



Interagency Workgroup on Homelessness

WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS



Introduction & Welcome



Kevin A. Carr, Secretary

Wisconsin Department of Corrections

Our Mission

- Protect the public, our staff and persons in our care.
- Provide services to those in our care that allow them to return to the community with the skills necessary to be successful.

Organizational Structure

- Division of Adult Institutions (DAI)
- Division of Community Corrections (DCC)
- Division of Juvenile Corrections (DJC)
- Division of Management Services (DMS)
- Office of the Secretary (OOS)

Strategic Priorities

- Operational Excellence
- Transparency and Public Accountability
- Workforce Investments
- Corrections Reform

DOC Population & Homelessness

- Among all prison releases in Fiscal Year 2020, approximately 177 (2.1%) indicated they were homeless.
 - 54.3% had a documented mental health condition, and 22.1% of those individuals had a serious condition (12.0% of all homeless releases)
- Of the 62,477 people on community supervision as of June 30, 2020 with address data, 1,247 (2.0%) indicated they were homeless.

Speaker Introductions

Division of Adult Institutions (DAI)

- Lisa Reible, Office of Programs and Services Director

Reentry Unit

- Silvia Jackson, Reentry Director

Division of Community Corrections (DCC)

- Autumn Lacy, DCC Assistant Administrator
- Joselyn Lopez, Corrections Services Supervisor

Division of Adult Institutions

LISA REIBLE



Our Mission

- The Division of Adult Institutions (DAI) protects the public through secure and humane treatment of inmates committed to its custody and affords inmates the opportunity to gain skills and insight into their criminal behavior that are needed to support a crime-free life upon release to the community.

DAI Administration

- 36 Correctional Institutions and Centers
- Office of Management and Budget (OMB)
- Office of Program Services (OPS)
- Security Office
- Bureau of Health Services (BHS)
- Bureau of Offender Classification & Movement (BOCM)
- Bureau of Correctional Enterprises (BCE)

Male Correctional Facilities

MAXIMUM SECURITY

- Columbia Correctional Institution (CCI)
- Dodge Correctional Institution (DCI)
- Green Bay Correctional Institution (GBCI)
- Waupun Correctional Institution (WCI)
- Wisconsin Secure Program Facility (WSPF)

Male Correctional Facilities

MEDIUM SECURITY

- Jackson Correctional Institution (JCI)
- Kettle Moraine Correctional Institution (KMCI)
- Milwaukee Secure Detention Facility (MSDF)
- New Lisbon Correctional Institution (NLCI)
- Oshkosh Correctional Institution (OSCI)
- Prairie du Chien Correctional Institution (PDCI)
- Racine Correctional Institution (RCI)
- Racine Youthful Offender Correctional Facility (RYOCF)
- Redgranite Correctional Institution (RGCI)
- Stanley Correctional Institution (SCI)

Male Correctional Facilities

MINIMUM SECURITY

- Chippewa Valley Correctional Treatment Facility
- Oakhill Correctional Institution (OCI)
- Sturtevant Transitional Facility (STF)
- Wisconsin Correctional Center System (WCCS)
 - Black River Correctional Center (BRCC)
 - Drug Abuse Correctional Center (DACC)
 - Felmers O. Chaney Correctional Center (FCCC)
 - Flambeau Correctional Center (FCC)
 - Gordon Correctional Center (GCC)
- John C. Burke Correctional Center (JBCC)
- Kenosha Correctional Center (KCC)
- Marshall E. Sherrer Correctional Center (MSCC)
- McNaughton Correctional Center (MCC)
- Oregon Correctional Center (OCC)
- Sanger B. Powers Correctional Center (SPCC)
- St. Croix Correctional Center (SCCC)
- Thompson Correctional Center (TCC)
- Winnebago Correctional Center (WCC)

Female Correctional Facilities

- Wisconsin Women's Correctional System (WWCS)
 - Taycheedah Correctional Institution (TCI)
 - Milwaukee Women's Correctional Center (MWCC)
 - Robert E. Ellsworth Correctional Center (REECC)

Treatment Opportunities

FOR PERSONS IN OUR CARE

DAI Primary Treatment Programs

- Anger Management
- Substance Use Disorder
 - Includes the Earned Release Program and Challenge Incarceration Program
- Cognitive Behavioral Programming
- Domestic Violence Programming
- Sex Offender Treatment
- Employment Programming

