementing

the provisions of the General Resolution as originally adopted or as amended or supplemented prior to the amending or supplementing effected by the particular Supplemental Resolution.

Term Bonds means the Bonds so designated in a Series Resolution.

Transportation Fund means the fund established in Section 25.40, Wisconsin Statutes.

Treasurer means the State Treasurer or any other officer, board, body, commission or agency succeeding to any of the powers, duties and functions thereof.

Trustee means J.P. Morgan Trust Company, National Association, as legal successor to Bank One Trust Company, National Association, as trustee appointed by or pursuant to Section 1101 of the General Resolution, and its successor or successors and any other corporation or association that may at any time be substituted in its place pursuant to the General Resolution.

APPENDIX A
AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following are the independent auditor's report and audited statements of cash receipts and disbursements for the year ended June 30, 2005, and include (1) for the Transportation Revenue Bond Program, the Independent Auditors' Report, dated October 14, 2005, together with unaudited information pertaining to the Program Income, and (2) for the Transportation Revenue Commercial Paper Program, the Independent Auditors' Report, dated October 14, 2005, together with unaudited information pertaining to the Program Income.

{ This page number is the last sequential page number of the Annual Report to be used in this Part V of the Annual Report. The following uses page numbers from the audited financial statements, Independent Auditors' Reports, and unaudited supplementary information. The sequential page numbers for the Annual Report continue in Part VI. }

**WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
REVENUE BOND PROGRAM**

**1993 SERIES A, 1994 Series A, 1995 SERIES A, 1996 SERIES A,
1998 SERIES A, 1998 SERIES B, 2000 Series A, 2001 SERIES A,
2002 SERIES 1, 2002 SERIES 2, 2002 SERIES A,
2003 SERIES A, 2004 SERIES 1, AND 2005 SERIES A**

**Statement of Cash Receipts and Disbursements
for the Year Ended June 30, 2005
with Independent Auditors' Report**

**WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
REVENUE BOND PROGRAM**

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	1
STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2005	2
NOTES TO STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS	3 - 12
SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION	
Schedule of Monthly Motor Vehicle Registration and Registration-Related Fees Retained by Trustee	13
Bonds Outstanding - 1993 Series A	14
Bonds Outstanding - 1995 Series A	15
Bonds Outstanding - 1996 Series A	16
Bonds Outstanding - 1998 Series A	17
Bonds Outstanding - 1998 Series B	18
Bonds Outstanding - 2001 Series A	19
Bonds Outstanding - 2002 Series 1	20
Bonds Outstanding - 2002 Series 2	21
Bonds Outstanding - 2002 Series A	22
Bonds Outstanding - 2003 Series A	23
Bonds Outstanding - 2004 Series 1	24
Bonds Outstanding - 2005 Series A	25
UNAUDITED INFORMATION	
Schedule of Program Revenue	26
Schedule of Motor Vehicle Registration and Registration-Related Fees - Cash Basis (Unaudited)	27



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Wisconsin Department of Transportation

We have audited the accompanying statement of cash receipts and disbursements of the 1993 Series A, 1994 Series A, 1995 Series A, 1996 Series A, 1998 Series A, 1998 Series B, 2000 Series A, 2001 Series A, 2002 Series 1, 2002 Series 2, 2002 Series A, 2003 Series A, 2004 Series 1, and 2005 Series A bonds of the Wisconsin Department of Transportation Revenue Bond Program (the "Program") for the year ended June 30, 2005. This statement is the responsibility of the Wisconsin Department of Transportation. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this statement based on our audit. The prior year summarized comparative information has been derived from the Program's statement of cash receipts and disbursements for the year ended June 30, 2004 audited by other auditors who expressed an unqualified opinion on the statement.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the statement. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by the Program, as well as evaluating the overall statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described in Note 2 to the financial statement, this financial statement was prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statement presents fairly, in all material respects, the cash receipts and disbursements of the 1993 Series A, 1994 Series A, 1995 Series A, 1996 Series A, 1998 Series A, 1998 Series B, 2000 Series A, 2001 Series A, 2002 Series 1, 2002 Series 2, 2002 Series A, 2003 Series A, 2004 Series 1, and 2005 Series A bonds of the Wisconsin Department of Transportation Revenue Bond Program for the year ended June 30, 2005, on the basis of accounting described in Note 2.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the statement of cash receipts and disbursements taken as a whole. The supplemental information required by the State of Wisconsin Transportation Facilities and Highway Projects Revenue Obligations General Resolution presented on pages 13 through 25 is for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the statement of cash receipts and disbursements. This supplemental information is the responsibility of the Wisconsin Department of Transportation. This information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the statement of cash receipts and disbursements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the statement of cash receipts and disbursements taken as a whole.

The information identified in the table of contents as Unaudited Information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the statement of cash receipts and disbursements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the statement of cash receipts and disbursements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Schenck SC

Certified Public Accountants
Green Bay, Wisconsin
October 14, 2005

WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION REVENUE BOND PROGRAM

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

	2005	2004
CASH AND INVESTMENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$ 240,316,244	\$ 161,589,361
RECEIPTS:		
Motor vehicle registration fees retained by Trustee	113,813,523	106,117,341
Investment income	3,561,669	1,032,382
Revenue bond proceeds - par value	56,600,000	250,000,000
Revenue bond proceeds - accrued interest and original issuance premium, net of underwriter's discount	5,264,173	15,348,952
Revenue refunding bond proceeds - par value	274,890,000	-
Revenue refunding bond proceeds - accrued interest and original issuance premium, net of underwriter's discount	<u>26,173,603</u>	<u>-</u>
Total receipts	480,302,968	372,498,675
DISBURSEMENTS:		
Debt service - principal	57,885,000	46,870,000
Debt service - interest	65,432,801	57,083,126
Highway program expenditures	165,762,953	189,232,891
Program expenses - revenue bond program	137,835	55,064
Program expenses - commercial paper program	355,727	368,576
Bond issuance costs	1,066,178	162,135
Defeasance of debt - purchase of securities for escrow account	<u>301,712,862</u>	<u>-</u>
Total disbursements	592,353,356	293,771,792
CASH AND INVESTMENTS, END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 128,265,856</u>	<u>\$ 240,316,244</u>
Cash and investments reserved for debt service	\$ 95,674,259	\$ 99,718,340
Cash and investments reserved for program expenses	63,493	67,266
Cash and investments reserved for highway expenditures	23,312,418	131,377,772
Cash and investments in the reserve fund	<u>9,215,686</u>	<u>9,152,866</u>
	<u>\$ 128,265,856</u>	<u>\$ 240,316,244</u>

See notes to statement of cash receipts and disbursements.

WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION REVENUE BOND PROGRAM

NOTES TO STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

1. NATURE OF PROGRAM

The Wisconsin Department of Transportation (“Department”) Revenue Bond Program (the “Program”) originated in April 1984 pursuant to the adoption of the General Resolution by the State of Wisconsin Building Commission. The purpose of the Program is to provide financing for the construction, maintenance and repair of certain major highway projects and administrative facilities. Receipts provided from motor vehicle registration fees and vehicle registration-related fees are used to service the Program’s debt. The Department is responsible for managing these construction projects and the collection of motor vehicle registration fees and vehicle registration-related fees.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Cash Receipts and Disbursements Basis of Accounting—The statement of cash receipts and disbursements presents the Program’s cash receipts and disbursements, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under this basis of accounting, cash receipts are recorded when received and disbursements are recorded when paid. The Program’s cash and investments balance is presented at cost.

