ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

December 31, 2019



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WEALTH ADVISORY

OUTSOURCING

AUDIT, TAX, AND CONSULTING

DECEMBER 31, 2019

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### DECEMBER 31, 2019

### ADDITIONAL INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT FOR BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Schedule of Findings and Responses



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### Independent auditors' report

To the Town Board Town of Rib Mountain Marathon County, Wisconsin

### REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Rib Mountain, Marathon County, Wisconsin ("the Town") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the Town's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



#### OPINIONS

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town as of December 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and Motel Tax special revenue fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **EMPHASIS OF MATTER**

During 2019, the Town adopted new accounting guidance, Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. As a result, the Town added a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position related to a custodial fund for taxes and specials collected for other governments. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

#### **OTHER MATTERS**

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 10 and the schedules relating to pensions and other postemployment benefits on pages 53 through 54 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The financial information listed in the table of contents as supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Prior-Year Comparative Information

We have previously audited the Town's 2018 financial statements, and we expressed unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information in our report dated August 23, 2019. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

### OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 12, 2020, on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Wausau, Wisconsin August 12, 2020

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

DECEMBER 31, 2019

As management of the Town of Rib Mountain, Marathon County, Wisconsin, we offer readers of the Town's basic financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year December 31, 2019.

### **Financial Highlights**

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources as of December 31, 2019 by \$12,019,095 (*net position*).
- The 2019 property tax rate, collected in 2020, was \$3.32 per \$1,000 of assessed property value, a decrease of \$0.53. The assessed value of property within the Town increased from \$735,930,900 for tax year 2018 to \$873,891,400 for tax year 2019, an increase of 18.75% due to new construction and the finalization of a full revaluation.
- As of December 31, 2019, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,589,169, a decrease of \$1,024,976 in comparison to the prior year. The decrease was primarily due to the continued spending of the 2018 debt proceeds on capital projects.
- As of December 31, 2019, the General Fund's unassigned fund balance is \$1,399,447, approximately 42% of total general fund actual expenditures. An additional \$42,071 is restricted for capital asset purchases, \$239,000 is assigned for subsequent year's capital improvements, retirement expenses and other 2020 budgeted expenditures, and \$377,381 is considered non-spendable for inventories and prepaid items.
- The Town's total general obligation debt decreased \$1,120,000.

### Overview of the Basic Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains supplemental information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements.** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The statement of net position presents information on all of the Town's assets, liabilities and deferred outflows and inflows of resources, with the difference between these reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the Town's net position changed during the most recent year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods. (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave.)

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the Town include General Government, Public Safety, Public Works, Health and Human Services, Culture and Recreation, and Conservation and Development. The Town has no business-type activities.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

DECEMBER 31, 2019

The Town's financial reporting includes funds of the Town (the primary government) but also a legally separate entity, the Rib Mountain Community Improvement Foundation, Inc., for which the Town has a fiduciary responsibility. Financial information for this component unit is presented separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 11 - 13 of this report.

*Fund financial statements.* A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

**Governmental funds**. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the Town's near-term financing requirements.

It is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Town's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The Town maintains eight individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund, the General Capital Projects Fund, Equipment Capital Projects Fund, and Motel Tax special revenue fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the remaining three governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds are the Parkland Fees Fund, Tourism Commission Fund, and Doepke Park Fund.

The Town adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general, special revenue, debt service, and capital projects funds. As part of the basic governmental fund financial statements, a budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund and any major special revenue funds to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 14 - 21 of this report.

**Fiduciary funds.** Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Town's own program. The accounting used for the fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 22-23 of this report.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

DECEMBER 31, 2019

*Notes to the basic financial statements.* The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 24 - 52 of this report.

*Other information.* Required supplementary information related to pensions and other postemployment benefits and the combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the notes to the basic financial statements. These statements and schedules can be found on pages 56 – 61.

#### Government-wide Financial Analysis

**Net position.** As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Town, as of December 31, 2019, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$12,019,095.

TOWN OF RIB MOUNTAIN'S NET POSITION								
	Governmental Activities							
	2019	2018						
Current and other assets	\$ 8,738,208	\$ 10,264,534						
Capital Assets	14,370,606	13,632,214						
Total Assets	23,108,814	23,896,748						
Deferred Outflows of Resources	461,775	293,340						
Long-term liabilities outstanding	7,423,377	8,408,459						
Other liabilities	425,565	552,024						
Total Liabilities	7,848,942	8,960,483						
Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,702,552	3,705,810						
Net Position								
Net investment in capital assets	9,721,369	9,155,805						
Restricted	2,185,563	2,465,156						
Unrestricted (deficit)	112,163	(97,166)						
Total Net Position	\$ 12,019,095	\$ 11,523,795						

81% of the Town's net position, \$9,721,369, reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery and equipment, infrastructure, etc.), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although, the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

18% of the Town's net position, \$2,185,563, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining net position is *unrestricted net position (deficit)* of \$112,163.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

DECEMBER 31, 2019

Change in net position. A summary of the change in net position of the Town is as follows:

TOWN OF RIB MOUNTAIN'S CHANGE IN NET POSITION									
	Governmental Activities								
		2019	2018						
Revenues									
Program Revenues									
Charges for services	\$	683,748	\$	718,358					
Operating grants and									
contributions		406,752		392,654					
Capital grants and contributions		74,004		1,165,996					
General revenues									
Property taxes		2,833,303		2,740,531					
Other taxes		561,801		455,586					
Grants and contributions not restricted									
to specific programs		158,234		133,488					
Interest and investment earnings		134,232		71,735					
Other		27,519		8,364					
Total Revenues		4,879,593		5,686,712					
Expenses									
General government		745,530		750,676					
Public safety		878,350		875,681					
Public works		2,082,379		1,856,586					
Health and human services		5,339		5,137					
Culture and recreation		197,219		175,012					
Conservation and development		312,054		303,028					
Interest on long-term debt		163,422		212,952					
Total Expenses		4,384,293		4,179,072					
Change in Net Position		495,300		1,507,640					
Net Position - January 1, as									
originally reported		11,523,795		10,062,877					
Cumulative Effect of Change in									
Accounting Principle		-		(46,722)					
Net Position - January 1, as restated	_	11,523,795		10,016,155					
Net Position - December 31	\$	12,019,095	\$	11,523,795					

A summary of key changes follows:

- Capital grants and contributions decreased significantly due to large special assessments that were assessed for Rib Mountain Drive Phase 2.0, being paid in full in 2018.
- Other taxes saw a significant increase due to a larger motel tax collections for 2019. Record snowfall made for a good ski season.
- Public works expense increased with multiple road projects, overtime due to record snowfall, and increased repairs to fix equipment heavily used during the winter season.
- Interest and investment earnings increased due to larger cash balances from the 2018 borrowing, as well as higher interest rates earned on those funds.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

DECEMBER 31, 2019

### Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental funds.** The focus of the Town's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of the Town's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of December 31, 2019, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,589,169, a decrease of \$1,024,976 in comparison to the prior year.

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the Town. At the end of 2019, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$1,399,447, while the total fund balance reached \$2,057,899. The remainder of fund balance is considered *nonspendable, restricted, committed,* or *assigned* to indicate that it is not available for new spending. Nonspendable fund balance includes current year purchases of inventory and prepayments that benefit periods beyond the end of the current year and land held for resale (\$377,381). Restricted fund balance includes amounts held for future capital purchases funded by outside parties (\$42,071). An additional \$239,000 is assigned for subsequent year's budget, capital improvements, and retirement expenses.

As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both the unassigned fund balance and the total fund balance to total fund expenditures, exclusive of debt service. The unassigned fund balance represents 42% of General Fund budgeted expenditures, while the total fund balance represents 61% of General Fund budgeted expenditures.

The Debt Service fund has a total fund balance of \$256,112. 100% of this fund balance is restricted for retirement of long-term debt.

The General Capital Projects fund has a total fund balance of \$613,784. 100% of this fund balance is restricted for capital projects.

The Capital Projects Equipment fund has a total fund balance of \$66,111. 100% of this fund balance is assigned for equipment.

The Motel Tax fund has a total fund balance of \$225,895. 100% of this fund balance is assigned for tourism.

The Parkland Fees fund has a total fund balance of \$63,679. 100% of this fund balance is assigned for parks outlay.

The Tourism Commission fund has a total fund balance of \$286,247. \$2,500 is considered nonspendable fund balance as it includes prepayments that benefit periods beyond the end of the current year. \$283,747 is restricted for tourism.

The Doepke Park fund has a total fund balance of \$19,442. 100% of this fund balance is assigned for Doepke Park outlay.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

DECEMBER 31, 2019

### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Generally the original budget is rarely modified. The Town made modifications to its original budget for additional projects approved by the Town Board during the year.

During the year, actual revenues exceeded budgeted revenues by \$139,821, primarily in taxes, licenses and permits and miscellaneous. Actual expenditures were lower than budgeted expenditures by \$94,221, primarily in general government and public safety.

### Capital Asset and Debt Administration

**Capital assets**. The Town's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of year-end amounts to \$14,370,606 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, land improvements, buildings, machinery and equipment, vehicles, infrastructure (highways and bridges), and construction in progress.

TOWN OF RIB MOUNTAIN'S CAPITAL ASSETS											
(net of accumulated depreciation)											
Governmental Activities											
		2019		2018	Ch	ange \$	Change %				
Land	\$	1,264,314	\$	1,197,314	\$	67,000	6%				
Construction in progress		311,847		248,923		62,924	25%				
Land improvements	779,204		779,204		779,204			833,107		(53,903)	-6%
Buildings		4,583,004	004 4,643,925			(60,921)	-1%				
Machinery and equipment		186,692	692 218,180			(31,488)	-14%				
Vehicles		902,061		553,150		348,911	63%				
Infrastructure		6,343,484		5,937,615		405,869	7%				
Total	\$1	4,370,606	\$	13,632,214		738,392	5%				

Major capital assets acquired or constructed during the year include:

- The purchase of a 2017 Street Sweeper Unit.
- The completion of the 2019 Kenworth Plow Truck and Patrol Plow Truck.
- Multiple roads overlayed or repaved.
- Donation of land for dog park use.