Educational Opportunities

FOR PERSONS IN OUR CARE

- Adult Basic Education
- HSED/GED Preparation and Testing
- Career Technical Education Programs and Academies
- Associate/Bachelor Degree Programs
- English as a Second Language
- Special Education Services

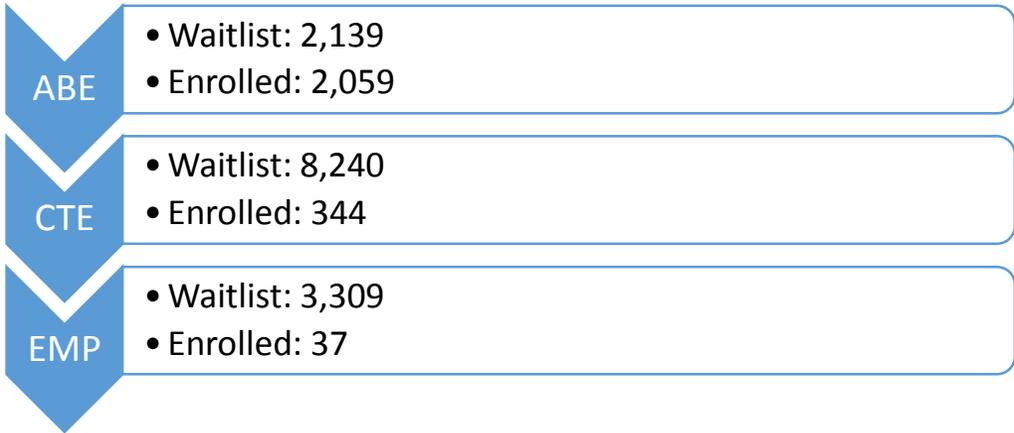
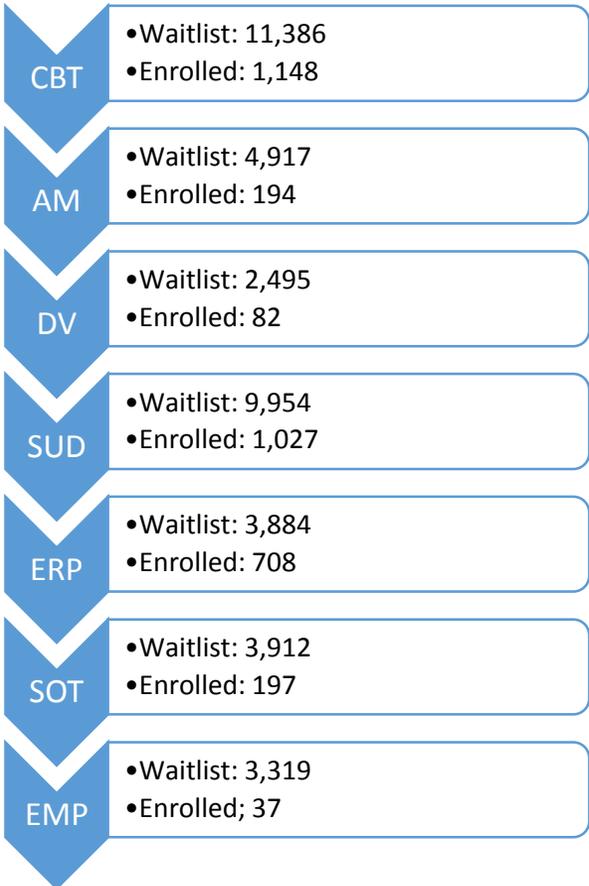
Career Technical Education Programs

- Auto Detailing
- Auto Maintenance
- Barbering/Cosmetology
- Braille Transcription
- Building, Maintenance and Constructions
- Cabinetry/Cabinet Making
- Commercial Bakery
- Computer Assisted Drafting
- C-Tech (Cabling)
- Culinary Arts/Food Service
- Computer Numeric Control
- Custodial Services
- Dairy Farm Worker
- Electrician
- Heating, Venting, Air Conditioning
- Horticulture
- Industrial Maintenance
- Machine Tool Operations
- Masonry
- Motorcycle, Marine, Outdoor Products
- Multi-Operational Aide
- Office Assistant/Aide
- Office Software Applications
- Printing
- Welding

Program Need Assignment

- Assigned upon initial classification at DCI (men) and TCI (women).
- Program needs designated as a result of diagnostic or criminogenic needs assessment
- DAI follows the Risk, Needs, and Responsivity Principle for program assignment and prioritization in line with Evidence Based Practices