The Department has entered into trust agreements with J.P. Morgan Trust Company, National Association (legal successor to Bank One Trust Company National Association) (the “trustee”), relating to the creation and administration of the State of Wisconsin Transportation Revenue Bonds, 1993 Series A, 1994 Series A, 1995 Series A, 1996 Series A, 1998 Series A, 1998 Series B, 2000 Series A, 2001 Series A, 2002 Series 1, 2002 Series 2, 2002 Series A, 2003 Series A, 2004 Series 1 and 2005 Series A. Among other provisions, the trust agreements, in conjunction with the General Resolution, specify those funds to be created and maintained, the timing and flow of monies through the funds, the determination of the Debt Service Reserve requirements and the procedure to be followed for the redemption of the bonds. It is the Program directors’ view that the statement of cash receipts and disbursements along with the related notes meet the reporting requirements of the trust agreements.

Receipts and Disbursements:

Motor Vehicle Registration Fees Retained by Trustee—Motor vehicle registration fees and vehicle registration-related fees retained by trustee are recorded at time of impounding, when transfer of possession occurs.

Investment Income—Investment income is recorded when received and includes realized gains and losses on sales or maturities of investments.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Bond Proceeds—Bond proceeds are recorded as receipts on the date of closing at gross value of the issuance. All related fees are reported as bond issuance costs within disbursements.

Debt Service—Principal and Interest—Debt service payments are recorded when paid.

Highway Program Expenditures—Highway program expenditures are recorded when paid by the Program to the Transportation Fund of the State of Wisconsin.

Program Expenses – Revenue Bond Program—Program expenses are recorded when paid.

Program Expenses - Commercial Paper Program—Represents payments for expenses made by the Revenue Bond Program on behalf of the Commercial Paper Program.

3. REVENUE BONDS

The Program's revenue obligations are issued pursuant to Subchapter II of Chapter 18 of the Wisconsin Statutes as amended, Section 84.59 of the Wisconsin Statutes and a general bond resolution and series resolutions adopted by the State of Wisconsin Building Commission. The bonds are revenue obligations of the State of Wisconsin ("State"), payable solely from the Redemption Fund created by the General Resolution. The bonds are collateralized by a first lien pledge of income derived from vehicle registration fees ("Program Income") under Section 341.25 of the Wisconsin Statutes and vehicle registration – related fees, as collected by the Trustee. The State has covenanted in the General Resolution that it will charge registration fees sufficient to pay principal and interest on the bonds, as they become due, to pay program expenses and to maintain the Debt Service Reserve requirement. Vehicle registration fees collected in excess of the amount needed to service this Program are transferred to the Department free of the first lien pledge of the General Resolution. The State is not generally liable on the bonds nor are the projects financed by the bonds pledged as collateral.

A summary of these revenue obligations outstanding as of June 30, 2005, with comparative information as of June 30, 2004, is as follows:

	2005	2004
Transportation Revenue Bonds, 1993 Series A, varying fixed interest rates from 4.5% to 5.0%, interest payable semiannually, annual principal payments of variable amounts through 2012	\$ 75,665,000	\$ 82,005,000
Transportation Revenue Bonds, 1994 Series A, fixed interest rate of 5.3% payable semiannually, final principal payment on July 1, 2005, redeemed November 1, 2004	0	9,395,000
Transportation Revenue Bonds, 1995 Series A, fixed interest rate of 4.8% payable semiannually, final principal payment on July 1, 2005	3,700,000	19,750,000
Transportation Revenue Bonds, 1996 Series A, fixed interest rate of 6.0%, interest payable semiannually, annual principal payments of variable amounts through 2006	10,325,000	26,545,000

3. REVENUE BONDS (Continued)

Transportation Revenue Bonds, 1998 Series A and B, varying fixed interest rates from 4.25% to 5.5%, interest payable semiannually, annual principal payments of variable amounts through 2019	174,160,000	208,140,000
Transportation Revenue Bonds, 2000 Series A, varying fixed interest rates from 5.3% to 5.5%, interest payable semiannually, annual principal payments of variable amounts through 2021, defeased by 2004 Series 1 and 2005 Series A	0	93,100,000
Transportation Revenue Bonds, 2001 Series A, varying fixed interest rates from 3.0% to 5.0%, interest payable semiannually, annual principal payments of variable amounts through 2022	124,875,000	130,580,000
Transportation Revenue Bonds, 2002 Series A, varying fixed interest rates from 3.0% to 5.0%, interest payable semiannually, annual principal payments of variable amounts through 2023	162,895,000	200,000,000
Transportation Revenue Bonds, 2002 Series 1 and 2, varying fixed interest rates from 3.125% to 5.75%, interest payable semiannually, annual principal payments of variable amounts through 2022	218,710,000	296,735,000
Transportation Revenue Bonds, 2003 Series A, varying fixed interest rates from 2.5% to 5.0%, interest payable semiannually, annual principal payments of variable amounts through 2024	211,175,000	250,000,000
Transportation Revenue Bonds, 2004 Series 1, varying fixed interest rates from 5.0% to 6.0%, interest payable semiannually, annual principal payments of variable amounts through 2017	95,905,000	0
Transportation Revenue Bonds, 2005 Series A, varying fixed interest rates from 3.0% to 5.25%, interest payable semiannually, annual principal payments of variable amounts through 2025	<u>235,585,000</u>	<u>0</u>
Total principal amount of bonds outstanding at June 30	1,312,995,000	1,316,250,000
Less: current maturities	<u>61,120,000</u>	<u>57,885,000</u>
Principal outstanding at June 30 due beyond one year	\$ <u>1,251,875,000</u>	\$ <u>1,258,365,000</u>

Additional series of bonds may be issued on a parity with the current bond series outstanding and collateralized by an equal charge and lien on the Program Income. However, no additional series may be issued unless, among other things, Program Income, including interest, for 12 consecutive months within the preceding 18-month period is at least 2.25 times the maximum aggregate principal and interest requirement in any bond year for all outstanding bonds.

3. REVENUE BONDS (Continued)

Future maturities of bonds payable as of June 30, 2005 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	
2006	\$ 61,120,000
2007	71,640,000
2008	74,750,000
2009	73,000,000
2010	71,635,000
Thereafter	<u>960,850,000</u>
	<u>\$1,312,995,000</u>

4. DEFEASED REVENUE BONDS

From time to time, the Program issues revenue bonds to defease older revenue bonds in order to take advantage of market conditions. The proceeds from the issuance of revenue bonds, together with assets transferred from the refunded bond series, are deposited with a trustee bank in a separate Escrow Account. These funds are invested by an escrow agent in U.S. Treasury obligations and certain other government securities so that sufficient monies are available to pay the principal, interest and redemption price of the defeased bonds. The defeased bonds are not included in the outstanding revenue bonds summarized in Note 3. Also, the related securities in the Escrow Accounts are not included in the Program's cash and investments balance. Once defeased, no related activity in the Escrow Accounts is reported in the Program's Statement of Cash Receipts and Disbursements. The following is a summary of these defeased bonds at June 30, 2005.