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 3.C. in the notes to the financial statements.

Debt Administration. As of December 31, 2019 the Town had total debt outstanding of \$7,000,000.

TOWN OF RIB MOUNTAIN'S OUTSTANDING DEBT General Obligation Debt and Revenue Bonds										
Governmental Activities										
	2019	2018	Change \$	Change %						
General obligation debt:										
Notes	\$ 7,000,000	\$ 8,120,000	\$ (1,120,000)	-14%						

The Town's total debt decreased by \$1,120,000 during the current fiscal year.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### DECEMBER 31, 2019

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt the Town may issue to 5% of its total equalized valuation. The current debt limitation for the Town is \$42,466,880, which is in excess of the Town's \$7,000,000 in outstanding general obligation debt.

Additional information on the Town's long-term debt can be found in Note 3.E. in the notes to the financial statements.

#### Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- Revenues from other government entities will see a slight increase for 2020 from 2019. This would include General Transportation Aid.
- The Wausau Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) had a December 2019 unemployment rate of 2.7%, the State's unemployment rate was 2.7%. (Source https://www.bls.gov/regions/midwest/wisconsin.htm#eag)
- The Town Board did adopt a 2020-2024 Capital Budget as part of the annual budget for 2020. This allows the Town to plan for financing for future projects and equipment.
- There was a large increase in hotel/motel revenues with record snowfall and a good ski season.
- Residential growth followed the same trend as 2018 with a repeat of the highest number of permits for new dwelling units.
- The Town sold property in early 2020 which equated to roughly \$254,000 in unbudgeted revenue.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the Town's budget for the 2020 fiscal year.

#### Contacting the Town's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town's finances for all those with an interest in the Town's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Gaylene Rhoden, Town Administrator, 227800 Snowbird Avenue, Wausau, WI 54401.

### BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2019

WITH COMPARATIVE FINANCIAL INFORMATION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2018

		imental	Component Unit			
	Activ 2019	vities 2018	Rib Mountain Community Improvement Foundation, Inc.			
ASSETS Cash and investments		\$ 5,345,338				
Receivables	\$ 4,777,473	\$ 5,345,338	\$ 2,638			
Taxes and special charges	2,023,137	2,348,077	-			
Accounts, net	149,938	123,781	-			
Special assessments	280,746	456,383	-			
Due from other governments	84,873	189,049	-			
Inventories and prepaid items	104,060	207,495	-			
Investment in SAFER	1,042,160	1,161,409	-			
Assets held for resale	275,821	275,821	-			
Net pension asset	-	157,181	-			
Capital assets, nondepreciable	1,576,161	1,446,237	-			
Capital assets, depreciable	12,794,445	12,185,977	<u>-</u>			
Total assets	23,108,814	23,896,748	2,638			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension related amounts	455,599	287,199	-			
Other postemployment related amounts	6,176	6,141				
Total deferred outflows of resources	461,775	293,340				
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	260,402	399,696	_			
Accrued and other current liabilities	42,616	35,004	-			
Due to other governments	6	44	-			
Accrued interest payable	61,948	68,732	-			
Special deposits	52,275	40,760	-			
Unearned revenues	8,318	7,788	-			
Long-term obligations						
Due within one year	1,115,000	1,120,000	-			
Due in more than one year	6,095,861	7,231,675	-			
Net pension liability	163,459	-	-			
Other postemployment benefits	49,057	56,784				
Total liabilities	7,848,942	8,960,483	<u> </u>			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Property taxes levied for subsequent year	3,462,516	3,392,124	-			
Pension related amounts	226,253	312,107	-			
Other postemployment related amounts	13,783	1,579				
Total deferred inflows of resources	3,702,552	3,705,810				
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	9,721,369	9,155,805	-			
Restricted	2,185,563	2,465,156	2,638			
Unrestricted	112,163	(97,166)				
Total net position	\$ 12,019,095	\$ 11,523,795	\$ 2,638			

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMER 31, 2018

			Program Revenues					
						perating		ital Grants
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Charges for Services		Grants and Contributions		and Contributions	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES General government Public safety Public works Health and human services Culture and recreation Conservation and development Interest and fiscal charges	878 2,082 5 197 312	,530 ,350 ,379 ,339 7,219 ,054 ,422	\$	51,519 66,066 501,426 - 56,196 8,541	\$	- 32,652 374,100 - - -	\$	- 7,004 - 67,000 -
Total primary government	\$ 4,384		\$	683,748	\$	406,752	\$	74,004
Component Unit								<u>1,878</u>
	Total gene Change in							
	Net positic	-		l				
	Net positic		-					