Current Program Waitlists & Enrollments



**Please note current enrollment numbers have been impacted by the COVID-19 Pandemic.

Additional Programs/Activities

- Visitation
- Recreation
- Religious Services
- Community Service
- Work Release
- Dog Training/Therapy Programs
- AA/NA Meetings
- Dialectical Behavioral Therapy
- Drivers Education Permit/Instruction
- DWD Job Centers
- Financial Literacy
- Library Services
- Restorative Justice
- Parenting
- BSI Industry
- Veterans Assistance
- Grief and Loss Groups
- Parenting Programs
- Meditation/
Mindfulness Groups
- Mobile Labs
- Medication Assisted Treatment
- Opening Avenues to Reentry Success (OARS)
- Reentry Legal Services Program
- Reentry Fairs
- Restrictive Housing Unit Programs
- Special Management Units

For a comprehensive list of programs and locations, please see the [Opportunities and Options Resource Guide](#).

Reentry Unit

SILVIA JACKSON, PH.D.



Our Vision

The shared vision for Reentry in the Department of Corrections is to promote public safety and client success from admission to custody through reentry and supervision in the community.

The vision is accomplished by applying evidence-based practices to reduce recidivism.

- DOC uses current research on what works to guide service delivery
- DOC is releasing approximately 9,000 people annually

The Reentry Unit

The Reentry Unit in the Office of the Secretary works with divisions to improve outcomes by:

- Funding evidence-based programs that reduce recidivism
- Providing vocational training and connections to employment
- Advocating for Social Security Benefits, Medicaid benefits, and Long Term Care programs for those who qualify prior to release
- Delivering Pre and Post release services for individuals with serious mental illness through Opening Avenues to Reentry Success (OARS) program in collaboration with DHS

Becky Young Community Corrections

RECIDIVISM REDUCTION APPROPRIATION

The Reentry Unit allocates \$13 million annually in Becky Young Funding for programs managed by DOC divisions and within the Reentry Unit. Examples include:

DAI:

- Cognitive Behavioral Treatment (CBT)
- Gender Responsive Program Design

DCC:

- Community Residential Programs such as Portage House and Rock Valley Community Program mental health beds
- Cognitive Behavioral Treatment
- Employment Programs
- Substance Abuse Treatment

Reentry:

- Career and Technical Education (CTE) Academies
- Job Centers
- Windows to Work
- Opening Avenues to Reentry Success (OARS)
- COMPAS Risk and Needs Assessment
- Motivational Interviewing Training for staff

To read the full 2019 Becky Young Report, visit doc.wi.gov or [click here](#)

Employment Efforts

Evidence indicates employment is one key to reducing recidivism, and may also improve housing outcomes. The Reentry Unit supports the Department's effort to develop employability and vocational skills through:

- Identifying employment as a primary need area during incarceration
- Providing Cognitive Behavioral Treatment with an employment focus
- Delivering Employment Related Reentry Programs Prior to Release
 - Windows to Work operates in 14 prisons and 6 county jails
 - Career and Technical Education (CTE) academies for individuals in DOC work release centers
 - Mobile training labs at medium security prisons in high demand fields
 - Institution based Job Centers to connect persons in our care with Employers

Pre-Release Planning

SOCIAL SECURITY, MEDICAID AND LONG TERM CARE

- Social workers begin release planning 6 to 9 months prior to release with the assigned agent of record and the person in our care.
- Pre-release planning addresses housing, employment, education, obtaining vital documents, eligibility for health care and social security benefits.
- The Department provides Social Security application assistance to eligible individuals thru Reentry Legal Services, a contract with Legal Action of Wisconsin, in 14 facilities .
- Persons in our care apply for Medicaid in the month prior to release using the institution phone system.
- In FY19, 68 percent of individuals releasing from prison were determined eligible for Medicaid.
- The Department is collaborating with sister state agencies and county ADRCs to improve the functional screening process and access to Long Term Care programs for individuals who may qualify.

Housing

OPENING AVENUES TO REENTRY SUCCESS (OARS)

DOC partners with the Department of Health Services to provide the OARS program for individuals leaving prison with serious mental illness. The OARS program is available in 51 counties and provides:

- Intensive Case Management
- Safe and Affordable Housing
- Links to Psychiatric Treatment and Health Care
- Employment and Education

In FY21, the OARS program is funded at \$4.1 million and has an Average Daily Population of 257 individuals. OARS provides independent and supported living arrangements for participants.