The revenue bonds defeased by the 1992 Series A Refunding that remain outstanding were as follows:

Series	Maturity	Principal Amount	Redemption Date	Redemption Price
1991 Series A	July 1, 2010	\$ 8,495,000		
	July 1, 2011	<u>9,085,000</u>		
		<u>\$17,580,000</u>	Maturity	Par

The revenue bonds defeased by the 1998 Series A Refunding that remain outstanding were as follows:

Series	Maturity	Principal Amount	Redemption Date	Redemption Price
1995 Series A	July 1, 2012	7,070,000	July 1, 2005	Par
1996 Series A	July 1, 2011	6,885,000		
	July 1, 2012	7,270,000		
	July 1, 2013	7,685,000		
	July 1, 2014	8,130,000		
	July 1, 2015	8,600,000		
	July 1, 2016	<u>9,100,000</u>		
		<u>47,670,000</u>	July 1, 2006	Par
		<u>\$54,740,000</u>		

4. DEFEASED REVENUE BONDS (Continued)

The revenue bonds defeased by the 2002 Series 1 Refunding that remain outstanding were as follows:

Series	Maturity	Principal Amount	Redemption Date	Redemption Price
1995 Series A	July 1, 2009	5,950,000		
	July 1, 2010	6,295,000		
	July 1, 2011	6,670,000		
	July 1, 2013	7,495,000		
	July 1, 2014	7,955,000		
	July 1, 2015	<u>8,440,000</u>		
		42,805,000	July 1, 2005	Par
1996 Series A	July 1, 2009	6,180,000		
	July 1, 2010	<u>6,520,000</u>		
		12,700,000	July 1, 2006	Par
1998 Series B	July 1, 2010	5,400,000		
	July 1, 2011	<u>5,645,000</u>		
		11,045,000	July 1, 2009	Par
2000 Series A	July 1, 2012	<u>9,700,000</u>	July 1, 2010	Par
		<u>\$76,250,000</u>		

The revenue bonds defeased by the 2002 Series 2 Refunding that remain outstanding were as follows:

Series	Maturity	Principal Amount	Redemption Date	Redemption Price
1995 Series A	July 1, 2008	\$ 5,630,000	July 1, 2005	Par
2000 Series A	July 1, 2013	10,200,000		
	July 1, 2014	<u>10,700,000</u>		
		20,900,000	July 1, 2010	Par
		<u>\$26,530,000</u>		

4. DEFEASED REVENUE BONDS (Continued)

The revenue bonds defeased by the 2004 Series 1 Refunding that remain outstanding were as follows:

Series	Maturity	Principal Amount	Redemption Date	Redemption Price
1995 Series A	July 1, 2006	5,055,000	July 1, 2005	Par
	July 1, 2007	<u>5,330,000</u>		
		10,385,000		
1996 Series A	July 1, 2007	5,565,000	July 1, 2006	Par
	July 1, 2008	<u>5,860,000</u>		
		11,425,000		
1998 Series B	July 1, 2012	5,905,000	July 1, 2009	Par
	July 1, 2013	6,180,000		
	July 1, 2014	6,475,000		
	July 1, 2015	<u>6,790,000</u>		
		25,350,000		
2000 Series A	July 1, 2015	11,300,000	July 1, 2010	Par
	July 1, 2016	11,900,000		
	July 1, 2017	<u>12,500,000</u>		
		35,700,000		
2002 Series A	July 1, 2014	<u>9,850,000</u>	July 1, 2014	Par
		<u>\$92,710,000</u>		

4. DEFEASED REVENUE BONDS (Continued)

The revenue bonds defeased by 2005 Series A that remain outstanding were as follows:

Series	Maturity	Principal Amount	Redemption Date	Redemption Price
1995 Series A	July 1, 2005	\$ 1,100,000	N/A	N/A
1998 Series B	July 1, 2005	\$ 4,380,000	N/A	N/A
2000 Series A	July 1, 2018	13,200,000	July 1, 2010	Par
	July 1, 2019	14,000,000		
	July 1, 2020	14,700,000		
	July 1, 2021	<u>15,500,000</u>		
		57,400,000		
2002 Series 1	July 1, 2014	10,070,000	July 1, 2012	Par
	July 1, 2015	10,650,000		
	July 1, 2016	10,685,000		
	July 1, 2017	<u>11,295,000</u>		
		42,700,000		
2002 Series 2	July 1, 2020	13,720,000	July 1, 2012	Par
2002 Series A	July 1, 2015	10,345,000	July 1, 2013	Par
	July 1, 2016	<u>10,860,000</u>		
		21,205,000		
2003 Series A	July 1, 2015	12,315,000	July 1, 2014	Par
	July 1, 2016	12,930,000		
	July 1, 2017	<u>13,580,000</u>		
		<u>38,825,000</u>		
		<u>\$179,330,000</u>		
Total defeased bonds outstanding at June 30, 2005:		<u>\$447,140,000</u>		

5. DEBT SERVICE RESERVE FUND REQUIREMENT

The General Resolution creates a Reserve Fund and provides that it shall be used to make up any deficiency in the Redemption Fund for the payment of principal of and interest on all of the-then Outstanding Bonds. Each Series Resolution must set forth the Debt Service Reserve Requirement, if any, for that Series.

In the past, it was generally the practice of the State to fund the Reserve Fund at an amount equal to the maximum annual interest (fiscal year basis) due on the-then Outstanding Bonds. In determining the maximum annual interest, the State subtracts any accrued interest or other amounts irrevocably deposited with the Trustee for payment of interest.

The General Resolution provides that in lieu of a deposit to the Reserve Fund of an amount equal to the Debt Service Reserve Requirement, the State may provide for a letter of credit, municipal bond insurance policy, surety bond or other type of agreement or arrangement with an entity having, at the time of entering into such agreement or arrangement, a credit rating equal to or greater than the Bonds.

On May 27, 1993, and in conjunction with the issuance of the 1993 Bonds, the State began funding the Debt Service Reserve Requirement with an irrevocable surety bond ("Surety Bond") issued by Ambac Assurance Corporation ("Ambac Assurance"). In conjunction with the sale of the 1994 Bonds, the 1995 Bonds, the 1996 Bonds, the 2000 Bonds, the 2001 Bonds, and the 2002 Series A Bonds, the Surety Bond was exchanged for a larger Surety Bond that funded the Debt Service Reserve Requirement for all the-then Outstanding Bonds. The Surety Bond amount of \$51,258,600 at June 30, 2005 is noncancelable until it expires on the earlier of July 1, 2023 or when all Bonds are paid-in-full. In connection with the 2003 Series A issue, the State cash funded the Debt Service Reserve Requirement rather than obtaining a Surety Bond. On November 25, 2003, \$9,093,000 of the proceeds from 2003 Series A was placed in the Reserve Fund. At June 30, 2005, the balance of this separate reserve fund had increased to \$9,215,686 due to investment income.

6. COMMITMENTS

The Department and the State are currently authorized by State Statutes to use bond proceeds for right-of-way acquisition and construction of major highway projects and certain transportation facilities. The Department has statutory authority (as amended) as of June 30, 2005, to issue a total of \$2,095,583,900 of revenue obligations (excluding defeased bonds), in order to partially finance the costs of the authorized projects, in addition to proceeds from State general obligation debt, federal aid and other money in the Transportation Fund of the State of Wisconsin. As of June 30, 2005, the Department has remaining authority to issue \$186,333,146 of additional obligations.