 Net (Expens and Changes ii		Component Unit					
Govern Activ	vities	Rib Mountain Community					
 2019	2018	Improvement Foundation, Inc.					
\$ (694,011) (779,632) (1,199,849) (5,339) (74,023) (303,513) (163,422)	\$ (702,984) (769,284) 30,620 (5,137) 49,365 (291,692) (212,952)	\$ - - - - - - -					
 (3,219,789)	(1,902,064)						
 		241					
2,833,303 561,801	2,740,531 455,586	-					
 158,234 134,232 1,519 26,000	133,488 71,735 2,764 5,600	33					
 3,715,089	3,409,704	33_					
 495,300	1,507,640	274					
 11,523,795	10,016,155	2,364					
\$ 12,019,095	\$ 11,523,795	\$ 2,638					

### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2019 WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2018

				Capital Projects				
	 General	De	ebt Service	(	General		lipment	
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$ 2,882,889	\$	681,792	\$	617,958	\$	66,111	
Receivables								
Taxes and special charges	1,256,274		766,863		-		-	
Accounts, net	32,711		-		-		-	
Special assessments	-		280,746		-		-	
Due from other governments	84,873		-		-		-	
Inventories and prepaid items	101,560		-		-		-	
Assets held for resale	 275,821		-		-		-	
Total assets	\$ 4,634,128	\$	1,729,401	\$	617,958	\$	66,111	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$ 206,732	\$	-	\$	4,174	\$	-	
Accrued and other current liabilities	42,616		-		-		-	
Due to other governments	-		-		-		-	
Special deposits	50,850		-		-		-	
Unearned revenues	 6,058		-		-		-	
Total liabilities	 306,256				4,174		-	
Deferred inflows of resources								
Property taxes levied for								
subsequent year	2,269,973		1,192,543		-		-	
Special assessments	 -		280,746		-		-	
Total deferred inflows of resources	 2,269,973		1,473,289		-		-	
Fund balances								
Nonspendable	377,381		-		-		-	
Restricted	42,071		256,112		613,784		-	
Assigned	239,000		-		-		66,111	
Unassigned	 1,399,447		-		-		-	
Total fund balances	 2,057,899		256,112		613,784		66,111	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows								
of resources, and fund balances	\$ 4,634,128	\$	1,729,401	\$	617,958	\$	66,111	

Spe	ecial Revenue	Gov	Other vernmental	Totals					
	Motel Tax		Funds		2019		2018		
\$	108,668	\$	420,055	\$	4,777,473	\$	5,345,338		
	-		-		2,023,137		2,348,077		
	117,227		-		149,938		123,781		
	-		-		280,746		456,383		
	-		- 2,500		84,873 104,060		189,049 207,495		
	-		2,300		275,821		275,821		
\$	225,895	\$	422,555	\$	7,696,048	\$	8,945,944		
\$	-	\$	49,496	\$	260,402	\$	399,696		
	-		-		42,616		35,004		
	-		6		6		44		
	-		1,425		52,275		40,760		
	-		2,260		8,318		7,788		
	-		53,187		363,617		483,292		
	-		-		3,462,516		3,392,124		
	-		-		280,746		456,383		
					3,743,262		3,848,507		
	-		2,500		379,881		483,316		
	-		283,747		1,195,714		2,337,132		
	225,895		83,121		614,127		545,383		
	-				1,399,447		1,248,314		
	225,895		369,368		3,589,169		4,614,145		
\$	225,895	\$	422,555	\$	7,696,048	\$	8,945,944		

### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2019 WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2018

	2019	2018
RECONCILIATION TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION		
Total fund balances as shown on previous page	\$ 3,589,169	\$ 4,614,145
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	14,370,606	13,632,214
Long-term assets are not considered available: therefore, are not reported in the funds Net pension asset Investment in SAFER	- 1,042,160	157,181 1,161,409
Other long-term assets are not available to pay current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.		
Special assessments	280,746	456,383
Some deferred outflows and inflows of resources reflect changes in long-term liabilities and are not reported in the funds.		
Deferred outflows related to pensions	455,599	287,199
Deferred inflows related to pensions	(226,253)	(312,107)
Deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits	6,176	6,141
Deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits	(13,783)	(1,579)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Bonds and notes payable	(7,000,000)	(8,120,000)
Premium on debt	(161,210)	(184,905)
Compensated absences	(49,651)	(46,770)
Net pension liability	(163,459)	-
Other postemployment benefit	(49,057)	(56,784)
Accrued interest on long-term obligations	 (61,948)	 (68,732)
Net position of governmental activities as reported on the statement		
of net position (see page 11)	\$ 12,019,095	\$ 11,523,795