- Rental costs, utilities, CBRFs and Adult Family Homes represent approximately 20% of OARS budget.

Division of Community Corrections

JOSELYN LOPEZ & AUTUMN LACY



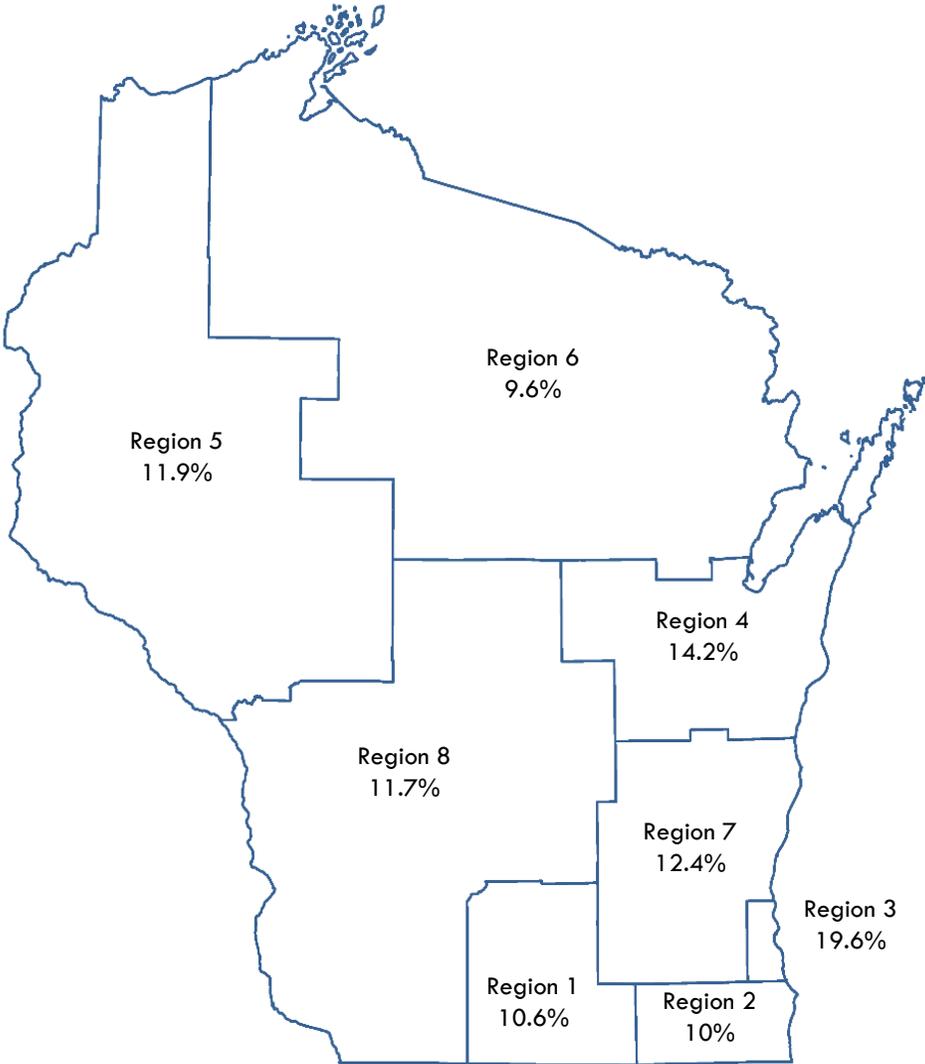
Community Supervision

- The Wisconsin Department of Corrections, Division of Community Corrections (DCC) supervises clients released on parole, extended supervision or those placed on probation. The supervision is community-based to strengthen the family unit, encourage lawful behavior, and provide local treatment programs.
- DCC's goals are to have Probation and Parole Agents supervise clients in the community and provide investigative services to the courts, Division of Adult Institutions, and Parole Commission to aid in sentencing and community reentry planning. Under limited circumstances, agents supervise juveniles released to aftercare programs and clients conditionally released from mental health facilities.

Community Corrections Population

Population breakdown in percentages by region:

Region 1, 10.6%	Region 5, 11.9%
Region 2, 10%	Region 6, 9.6%
Region 3, 19.6%	Region 7, 12.4%
Region 4, 14.2%	Region 8, 11.7%



DCC Special Populations Served

Sex Offender Registry Program

Sex Offender Registry Program (SORP) is responsible for monitoring and tracking clients convicted of sex crimes. In addition, SORP provides information to promote community awareness and increase public safety.