2005 Wisconsin Act 25, enacted on July 26, 2005, increased the Department's statutory limit on revenue obligations to \$2,324,377,900.

7. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Program's investment policies are governed by the General Resolution and Wisconsin Statutes. The Program is authorized to invest in direct obligations of or obligations guaranteed by the United States, obligations of agencies created or sponsored by an Act of Congress, obligations of any state or municipality that are rated in either of the two highest rating categories by a nationally recognized bond rating agency, bankers acceptances and certificates of deposit from banks with combined capital and surplus aggregating at least \$100 million whose securities are rated within the two highest rating categories assigned by a nationally recognized rating agency, corporate commercial paper given the highest rating by Standard & Poor's Corporation and Moody's Investors Service, Inc., and a fund whose assets consist of direct obligations or obligations guaranteed by the United States or obligations of agencies created or sponsored by Congress. Program assets are to be invested in the highest yielding authorized securities, with maturity or redemption dates coinciding as closely as possible with cash flow and liquidity needs of Program operations.

For fiscal year 2005, the trustee invested the Program's assets in money market funds, U.S. government securities, and federal agency securities. These Program assets are reported at cost. The following table summarizes the cost and fair market value for each of the investments:

Investment Type	June 30, 2005	
	Cost	Fair Value
Money market fund	\$125,441,583	\$125,441,583
U.S. government securities	1,446,491	1,445,719
Federal agency securities	<u>1,377,780</u>	<u>1,391,256</u>
Total	<u>\$128,265,854</u>	<u>\$128,278,558</u>

The money market fund consists of JP Morgan 100% U.S. Treasury Securities Money Market Fund 3163, which invests exclusively in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, including Treasury bills, bonds and notes. The federal agency securities are Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Discount Notes. The U.S. government securities are U.S. Treasury Notes.

Investments of the Program are subject to various risks:

- Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, the Program will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. Securities of the U.S. government and its agency were registered and held by the Program's agent in the Program's name. Money market funds are not insured or collateralized.
- Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This risk is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization, such as Standard & Poor's, Moody's, and Fitch Ratings. As of June 30, 2005, the U.S. Treasury Notes were rated AAA; the remaining investments were not rated.

7. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

- Concentration of credit risk may be a concern if investments in any one issuer represent 5 percent or more of net Program assets, excluding investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments. Concentration of credit risk is not addressed in the Program's investment requirements. As of June 30, 2005, 98% of the Program's assets were invested in a money market fund; however, this fund solely invests in U.S. government securities.
- Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. As of June 30, 2005, the federal agency securities will mature in six months, \$1.4 million in U.S. Treasury notes will mature in 12 months, and \$41,614 in U.S. Treasury notes will mature in 18 months.
- Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in currency exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Foreign currency holdings are not specifically addressed in the Program's investment requirements; however, no investments denominated in foreign currency were held by the Program as of June 30, 2005.

8. ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

The Program is not charged for certain departmental administrative expenses incurred by the State of Wisconsin related to the operation of the Program. All such costs are charged to the Transportation Fund of the State of Wisconsin. Program expenses include expenses of the trustee, audit fees and other expenses of the Program.

9. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On September 29, 2005, the State issued 2005 Series B Transportation Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$158,400,000. Interest rates are fixed and range from 4.0% to 5.0% depending on the maturity, interest is payable semiannually. The bonds are due in various maturities beginning in 2007, with final maturity in 2025. The bonds are being used to finance certain State transportation facilities and highway projects and to pay for costs of issuance.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
REVENUE BOND PROGRAM

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF MONTHLY MOTOR VEHICLE REGISTRATION AND REGISTRATION-RELATED FEES RETAINED BY TRUSTEE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

Month	Program Expense	Program Income	1993 Series A	1994 Series A	1995 Series A	1996 Series A	1998 Series A	1998 Series B	2000 Series A	2001 Series A	2002 Series 1	2002 Series 2	2002 Series A	2003 Series A	2004 Series 1	2005 Series A	Total
July 2004	\$ 156,100	\$ (66,501)	\$ 2,560,356	\$ 1,268,575	\$ 1,386,356	\$ 1,566,591	\$ 4,040,784	\$ 2,046,052	\$ 1,254,605	\$ 2,970,809	\$ 6,121,855	\$ 907,519	\$ 3,796,157	\$ 4,844,279			\$ 32,853,535
October 2004	102,025	135	2,561,000		1,258,000	1,414,000	4,050,000	1,731,000	772,000	2,973,000	6,124,000	912,000	3,736,000	4,906,000	\$ 1,201,000		31,742,160
January 2005			2,525,000		1,190,000	1,239,000	3,996,000	1,396,000	772,000	2,933,000	6,043,000	909,000	3,567,000		2,194,000		26,764,000
March 2005	105,455	(169)														\$ 1,381,922	1,487,208
April 2005	89,150	(1,030)	2,488,700		65,000	1,370,000	3,931,600	1,170,800		4,608,900	674,000	518,200	3,112,800	1,133,100	420,400	1,385,000	20,966,620
	<u>\$ 452,730</u>	<u>\$ (67,565)</u>	<u>\$ 10,135,056</u>	<u>\$ 1,268,575</u>	<u>\$ 3,899,356</u>	<u>\$ 5,589,591</u>	<u>\$ 16,018,384</u>	<u>\$ 6,343,852</u>	<u>\$ 2,798,605</u>	<u>\$ 13,485,709</u>	<u>\$ 18,962,855</u>	<u>\$ 3,246,719</u>	<u>\$ 14,213,957</u>	<u>\$ 10,883,379</u>	<u>\$ 3,815,400</u>	<u>\$ 2,766,922</u>	<u>\$ 113,813,523</u>

July amounts are net of excess motor vehicle registration fees that were returned to the Wisconsin Department of Transportation.

**WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
REVENUE BOND PROGRAM**

**SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - BONDS OUTSTANDING - 1993 SERIES A
JUNE 30, 2005**

Maturity July 1,	Rate (%)	Principal
2005	4.50	\$ 6,645,000
2006	4.60	6,955,000
2007	4.70	13,090,000
2008	4.75	13,725,000
2009	4.80	14,395,000
2010	4.90	6,620,000
2011	5.00	6,945,000
2012	4.75	<u>7,290,000</u>
		<u>\$ 75,665,000</u>

**WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
REVENUE BOND PROGRAM**

**SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - BONDS OUTSTANDING - 1995 SERIES A
JUNE 30, 2005**

Maturity July 1,	Rate (%)	Principal
2005	4.80	\$ 3,700,000

**WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
REVENUE BOND PROGRAM**

**SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - BONDS OUTSTANDING - 1996 SERIES A
JUNE 30, 2005**

Maturity July 1,	Rate (%)	Principal
2005	6.00	\$ 5,035,000
2006	6.00	<u>5,290,000</u>
		<u>\$ 10,325,000</u>

**WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
REVENUE BOND PROGRAM**

**SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - BONDS OUTSTANDING - 1998 SERIES A
JUNE 30, 2005**

Maturity July 1,	Rate (%)	Principal
2005	5.00	\$ 9,530,000
2006	5.00	10,355,000
2007	5.00	5,310,000
2008	5.00	5,590,000
2009	5.50	6,625,000
2010	5.50	7,345,000
2011	5.50	14,665,000
2012	5.50	22,580,000
2013	5.50	16,915,000
2014	5.50	7,915,000
2015	5.50	8,360,000
2016	5.50	8,825,000
		<hr/>
		<u>\$ 124,015,000</u>

**WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
REVENUE BOND PROGRAM**

**SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - BONDS OUTSTANDING - 1998 SERIES B
JUNE 30, 2005**

Maturity July 1,	Rate (%)	Principal
2006	4.25	\$ 4,565,000
2007	4.25	4,755,000
2008	4.25	4,955,000
2009	5.25	5,170,000
2016	5.00	7,125,000
2017	4.75	7,480,000
2018	4.75	7,850,000
2019	4.75	8,245,000
		<hr/>
		\$ 50,145,000
		<hr/> <hr/>

**WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
REVENUE BOND PROGRAM**

**SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - BONDS OUTSTANDING - 2001 SERIES A
JUNE 30, 2005**

Maturity July 1,	Rate (%)	Principal
2005	3.00	\$ 6,015,000
2006	4.00	6,355,000
2007	5.00	16,675,000
2008	5.00	12,385,000
2009	5.00	13,000,000
2010	5.00	13,655,000
2011	5.00	14,330,000
2012	4.00	2,990,000
2013	4.10	3,140,000
2014	4.25	3,295,000
2015	4.25	3,460,000
2016	4.50	3,630,000
2017	4.50	3,815,000
2018	4.60	4,005,000
2019	4.70	4,205,000
2020	4.90	4,415,000
2021	4.90	4,635,000
2022	4.90	4,870,000
		<hr/>
		<u>\$ 124,875,000</u>

**WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
REVENUE BOND PROGRAM**

**SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - BONDS OUTSTANDING - 2002 SERIES 1
JUNE 30, 2005**

Maturity July 1,	Rate (%)	Principal
2005	5.00	\$ 13,175,000
2006	5.25	18,090,000
2007	5.25	8,310,000
2008	5.50	8,750,000
2009	5.50	15,165,000
2010	5.50	17,685,000
2011	5.50	11,785,000
2012	5.50	9,170,000
2013	5.75	14,545,000
2014	5.75	14,965,000
2015	5.75	7,355,000
2018	5.125	11,950,000
2019	5.125	12,565,000
		<hr/>
		\$ 163,510,000
		<hr/> <hr/>

**WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
REVENUE BOND PROGRAM**

**SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - BONDS OUTSTANDING - 2002 SERIES 2
JUNE 30, 2005**

Maturity July 1,	Rate (%)	Principal
2005	3.125	\$ 10,000
2006	3.375	10,000
2007	3.625	10,000
2008	5.00	5,265,000
2009	4.00	10,000
2010	4.125	15,000
2011	4.25	15,000
2012	4.30	15,000
2013	5.50	9,815,000
2014	5.50	10,295,000
2015	4.625	15,000
2016	4.75	15,000
2017	4.75	15,000
2018	4.875	20,000
2019	5.00	20,000
2021	5.125	14,455,000
2022	5.125	15,200,000
		<hr/>
		\$ 55,200,000

**WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
REVENUE BOND PROGRAM**

**SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - BONDS OUTSTANDING - 2002 SERIES A
JUNE 30, 2005**

Maturity July 1,	Rate (%)	Principal
2005	3.00	\$ 6,350,000
2006	3.00	6,670,000
2007	3.00	7,000,000
2008	5.00	7,350,000
2009	4.00	7,720,000
2010	5.00	8,105,000
2011	5.00	8,510,000
2012	5.00	8,935,000
2013	5.00	9,385,000
2017	5.00	11,405,000
2018	5.00	11,975,000
2019	5.00	12,575,000
2020	5.00	13,205,000
2021	4.75	13,865,000
2022	4.60	14,560,000
2023	4.75	15,285,000
		<hr/>
		\$ 162,895,000

**WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
REVENUE BOND PROGRAM**

**SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - BONDS OUTSTANDING - 2003 SERIES A
JUNE 30, 2005**

Maturity July 1,	Rate (%)	Principal
2005	2.50	\$ 7,560,000
2006	4.00	7,940,000
2007	4.00	8,335,000
2008	5.00	8,750,000
2009	3.00	9,190,000
2010	5.00	9,650,000
2011	5.00	10,130,000
2012	5.00	10,640,000
2013	5.00	11,170,000
2014	5.00	11,730,000
2018	5.00	14,255,000
2019	5.00	14,970,000
2020	5.00	15,720,000
2021	5.00	16,505,000
2022	5.00	17,330,000
2023	5.00	18,195,000
2024	5.00	19,105,000
		<hr/>
		\$ 211,175,000

**WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
REVENUE BOND PROGRAM**

**SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - BONDS OUTSTANDING - 2004 SERIES 1
JUNE 30, 2005**

Maturity July 1,	Rate (%)	Principal
2005	6.00	\$ 3,100,000
2006	5.00	5,080,000
2007	5.00	10,925,000
2008	5.00	5,880,000
2012	5.25	5,760,000
2013	5.25	6,185,000
2014	5.25	16,345,000
2015	5.25	18,150,000
2016	5.25	11,955,000
2017	5.25	12,525,000
		<hr/>
		\$ 95,905,000
		<hr/>

**WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
REVENUE BOND PROGRAM**

**SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - BONDS OUTSTANDING - 2005 SERIES A
JUNE 30, 2005**

Maturity July 1,	Rate (%)	Principal
2006	3.00	\$ 330,000
2007	3.00	340,000
2008	3.00	350,000
2009	3.00	360,000
2010	3.00	375,000
2011	3.125	385,000
2012	3.25	395,000
2013	3.375	410,000
2014	5.25	10,495,000
2015	5.25	33,705,000
2016	5.00 & 5.25 (1)	34,865,000
2017	5.00	25,210,000
2018	5.00	13,430,000
2019	5.00	14,205,000
2020	5.00	28,575,000
2021	5.00	15,555,000
2022	5.00	13,130,000
2023	5.00	13,790,000
2024	5.00	14,480,000
2025	5.00	15,200,000
		<u>\$ 235,585,000</u>

(1) \$20,000,000 @ 5.00% and \$14,865,000 @ 5.25%

Total Bonds Outstanding \$ 1,312,995,000

UNAUDITED INFORMATION

The following information has been prepared by the Wisconsin Department of Transportation and is unaudited.