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

						Projects		
	0	ieneral	De	Debt Service		General		uipment
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	1,902,063	\$	957,646	\$	_	\$	_
Special assessments	Ψ	12,254	Ψ	170,387	Ψ	-	Ψ	-
Intergovernmental		556,081		-		-		-
Licenses and permits		125,456		-		-		-
Fines and forfeits		607		-		-		-
Public charges for services		501,076		_		22,500		_
Intergovernmental charges for services		14,954		_		-		_
Miscellaneous		79,110		17,243		25,368		4,661
Total revenues		3,191,601		1,145,276		47,868		4,661
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General government		725,871		-		-		-
Public safety		531,948		-		-		-
Public works		1,526,070		-		-		-
Health and human services		5,339		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		103,114		-		-		_
Conservation and development		84,955		-		-		-
Debt service		- ,						
Principal		-		1,120,000		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges		-		193,901		-		-
Capital outlay		320,017				588,967		617,980
Total expenditures		3,297,314		1,313,901		588,967		617,980
Excess of revenues over (under)								
expenditures		(105,713)		(168,625)		(541,099)		(613,319)
expenditures		(105,713)		(100,025)		(541,099)		(013,319)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Long-term debt issued		-		-		-		-
Premium on debt issued		-		-		-		-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		20,000		-		-		42,000
Transfers in		163,161		-		29,947		617,438
Transfers out		-		-		(617,438)		(29,947)
Total other financing sources (uses)		183,161				(587,491)		629,491
Net change in fund balances		77,448		(168,625)		(1,128,590)		16,172
Fund balances - January 1		1,980,451		424,737		1,742,374		49,939
Fund balances - December 31	\$	2,057,899	\$	256,112	\$	613,784	\$	66,111

Special Revenue	Other Governmental	Tot	tals
Motel Tax	Funds	2019	2018
\$ 535,395	\$ -	\$ 3,395,104	\$ 3,196,117
-	Ψ _	182,641	665,649
-	-	556,081	522,762
-	-	125,456	130,590
-	-	607	309
-	26,235	549,811	580,059
-	-	14,954	14,949
5,478	5,716	137,576	75,855
540,873	31,951	4,962,230	5,186,290
-	-	725,871	706,200
-	-	531,948	533,652
-	-	1,526,070	1,347,849
-	-	5,339	5,137
-	8,249	111,363	131,862
2,412	220,383	307,750	301,640
-	-	1,120,000	1,175,000
-	-	193,901	225,117
-		1,526,964	948,086
2,412	228,632	6,049,206	5,374,543
538,461	(196,681)	(1,086,976)	(188,253)
_	_	_	1,965,000
-	-	-	58,106
-	-	62,000	-
-	374,777	1,185,323	958,596
(535,395)	(2,543)	(1,185,323)	(958,596)
(535,395)	372,234	62,000	2,023,106
3,066	175,553	(1,024,976)	1,834,853
222,829	193,815	4,614,145	2,779,292
\$ 225,895	\$ 369,368	\$ 3,589,169	\$ 4,614,145

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	2019	2018
RECONCILIATION TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES		
Net change in fund balances as shown on previous page	\$ (1,024,976)	\$ 1,834,853
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital assets reported as capital outlay in governmental fund statements Depreciation expense reported in the statement of activities Net book value of disposals	1,496,484 (685,446) (72,646)	943,042 (607,391) -
Governmental funds do not present revenues that are not available to pay current obligations. In contrast, such revenues are reported in the statement of activities when earned.	(175,637)	372,277
The net income (loss) in the investment in SAFER is reported with governmental activities	(119,249)	(163,665)
Debt issued provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Long-term debt issued Premium on debt issued Principal repaid	- - 1,120,000	(1,965,000) (58,106) 1,175,000
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds: Accrued interest on long-term debt Amortization of premiums, discounts and loss on advance refunding Compensated absences Net pension asset (liability) Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	6,784 23,695 (2,881) (320,640) 168,400 85,854	(8,692) 20,857 236 207,681 (88,771) (149,181)
Other postemployment benefits Deferred outflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits Deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits	 7,727 35 (12,204)	 (10,062) 6,141 (1,579)
Change in net position of governmental activities as reported in the statement of activities (see pages 12 - 13)	\$ 495,300	\$ 1,507,640

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

		Buc Original	lget	Final		Actual	Fina F	ariance   Budget - Positive  egative)
REVENUES		Onginal		Fillal		Actual		egative
Taxes	\$	1,879,457	\$	1,879,457	\$	1,902,063	\$	22,606
Special assessments	Ψ	4,085	Ψ	4,085	Ψ	12,254	Ψ	8,169
Intergovernmental		544,949		544,949		556,081		11,132
Licenses and permits		82,140		82,140		125,456		43,316
Fines and forfeits		200		200		607		407
Public charges for services		492,600		492,600		501,076		8,476
Intergovernmental charges		152,000		152,000		501,070		0,110
for services		14,749		14,749		14,954		205
Miscellaneous		33,600		33,600		79,110		45,510
Wiscendie 003		33,000		55,000		75,110		43,310
Total revenues		3,051,780		3,051,780		3,191,601		139,821
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General government		775,395		775,395		725,871		49,524
Public safety		594,979		594,979		531,948		63,031
Public works		1,460,799		1,460,799		1,526,070		(65,271)
Health and human services		6,100		6,100		5,339		761
Culture and recreation		114,916		114,916		103,114		11,802
Conservation and development		90,847		90,847		84,955		5,892
Capital outlay		199,344		348,499		320,017		28,482
Total expenditures		3,242,380		3,391,535		3,297,314		94,221
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(190,600)		(339,755)		(105,713)		234,042
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		5,000		5,000		20,000		15,000
Transfers in		111,600		111,600		163,161		51,561
		,		,				.,
Total other financing sources		116,600		116,600		183,161		66,561
Net change in fund balance		(74,000)		(223,155)		77,448		300,603
Fund balance - January 1		1,980,451		1,980,451		1,980,451		-
Fund balance - December 31	\$	1,906,451	\$	1,757,296	\$	2,057,899	\$	300,603