Currently there are 614 registered clients on the registry who are homeless. Of those, 215 are also on community supervision.

Type of Conviction	# of Registrants
Total	25,509
Adult Conviction	24,708
Juvenile Adjudication or Minor	801
Supervision Status	# of Registrants
Total	25,509
Incarcerated	6,272
Not Incarcerated	19,237
<i>Active Community Supervision</i>	5,941
<i>Terminated from Community Supervision</i>	13,296

Probation and Parole Agent Role

- Serves to protect the public by holding clients accountable for their behavior, offering effective interventions and referring to resources aimed at reducing recidivism
- Assess for risk, needs and responsivity to prepare case plans for clients
- Foster law abiding behavior and positive participation in the community
- Prepare accurate and timely investigations, reports, and case records
- Act as a community liaison to connect clients to necessary resources

DCC Evidence-Based Practices

- Since 2010, the WI-DOC has made a commitment to incorporate Evidence-Based Practices (EBP) throughout the organization with the goal of reducing recidivism and facilitating effective supervision strategies and interventions with its corrections populations.
- DCC has succeeded in implementing numerous Evidence Based practices including:
 - Use of a validated risk and needs assessment tool to target resources to higher risk individuals
 - Formulating Case Plans that focus on criminogenic needs
 - Providing interventions and treatment that are cognitive-behavioral based
 - Developing Cross-Divisional Evidence-Based Practices (EBP) Program Standards in the areas of Cognitive-Behavioral Program (CBP), Sex Offender Treatment (SOT), Substance Use Disorder (SUD) Treatment and Employment Program.

DCC Purchase of Goods & Services

- Purchase of Offender Goods and Services, more commonly known as 'POGS' has funds that are distributed throughout the 8 DCC regions
- Each Region receives a portion of this budget to provide services to clients released into the community.
- Treatment programs are offered to participants to address criminogenic needs and as risk reduction strategies, based on the case plan needs of the participants.
- Agent of Record submits referrals for services to treatment programs and services based on needs
- Programs are offered at different times of the week to be responsive to individual and regional needs.

DCC POGS Services Overview

- All treatment programs vary in structure and may include different levels of services.
- The service approaches are gender based and culturally diverse.
- Programming includes, but is not limited to:
 - Substance Use Disorder (SUD; previously known as AODA) treatment includes assessments, individual and group treatment
 - Sex Offender Therapy
 - Anger Management and Domestic Violence Groups
 - Cognitive Behavioral Programs
 - Vocational, Employment and Community Services.

DCC Programs and Education

During Fiscal Year 2019 POGS funds were divided as follows to purchase products or services to address the needs of our DCC clients.

<u>Description</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>%</u>
Residential Services Programs*	\$14,865,787	48.8%	Domestic Violence Services	\$528,249	1.7%
Transitional Housing	\$4,705,928	15.4	Vivitrol	\$502,776	1.6%
Sex Offender Program Services	\$1,919,307	6.3%	Urinalysis Screening	\$440,211	1.4%
Alcohol & Other Drug Abuse Services	\$1,644,965	5.4%	County Jail Alternative to Revocation Programs	\$393,040	1.3%
Day Report Centers	\$1,519,509	5.0%	Goodwill Circles of Support	\$96,953	0.3%
Employment/Community Service and Vocational Programs	\$1,267,326	4.2%	Wisconsin Tribal Community Reintegration Program (WTCRP)	\$50,000	0.2%
Cognitive Intervention	\$764,280	2.5%	Anger Management Services	\$41,326	0.1%
Miscellaneous Client Goods & Services	\$614,039	2.0%	Community Reintegration Services	\$24,260	0.1%
Emergency Housing	\$562,212	1.8%			
OWI Courts	\$531,869	1.7%	Total	\$30,472,038	100.0%

DCC POGS Housing Overview

POGS offers various housing services throughout the state to address clients needs. Certain populations may have greater challenges securing and maintaining housing.

These may include:

- Clients on supervision for sexual offenses
- Clients with special needs, severe mental health, and/or physical disabilities
- Clients in rural areas
- Clients in the community during the COVID- 19 pandemic

Housing services include:

- Residential Services Program (RSP)
- Halfway House (HWH)
- Community and Residential Program (CRP)
Transitional Housing Services (THS)
- Short-Term Housing (STH)
- Supplemental Housing (SH)
- Emergency Housing (EH)

DCC POGS Residential Services

DCC contracts with private agencies to provide residential services.