Unaudited Information

**WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
REVENUE OBLIGATION PROGRAM**

**Schedule of Program Revenue (Unaudited)
For the Years Ended June 30, 2005 and 2004**

Date	Section 341.25 Registration Fees			Interest Earnings on 341.25 Revenues	Title Transaction Fees	Counter Service Fees and Personalized License Plates		Other Miscellaneous Vehicle Registration & Related Fees	Total Program Revenues
	Registration Non-IRP	IRP Revenues (2)	Subtotal			Subtotal (1)			
July, 2004	\$ 25,298,671	\$ 2,526,049	\$ 27,824,721		\$ 3,477,144	\$ 863,135	\$ 32,165,000	\$ 1,381,499	\$ 33,546,499
August, 2004	25,384,942	1,952,220	27,337,162		3,639,168	872,132	31,848,463	1,233,925	33,082,387
September, 2004	23,913,000	2,895,625	26,808,625		3,626,538	766,436	31,201,600	1,128,225	32,329,825
October, 2004	21,619,163	3,707,012	25,326,174		3,529,641	738,894	29,594,709	1,087,982	30,682,692
November, 2004	27,263,420	3,304,980	30,568,400		3,066,465	665,478	34,300,343	1,594,625	35,894,967
December, 2004	27,844,301	2,947,257	30,791,558		1,914,027	538,779	33,244,365	661,973	33,906,337
January, 2005	27,388,258	2,570,346	29,958,604		2,260,139	675,159	32,893,902	578,059	33,471,961
February, 2005	19,596,088	4,447,970	24,044,059		2,628,126	544,727	27,216,911	624,794	27,841,705
March, 2005	27,701,677	6,418,883	34,120,560		3,557,632	792,299	38,470,490	760,779	39,231,270
April, 2005	31,714,725	9,031,727	40,746,453		3,470,154	894,269	45,110,876	713,119	45,823,994
May, 2005	27,476,170	7,063,738	34,539,908		3,112,925	848,353	38,501,186	723,485	39,224,671
June, 2005	29,205,770	2,728,887	31,934,657		3,421,422	880,456	36,236,535	761,297	36,997,832
TOTAL for the Year ended June 30, 2005	\$ 314,406,186	\$ 49,594,695	\$ 364,000,881	\$ 3,561,669	\$ 37,703,381	\$ 9,080,116	\$ 414,278,481	\$ 11,249,762	\$ 425,528,243
July, 2003	\$ 22,173,568	\$ 2,684,719	\$ 24,858,287		\$ 2,321,722	\$ 1,016,655	\$ 28,196,664	\$ 1,248,298	\$ 29,444,962
August, 2003	19,424,898	2,549,979	21,974,877		2,150,972	916,018	25,041,868	1,021,947	26,063,815
September, 2003	22,884,218	2,690,085	25,574,303		2,296,038	916,025	28,786,366	1,054,837	29,841,203
October, 2003 (3)	21,264,415	5,089,275	26,353,690		3,080,446	880,568	30,314,705	1,135,274	31,449,979
November, 2003	26,875,004	2,098,773	28,973,777		2,867,238	717,802	32,558,816	1,417,414	33,976,230
December, 2003	32,391,979	3,216,953	35,608,931		2,483,799	708,060	38,800,791	1,985,689	40,786,479
January, 2004	24,065,102	2,214,227	26,279,329		2,731,248	769,055	29,779,631	3,336,107	33,115,739
February, 2004	22,467,762	4,044,935	26,512,696		2,733,184	788,164	30,034,045	2,646,843	32,680,888
March, 2004	29,799,996	8,928,753	38,728,749		3,514,451	988,986	43,232,186	1,745,757	44,977,942
April, 2004	28,602,671	5,555,020	34,157,691		3,648,258	967,953	38,773,902	1,383,612	40,157,514
May, 2004	24,880,742	5,804,612	30,685,354		3,417,645	855,413	34,958,412	1,349,715	36,308,127
June, 2004	27,227,652	3,655,188	30,882,839		3,933,864	869,985	35,686,689	1,507,536	37,194,225
TOTAL for the Year ended June 30, 2004	\$ 302,058,005	\$ 48,532,519	\$ 350,590,524	\$ 1,032,382	\$ 35,178,866	\$ 10,394,684	\$ 397,196,456	\$ 19,833,030	\$ 417,029,486

- (1) This is the amount of Program Revenue for which the State has undertaken to provide continuing disclosure and the amount of Program Revenue that will be used for determining the debt service coverage ratio and the additional bonds test.
- (2) IRP - The International Registration Plan is a multi-state compact for collecting and sharing large truck registration fees. Under the IRP, the registration fees on trucks involved in multi-state commercial activity are collected by the state in which the company is headquartered and are split between the participating states on the basis of proportionate mileage.
- (3) The State of Wisconsin's FY 2003-05 Biennial Budget (2003 Wis. Act 33) included provisions which affected the Program. Annual vehicle registration fees were increased from \$45 to \$55, effective October 1, 2003. Act 33 also expanded the revenue pledged for repayment of debt to include title transaction fees, counter service fees and personalized license plates, and other miscellaneous vehicle registration and related fees. On October 15, 2003, the State of Wisconsin Building Commission approved a supplement to the General Resolution to reflect all of the provisions of Act 33.

Source: Wisconsin Department of Transportation

Unaudited Information

**WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
REVENUE BOND PROGRAM**

Schedule of Motor Vehicle Registration and Registration-Related Fees--Cash Basis (Unaudited)
For the Years Ended June 30, 2005 and 2004

	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>
Motor Vehicle Registration and Related Fees Collected	\$ 421,966,574	\$ 415,997,104
Less:		
Motor Vehicle Registration and Related Fees Retained by Trustee for Commercial Paper Program	(8,230,028)	(6,908,094)
Motor Vehicle Registration and Related Fees Available for Transportation Fund	<u>(299,923,023)</u>	<u>(302,971,669)</u>
Motor Vehicle Registration and Related Fees Retained by Trustee for Revenue Bond Program	<u>\$ 113,813,523</u>	<u>\$ 106,117,341</u>

Source: Wisconsin Department of Transportation

**WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
COMMERCIAL PAPER PROGRAM
TRANSPORTATION REVENUE COMMERCIAL
PAPER NOTES OF 1997, SERIES A**

**Statement of Cash Receipts and Disbursements
for the Year Ended June 30, 2005
with Independent Auditors' Report**

**WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
COMMERCIAL PAPER PROGRAM
TRANSPORTATION REVENUE COMMERCIAL PAPER
NOTES OF 1997, SERIES A**

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	1
STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2005	2
NOTES TO STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS	3 - 6
UNAUDITED INFORMATION	
Schedule of Program Revenue	7
Schedule of Motor Vehicle Registration and Registration-Related Fees - Cash Basis	8



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Wisconsin Department of Transportation

We have audited the accompanying statement of cash receipts and disbursements of the Transportation Revenue Commercial Paper Notes of 1997, Series A, of the Wisconsin Department of Transportation Commercial Paper Program (the "Program") for the year ended June 30, 2005. This statement is the responsibility of the Wisconsin Department of Transportation. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this statement based on our audit. The prior year summarized comparative information has been derived from the Program's statement of cash receipts and disbursements for the year ended June 30, 2004 audited by other auditors who expressed an unqualified opinion on the statement.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the statement. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by the Program, as well as evaluating the overall statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described in Note 2 to the financial statement, this financial statement was prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the 2005 financial statement presents fairly, in all material respects, the cash receipts and disbursements of the Transportation Revenue Commercial Paper Notes of 1997, Series A, of the Wisconsin Department of Transportation Commercial Paper Program for the year ended June 30, 2005, on the basis of accounting described in Note 2.