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - MOTEL TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Budget Original Final			Actual	Fina F	ariance   Budget - Positive  egative)	
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$	350,000	\$	350,000	\$ 535,395	\$	185,395
Miscellaneous		4,200		4,200	 5,478		1,278
Total revenues		354,200		354,200	 540,873		186,673
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
Conservation and development		5,500		5,500	 2,412		3,088
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		348,700		348,700	 538,461		189,761
OTHER FINANCING USES							
Transfers out		(350,000)		(350,000)	 (535,395)		(185,395)
Net change in fund balance		(1,300)		(1,300)	3,066		4,366
Fund balance - January 1		222,829		222,829	 222,829		
Fund balance - December 31	\$	221,529	\$	221,529	\$ 225,895	\$	4,366

### STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Cust	todial Fund
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$	5,725,552
LIABILITIES Due to other governments		5,725,552
NET POSITION Fiduciary net position - held for others	\$	

### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Custo	odial Fund
ADDITIONS Taxes and special charges collected for other taxing jurisdictions	\$	9,719,201
DEDUCTIONS Payments to other taxing jurisdictions		9,719,201
Change in net position		-
Net position - January 1		-
Net position - December 31	\$	

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the Town of Rib Mountain, Marathon County, Wisconsin (the "Town"), have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the Town are described below:

### A. REPORTING ENTITY

The Town is a municipal corporation governed by an elected five member board. In accordance with GAAP, the basic financial statements are required to include the Town and any separate component units that have a significant operational or financial relationship with the Town. The Town has identified the following component unit that is required to be included in the basic financial statements in accordance with standards established by GASB Statement No. 61.

### Rib Mountain Community Improvement Foundation, Inc.

The Rib Mountain Community Improvement Foundation, Inc. (the "Foundation") is a not-for-profit organization established under the laws of the State of Wisconsin. Its financial data is reported in a separate column to emphasize that it is legally separate from the Town. The Foundation is responsible for administering funds donated primarily by Town residents to promote community projects and programs within the Town's jurisdiction. The members of the Foundation's governing board are appointed by a nominating committee comprised of the Town of Rib Mountain supervisors. The Foundation is included in the Town's financial statements because the board is selected by the Town supervisors and its operations controlled by Town personnel. Separate financial statements are not prepared for the Foundation.

### **B. JOINT VENTURE**

On January 1, 2014, the Town of Rib Mountain and the Village of Weston formed the South Area Fire and Emergency Response District ("SAFER") to provide fire protection, emergency medical services, and other related emergency services within each municipality and the surrounding areas. The SAFER Board of Directors is made up of five members, two of which are appointed by the Town and the Village of Weston and the fifth member is appointed jointly. Each municipality must approve the annual budget of SAFER.

Each municipality shall contribute funds to cover the operating and capital expenditures based on a ratio. The ratio, revised annually, for 2019 expenditures was as follows.

Village of Weston	67.84%
Town of Rib Mountain	32.16%

The ratio is calculated based on a formula that uses equal weight based on the proportion between the municipalities for the following criteria: 1) population, 2) equalized value and 3) inspectable structures.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

The Town has an equity interest in the net position of SAFER. At December 31, 2019, the Town's equity interest was \$1,042,160. Complete financial information for SAFER can be obtained from SAFER. Summary information pertaining to the total activity of SAFER as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019 is as follows:

	 2019
Total assets	\$ 2,414,687
Total deferred outflows of resources	 1,428,102
Total liabilities	 1,455,100
Total deferred inflows of resources	 1,027,480
Net position Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted (deficit) Total net position	\$ 1,812,185 (451,976) 1,360,209
Charges for services Operating grants and contributions General revenues Expenses Change in net position	\$ 1,360,651 88,998 1,845,043 (2,991,898) 302,794
Net position - January 1	1,731,009
Prior period adjustment	 (673,594)
Net position - December 31	\$ 1,360,209

### C. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities* are primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from the legally separate component unit for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Governmental funds include general, special revenue, debt service and capital projects funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

### General Fund

This is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund

This fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

General Capital Projects Fund This fund is used for the Town's capital improvements plans.

Equipment Fund This fund is used for the Town's equipment capital outlay purchases.

Motel Tax Fund

This fund is accounts for the Town's room tax collections for the purpose of financing tourism and development activities The major revenue source for this fund are room taxes collected by hotels within the town's borders and remitted to the Town in accordance with town ordinance.

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund type:

**Custodial Fund** 

The custodial fund accounts for property taxes and specials collected on behalf of other governments.