- Residential Services facilities include:
 - Residential Services Program (RSP)
 - Halfway House (HWH)
 - Community and Residential Programs (CRP)
- HWH and RSP: Provide residential care, case management and inpatient treatment. These facilities are licensed under DHS 83 Wisconsin Administrative Code as community-based residential facilities (CBRF)
- CRP: Provides residential care, service coordination and step down non-residential program services to clients. The licensing of the facility is based on the specific program needs within the contract.

DCC POGS Residential Services

All RSP, HWH, and CRP facilities provide:

- Supervision and monitoring of our clients 24 hours 7 days a week.
- Case Management, monthly staffing and progress reports
- Cognitive Based treatment and Substance Use Disorder Services to address Criminogenic Factors such as Anti-Social Cognition, Anti-Social Companions, Anti-Social Personality, Substance Abuse, Employment, and Leisure and/or Recreational.
- Placement completion varies per facility, ranging between 3-6 months based on clients needs.
- DCC currently has 24 facilities that provide a total of 367 beds.
- DCC serves approximately 1,593 clients each year through the residential programs.

DCC POGS Transitional Housing

Transitional Housing Services (THS) refers to housing provided in the form of one to two bedroom apartment(s) or a facility with multiple single- or double-occupancy bedrooms with access to congregate living areas and shared kitchen.

- This contract provides frequent random checks by contracted staff, monthly progress reports and amenities (i.e. food, linens, paper products, furnishings).
- Clients attend program services as determined by their agent and are allowed to work if they have outside employment.
- THS Placements range from 90-120 days.
- DCC contracts for 346 THS beds to serve approximately 2,328 clients each year.

DCC POGS Other Housing Services

Short Term Housing

Refers to contracted housing beds that do not include site checks or services

- STH Placements range from 60-90 days, DCC contracts for 88 STH beds, STH can serve approximately 265 clients each year

Emergency Housing

Refers to housing provided on a day to day contract at hotels/motels or boarding houses.

- EH Placements range from 30-60 days, DCC contracts for 113 EH beds, EH can serve approximately 644 clients each year

Supplemental Housing

Refers to apartments that are leased by clients, where DCC may pay all or part of the monthly rent.

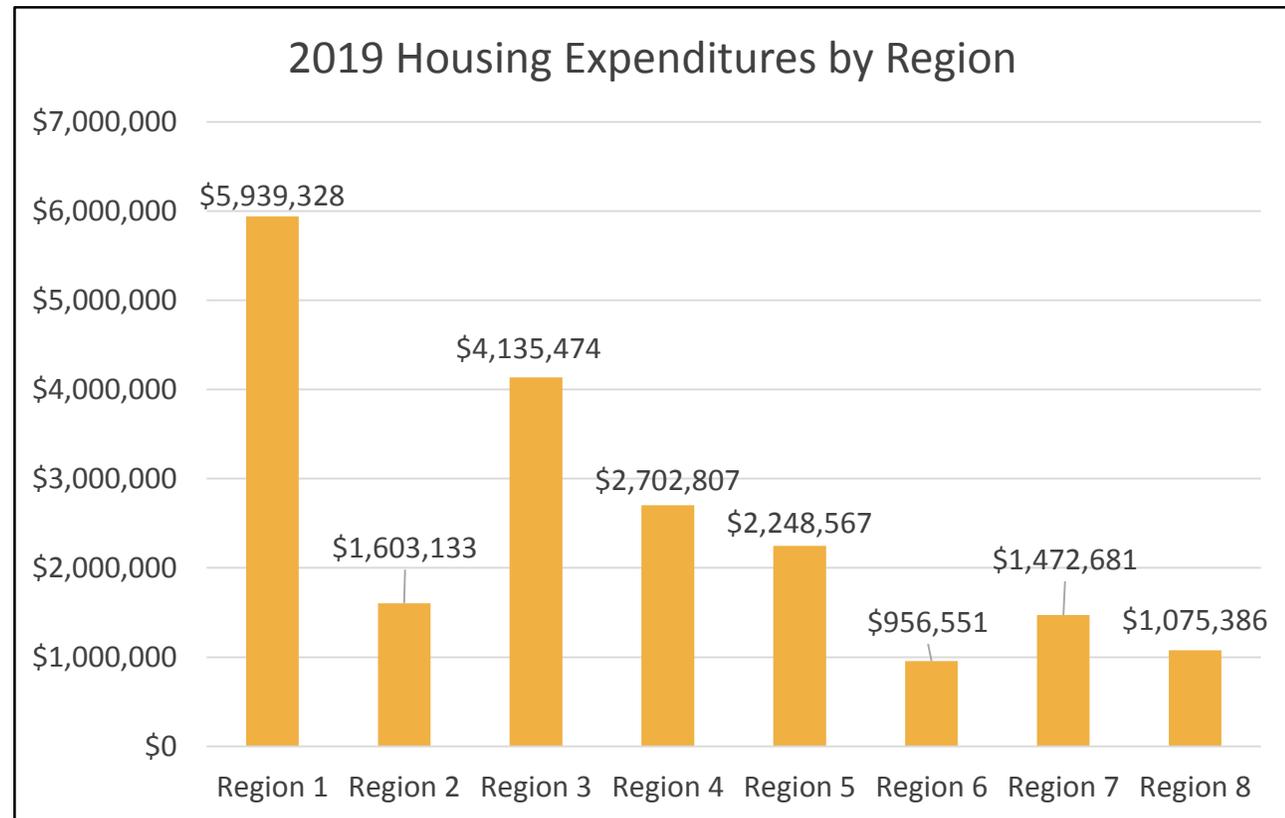
- SH Placements range from 60-90 days, DCC contracts for 30 SH beds, SH can serve approximately 24 clients each year