The information identified in the table of contents as Unaudited Information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the statement of cash receipts and disbursements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the statement of cash receipts and disbursements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Schenck SC

Certified Public Accountants
Green Bay, Wisconsin
October 14, 2005

**WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
COMMERCIAL PAPER PROGRAM
TRANSPORTATION REVENUE COMMERCIAL PAPER
NOTES OF 1997, SERIES A**

**STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005
WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004**

	2005	2004
CASH AND INVESTMENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$ 6,140,261	\$ 5,828,073
RECEIPTS:		
Motor vehicle registration fees retained by Trustee	8,230,028	6,908,094
Investment (loss) income	143,302	(25,906)
	<u>8,373,330</u>	<u>6,882,188</u>
Total receipts		
DISBURSEMENTS:		
Debt service - principal	5,825,000	5,550,000
Debt service - interest	1,808,000	1,020,000
	<u>7,633,000</u>	<u>6,570,000</u>
Total disbursements		
CASH AND INVESTMENTS, END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 6,880,591</u>	<u>\$ 6,140,261</u>
Cash and investments reserved for debt service	<u>\$ 6,880,591</u>	<u>\$ 6,140,261</u>

See notes to statement of cash receipts and disbursements.

WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION COMMERCIAL PAPER PROGRAM TRANSPORTATION REVENUE COMMERCIAL PAPER NOTES OF 1997, SERIES A

NOTES TO STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

1. NATURE OF PROGRAM

The Transportation Revenue Commercial Paper Program (the "Program") originated on April 23, 1997, pursuant to the adoption of the Program Resolution by the State of Wisconsin Building Commission. The purpose of the Program is to provide financing for the construction, maintenance and repair of certain major highway projects and transportation facilities and to pay interest due on maturing notes. Receipts provided from motor vehicle registration fees and vehicle registration-related fees are used to service the Program's debt. The Wisconsin Department of Transportation ("Department") is responsible for managing the construction projects and the collection of motor vehicle registration fees and vehicle registration-related fees.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Cash Receipts and Disbursements Basis of Accounting—The statement of cash receipts and disbursements presents the Program's cash receipts and disbursements, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under this basis of accounting, cash receipts are recorded when received and disbursements are recorded when paid. The cash and investments balance is presented at cost.

The Department has entered into trust agreements with J.P. Morgan Trust Company, National Association (legal successor to Bank One Trust Company National Association) (the "Trustee"), relating to the creation and administration of the Transportation Revenue Commercial Paper Notes of 1997, Series A. Among other provisions, the trust agreements, in conjunction with the General Resolution, specify those funds to be created and maintained, the timing and flow of monies through the funds, and the procedure to be followed for the redemption of the notes. It is the Program directors' view that the statement of cash receipts and disbursements along with the related notes meet the reporting requirements of the trust agreements.

Receipts and Disbursements—

Motor Vehicle Registration Fees Retained by Trustee - Motor vehicle registration fees and vehicle registration-related fees retained by trustee are recorded at time of impounding, when transfer of possession occurs.

Investment Income - Investment income is recorded when received and includes realized gains and losses on sales or maturities of investments.

Debt Service - Principal and Interest - Cash payments for debt service are recorded when paid. Notes payable that mature and are replaced with new notes are not reflected in the statement of cash receipts and disbursements as there is no cash receipt or cash disbursement.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Cash and Investments –

The Program's investment policies are governed by the General Resolution and Wisconsin Statutes. The Program is authorized to invest in direct obligations of or obligations guaranteed by the United States, obligations of agencies created or sponsored by an Act of Congress, obligations of any state or municipality that are rated in either of the two highest rating categories by a nationally recognized bond rating agency, bankers acceptances and certificates of deposit from banks with combined capital and surplus aggregating at least \$100 million whose securities are rated within the two highest rating categories assigned by a nationally recognized rating agency, corporate commercial paper given the highest rating by Standard & Poor's Corporation and Moody's Investors Service, Inc., and a fund whose assets consist of direct obligations or obligations guaranteed by the United States or obligations of agencies created or sponsored by Congress. Program assets are to be invested in the highest yielding authorized securities, with maturity or redemption dates coinciding as closely as possible with cash flow and liquidity needs of Program operations.

For fiscal year 2005, the trustee invested the Program's assets in money market funds, U.S. government securities, and federal agency securities. These Program assets are reported at cost, which approximates their fair market value. As of June 30, 2005, \$6,880,591 was invested in JP Morgan 100% U.S. Treasury Securities Money Market Fund 3163. This money market fund invests exclusively in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, including Treasury bills, bonds and notes.

Investments of the Program are subject to various risks:

- Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, the Program will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. Money market funds are not insured or collateralized.
- Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This risk is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization, such as Standard & Poor's, Moody's, and Fitch Ratings. As of June 30, 2005, the money market fund was not rated.
- Concentration of credit risk may be a concern if investments in any one issuer represent 5 percent or more of net Program assets, excluding investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments. Concentration of credit risk is not addressed in the Program's investment requirements. As of June 30, 2005, all of the Program's assets were invested in a money market fund; however, this fund solely invests in U.S. government securities.
- Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. Money market funds are liquid, having no future maturity dates.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in currency exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Foreign currency holdings are not specifically addressed in the Program's investment requirements; however, no investments denominated in foreign currency were held by the Program as of June 30, 2005.

3. NOTES PAYABLE

The notes consist of interest-bearing obligations which are issued in initial denominations of \$100,000 and additional increments of \$1,000 above \$100,000. There are notes payable outstanding of \$120,003,000 and \$125,828,000 at June 30, 2005 and 2004, respectively. At June 30, 2005, the notes had maturities ranging from July 15, 2005 to October 7, 2005 with a weighted average interest rate of 2.58%.

The notes are issued pursuant to Subchapter II of Chapter 18 of the Wisconsin Statutes as amended, Section 84.59 of the Wisconsin Statutes and a Program Resolution and a series resolution adopted by the State of Wisconsin Building Commission. The notes are revenue obligations of the State of Wisconsin ("State"), payable solely from the Subordinated Debt Service Fund (see Note 4).

The notes are collateralized by a pledge of income derived from vehicle registration fees ("Program Income") under Section 341.25 of the Wisconsin Statutes and vehicle registration – related fees, as collected by the Trustee. The notes are subordinate to the pledge of Program Income for payment of the State Transportation Revenue Bonds outstanding. Vehicle registration fees collected in excess of the amount needed to service this Program and the outstanding State Transportation Revenue Bonds are transferred to the Department pursuant to the General Resolution of the State of Wisconsin Building Commission.

The State expects to pay the principal on the notes with the proceeds of additional notes until the State provides permanent financing through the issuance of long-term transportation revenue bonds for the projects which are being initially financed by the notes.

In order to assure the timely payment of principal and interest on the notes, the State obtained a credit agreement (the liquidity facility agreement) on May 7, 1997, which provided a commitment for the issuance of an irrevocable letter of credit in the stated amount up to \$188,600,000. On May 6, 2002, the State replaced the irrevocable letter of credit with a line of credit. The line of credit currently has a commitment amount of \$130,000,000, which expires December 15, 2015. As outlined in the credit agreement, this commitment is subject to early termination and the scheduled termination date can also be extended.

The notes will mature no later than 270 days from the date of issuance provided that a liquidity facility agreement is in effect. No notes may be issued with a maturity date after the stated expiration of the liquidity facility agreement or after the stated date of a substitute liquidity facility agreement. The principal of and interest on the notes will be paid at maturity and are not callable prior to maturity. Each note bears interest from its date of issuance, at the rate determined on the date of issuance (which may not exceed 12% per annum).

The State is not generally liable on the notes, nor are the projects financed by the notes pledged as collateral.