### D. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Revenues susceptible to accrual include intergovernmental grants, intergovernmental charges for services, public charges for services and interest. Other revenues such as licenses and permits, fines and forfeits and miscellaneous revenues are recognized when received in cash or when measurable and available.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, and fees and fines, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

### E. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR FUND BALANCE

1. Cash and Investments

Cash and investments are combined in the financial statements. Cash deposits consist of demand and time deposits with financial institutions and are carried at cost. Investments are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

2. Property Taxes and Special Charges Receivable

Property taxes and special charges and assessments consist of taxes on real estate and personal property and user charges assessed against Town properties. They are levied during December of the prior year and become an enforceable lien on property the following January 1. Property taxes are payable in various options depending on the type and amount. Personal property taxes and special charges are payable on or before January 31 in full. Real estate taxes are payable in full by January 31 or in two equal installments on or before January 31 and July 31. Real estate taxes and special charges and assessments not paid by January 31 are purchased by the County as part of the February tax settlement. Delinquent personal property taxes remain the collection responsibility of the Town.

In addition to its levy, the Town also levies and collects taxes for the Wausau School District, Marathon County, Northcentral Technical College, Rib Mountain Sanitary District and the State of Wisconsin.

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

### 3. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are recorded net of allowance for uncollectible amounts. The allowance for uncollectible accounts balance was \$11,099 for the year ended December 31, 2019.

### 4. Special Assessments

Assessments against property owners for public improvements are generally not subject to full settlement in the year levied. Special assessments are placed on tax rolls on an installment basis. Revenue from special assessments recorded in governmental funds is recognized as collections are made or as current installments are placed on tax rolls. (Installments placed on the 2019 tax roll are recognized as revenue in 2020.)

### 5. Inventories

Inventories are recorded at cost, which approximates market value, using the first-in, first-out method. Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are consumed rather than when purchased.

Inventories of governmental funds in the fund financial statements are classified as nonspendable fund balance to indicate that they do not represent spendable available financial resources.

### 6. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors that will benefit periods beyond the end of the current fiscal year are recorded as prepaid items and are expensed in the periods benefited.

Prepaid items of governmental funds in the fund financial statements are classified as nonspendable fund balance to indicate that they do not represent spendable available financial resources.

### 7. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or higher and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

Capital assets of the Town are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
Assets	Years
Land improvements	15 - 30
Buildings and improvements	60
Vehicles	5 - 30
Machinery and equipment	5 - 20
Infrastructure	15 - 50

### 8. Land Held for Resale

Land held for resale consists of land and improvements and is valued at cost of acquisition, demolition, and site improvements. Properties include both land intended for resale and land designated as a public area. Land held for resale is recorded at lower of cost or market value.

### 9. Compensated Absences

It is the Town's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave benefits in accordance with employee handbook policies and/or bargaining unit agreements. All vacation and sick leave is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds in the fund financial statements only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

### 10. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources are a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred inflows of resources are an acquisition of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The recognition of those outflows and inflows as expenses or expenditures and revenues are deferred until the future periods to which the outflows and inflows are applicable.

Governmental funds may report deferred inflows of resources for unavailable revenues. The Town reports unavailable revenues for special assessments. These inflows are recognized as revenues in the government-wide financial statements.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

### 11. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

### 12. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

13. Other Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

The fiduciary net position of the Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (LRLIF) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about the fiduciary net position of the LRLIF and additions to/deductions from LRLIF's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LRLIF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

14. Fund Equity

### Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- ► Nonspendable fund balance. Amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory, prepaid items, or long-term receivables) or are legally or contractually required to remain intact.
- Restricted fund balance. Amounts that are constrained for specific purposes by external parties (such as grantor or bondholders), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

- Committed fund balance. Amounts that are constrained for specific purposes by action of the Town Board. These constraints can only be removed or changed by the Town Board using the same action that was used to create them.
- Assigned fund balance. Amounts that are constrained for specific purposes by action of Town management. The Town Board has not authorized a specific employee to assign fund balance. Residual amounts in any governmental fund, other than the General Fund, are also reported as assigned.
- Unassigned fund balance. Amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive unassigned amounts are only reported in the General Fund.

The Town has adopted a fund balance spend-down policy regarding the order in which fund balance will be utilized. Where applicable, the policy requires restricted funds to be spent first, followed by committed funds, and then assigned funds. Unassigned funds would be spent last.

#### Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- Net investment in capital assets. Amount of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and capital related deferred outflows of resources less outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and any capital related deferred inflows of resources.
- Restricted net position. Amount of net position that is subject to restrictions that are imposed by 1) external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position. Net position that is neither classified as restricted nor as net investment in capital assets.

### F. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### **G. PRIOR YEAR INFORMATION**

Comparative amounts for the prior year have been presented in the basic financial statements to provide an understanding of changes in the Town's financial position and operations. The comparative amounts may be summarized in total and not at the level of detail required for a presentation in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the government's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018, from which the summarized information was derived.