These contracts may vary each year and all numbers are approximately based on availability and needs

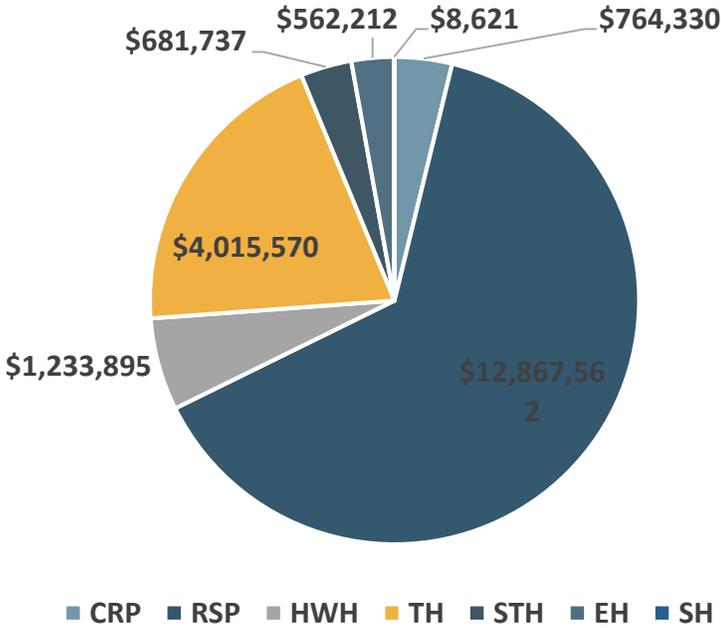
DCC Housing Expenditure Overview

POGS housing is provided on a spectrum ranging from shelter to treatment, according to the needs of the clients.

Expenditures on housing in 2019 totaled **\$20,133,927**.



DCC Housing by Service Type



REGION	CRP	RSP	HWH	TH	STH	EH	SH	TOTALS
1		\$5,295,623		\$492,163	\$118,570	\$32,872	\$100	\$5,939,328
2		\$939,332		\$528,791	\$127,790	\$7,220		\$1,603,133
3		\$2,072,224	\$709,332	\$1,040,510	\$15,913	\$297,339	\$156	\$4,135,474
4	\$764,330	\$1,219,116		\$695,437	\$1,347	\$22,577		\$2,702,807
5		\$1,408,918	\$524,563	\$198,350	\$54,769	\$61,967		\$2,248,567
6		\$315,679		\$560,889	\$14,400	\$57,568	\$8,015	\$956,551
7		\$1,089,421		\$83,886	\$290,393	\$8,631	\$350	\$1,472,681
8		\$527,249		\$415,544	\$58,555	\$74,038		\$1,075,386
TOTALS	\$764,330	\$12,867,562	\$1,233,895	\$4,015,570	\$681,737	\$562,212	\$8,621	\$20,133,927



Thank You

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