4. SUBORDINATED DEBT SERVICE FUND

The General Resolution creates a Subordinated Debt Service Reserve Fund which is intended to be used to provide for the payment of principal and interest of the notes from Program Income deposited into this fund. The pledge of such Program Income to payment of the notes is subordinate to the pledge of Program Income to payment of outstanding State Transportation Revenue Bonds.

5. COMMITMENTS

The Department and the State are currently authorized by State Statutes to use note proceeds for right-of-way acquisition and construction of projects comprising major highway projects and certain transportation facilities. The Program resolution has authority to issue notes totaling \$275,000,000 (including the 1997, Series A notes), in order to partially finance the costs of the authorized projects, in addition to proceeds from State general obligation debt, federal aid and other money in the Transportation Fund.

6. ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

The Program is not charged for certain departmental administrative expenses related to the operation of the Program. All such costs are charged to the Transportation Fund of the State of Wisconsin. Expenses related to trustee fees, bond rating fees, audit fees and other expenses of the Program are paid by the Revenue Bond Program.

* * * * *

UNAUDITED INFORMATION

The following information has been prepared by the Wisconsin Department of Transportation and is unaudited.

Unaudited Information

**WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
REVENUE OBLIGATION PROGRAM**

Schedule of Program Revenue (Unaudited)
For the Years Ended June 30, 2005 and 2004

Date	Section 341.25 Registration Fees			Interest Earnings on 341.25 Revenues	Title Transaction Fees	Counter Service Fees and Personalized License Plates		Other Miscellaneous Vehicle Registration & Related Fees	Total Program Revenues
	Registration Non-IRP	IRP Revenues (2)	Subtotal			Subtotal (1)			
July, 2004	\$ 25,298,671	\$ 2,526,049	\$ 27,824,721		\$ 3,477,144	\$ 863,135	\$ 32,165,000	\$ 1,381,499	\$ 33,546,499
August, 2004	25,384,942	1,952,220	27,337,162		3,639,168	872,132	31,848,463	1,233,925	33,082,387
September, 2004	23,913,000	2,895,625	26,808,625		3,626,538	766,436	31,201,600	1,128,225	32,329,825
October, 2004	21,619,163	3,707,012	25,326,174		3,529,641	738,894	29,594,709	1,087,982	30,682,692
November, 2004	27,263,420	3,304,980	30,568,400		3,066,465	665,478	34,300,343	1,594,625	35,894,967
December, 2004	27,844,301	2,947,257	30,791,558		1,914,027	538,779	33,244,365	661,973	33,906,337
January, 2005	27,388,258	2,570,346	29,958,604		2,260,139	675,159	32,893,902	578,059	33,471,961
February, 2005	19,596,088	4,447,970	24,044,059		2,628,126	544,727	27,216,911	624,794	27,841,705
March, 2005	27,701,677	6,418,883	34,120,560		3,557,632	792,299	38,470,490	760,779	39,231,270
April, 2005	31,714,725	9,031,727	40,746,453		3,470,154	894,269	45,110,876	713,119	45,823,994
May, 2005	27,476,170	7,063,738	34,539,908		3,112,925	848,353	38,501,186	723,485	39,224,671
June, 2005	29,205,770	2,728,887	31,934,657		3,421,422	880,456	36,236,535	761,297	36,997,832
TOTAL for the Year ended June 30, 2005	\$ 314,406,186	\$ 49,594,695	\$ 364,000,881	\$ 3,561,669	\$ 37,703,381	\$ 9,080,116	\$ 414,278,481	\$ 11,249,762	\$ 425,528,243
July, 2003	\$ 22,173,568	\$ 2,684,719	\$ 24,858,287		\$ 2,321,722	\$ 1,016,655	\$ 28,196,664	\$ 1,248,298	\$ 29,444,962
August, 2003	19,424,898	2,549,979	21,974,877		2,150,972	916,018	25,041,868	1,021,947	26,063,815
September, 2003	22,884,218	2,690,085	25,574,303		2,296,038	916,025	28,786,366	1,054,837	29,841,203
October, 2003 (3)	21,264,415	5,089,275	26,353,690		3,080,446	880,568	30,314,705	1,135,274	31,449,979
November, 2003	26,875,004	2,098,773	28,973,777		2,867,238	717,802	32,558,816	1,417,414	33,976,230
December, 2003	32,391,979	3,216,953	35,608,931		2,483,799	708,060	38,800,791	1,985,689	40,786,479
January, 2004	24,065,102	2,214,227	26,279,329		2,731,248	769,055	29,779,631	3,336,107	33,115,739
February, 2004	22,467,762	4,044,935	26,512,696		2,733,184	788,164	30,034,045	2,646,843	32,680,888
March, 2004	29,799,996	8,928,753	38,728,749		3,514,451	988,986	43,232,186	1,745,757	44,977,942
April, 2004	28,602,671	5,555,020	34,157,691		3,648,258	967,953	38,773,902	1,383,612	40,157,514
May, 2004	24,880,742	5,804,612	30,685,354		3,417,645	855,413	34,958,412	1,349,715	36,308,127
June, 2004	27,227,652	3,655,188	30,882,839		3,933,864	869,985	35,686,689	1,507,536	37,194,225
TOTAL for the Year ended June 30, 2004	\$ 302,058,005	\$ 48,532,519	\$ 350,590,524	\$ 1,032,382	\$ 35,178,866	\$ 10,394,684	\$ 397,196,456	\$ 19,833,030	\$ 417,029,486

- (1) This is the amount of Program Revenue for which the State has undertaken to provide continuing disclosure and the amount of Program Revenue that will be used for determining the debt service coverage ratio and the additional bonds test.
- (2) IRP - The International Registration Plan is a multi-state compact for collecting and sharing large truck registration fees. Under the IRP, the registration fees on trucks involved in multi-state commercial activity are collected by the state in which the company is headquartered and are split between the participating states on the basis of proportionate mileage.
- (3) The State of Wisconsin's FY 2003-05 Biennial Budget (2003 Wis. Act 33) included provisions which affected the Program. Annual vehicle registration fees were increased from \$45 to \$55, effective October 1, 2003. Act 33 also expanded the revenue pledged for repayment of debt to include title transaction fees, counter service fees and personalized license plates, and other miscellaneous vehicle registration and related fees. On October 15, 2003, the State of Wisconsin Building Commission approved a supplement to the General Resolution to reflect all of the provisions of Act 33.

Source: Wisconsin Department of Transportation

Unaudited Information

**WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
COMMERCIAL PAPER PROGRAM**

Schedule of Motor Vehicle Registration and Registration-Related Fees--Cash Basis (Unaudited)
For the Years Ended June 30, 2005 and 2004

	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>
Motor Vehicle Registration and Related Fees Collected	\$ 421,966,574	\$ 415,997,104
Less:		
Motor Vehicle Registration and Related Fees Retained by Trustee for Revenue Bond Program	(113,813,523)	(106,117,341)
Motor Vehicle Registration and Related Fees Available for Transportation Fund	<u>(299,923,023)</u>	<u>(302,971,669)</u>
Motor Vehicle Registration and Related Fees Retained by Trustee for Commercial Paper Program	<u>\$ 8,230,028</u>	<u>\$ 6,908,094</u>

Source: Wisconsin Department of Transportation