### H. RECLASSIFICATIONS

Certain amounts in the prior year financial statements have been reclassified to conform with the presentation in the current year financial statements with no change in previously reported net position, changes in net position, fund balance or changes in fund balance.
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

#### NOTE 2: STEWARDSHIP AND COMPLIANCE

#### A. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The Town follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- 1. Prior to November 15, the Town Board reviews a proposed operating budget for the calendar year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. After submission to the governing body, public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer comments. Following the public hearings, the proposed budget, including authorized additions and deletions, is legally enacted by Town Board action.
- 2. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for all governmental funds. Budget is defined as the originally approved budget plus or minus approved amendments. Individual amendments throughout the year were not material in relation to the original budget. Budget appropriations not expended during the year are closed to fund balance unless authorized by the governing body to be forwarded into the succeeding year's budget.
- 3. Budget control is maintained at the cost center level. Cost centers are defined as follows for the governmental fund types: General and capital projects at department level; special revenue and debt service at total fund level. Once the town budget has been adopted, no further amendments shall be made except through the following process: The Town Administrator is authorized to approve intradepartmental activity transfers of funds, except for those relating to capital expenditures. Transfers of funds from one department to another or between funds require Town Board approval.
- **4.** During the year, formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for the governmental funds.
- **5.** Expenditures may not exceed appropriations provided in detailed budget accounts maintained for each major department of the Town. Amendments to the budget during the year require approval by the Town Board.
- 6. Encumbrance accounting is not used by the Town to record commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services.

The Town did not have any material violation of legal or contractual provisions for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2019

#### B. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER BUDGET APPROPRIATIONS

The following expenditure accounts of the governmental funds had actual expenditures in excess of budget appropriations for the year ended December 31, 2019 as follows:

Funds	Excess _Expenditures_		
General			
General government			
Legal	\$	25,533	
Administrator		2,779	
Finance Director		5,915	
Property & liability insurance		275	
Illegal taxes, refunds, and uncollectible taxes		12,061	
Public safety			
Siren		190	
Public works			
Machinery & equipment		21,674	
Snow & ice removal		47,375	
Signs & markings		18,961	
Bridges & culverts		6,466	
Engineering		326	
Building		7,273	
Capital outlay			
Road improvement		22,993	

#### C. PROPERTY TAX LEVY LIMIT

Wisconsin state statutes provide for a limit on the property tax levies for all Wisconsin cities, villages, towns and counties. For the 2019 and 2020 budget year, Wisconsin Statutes limit the increase in the maximum allowable tax levy to the change in the Town's January 1 equalized value as a result of net new construction. The actual limit for the Town for the 2019 budget was 1.22%. The actual limit for the Town for the 2020 budget was 1.49%. Debt service for debt authorized after July 1, 2005 is exempt from the levy limit. In addition, Wisconsin statutes allow the limit to be adjusted for the increase in debt service authorized prior to July 1, 2005 and in certain other situations.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

#### NOTE 3: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

#### A. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Town maintains various cash and investment accounts, including pooled funds that are available for use by all funds. Each fund's portion of these accounts is displayed on the financial statements as "Cash and investments".

Invested cash consists of deposits and investments that are restricted by Wisconsin Statutes to the following:

Time deposits; repurchase agreements; securities issued by federal, state and local governmental entities; statutorily authorized commercial paper and corporate securities; and the Wisconsin local government investment pool.

The carrying amount of the Town's cash and investments totaled \$10,505,663 on December 31, 2019 as summarized below:

Petty cash and cash on hand Deposits with financial institutions Investments	\$ 574 10,505,050
Local government investment pool	\$ 39 10,505,663
Reconciliation to the basic financial statements:	
Government-wide statement of net position Governmental activities	
Cash and investments	\$ 4,777,473
Component unit Cash and investments	2,638
Fiduciary fund statement of net position Agency fund	5,725,552
	\$ 10,505,663

Fair Value Measurements

The Town categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The Town currently has no investments that are subject to fair value measurement.

Deposits and investments of the Town are subject to various risks. Presented below is a discussion of the Town's deposits and investments and the related risks.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

#### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. Wisconsin statutes require repurchase agreements to be fully collateralized by bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government or its instrumentalities. The Town does not have an additional custodial credit policy.

Deposits with financial institutions within the State of Wisconsin are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) in the amount of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all time and savings deposits and \$250,000 for interestbearing and noninterest-bearing demand deposits per official custodian per insured depository institution. Deposits with financial institutions located outside the State of Wisconsin are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all deposit accounts per official custodian per depository institution. Deposits with credit unions are insured by the National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund (NCUSIF) in the amount of \$250,000 per credit union member. Also, the State of Wisconsin has a State Guarantee Fund which provides a maximum of \$400,000 per public depository above the amount provided by an agency of the U.S. Government. However, due to the relatively small size of the State Guarantee Fund in relation to the Fund's total coverage, total recovery of insured losses may not be available. This coverage has been considered in determining custodial credit risk.

As of December 31, 2019, \$8,305,858 of the Town's deposits with financial institutions were in excess of federal and state depository insurance limits. \$8,305,858 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution or its trust department or agent but not in the Town's name.

The Town has investments in the Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool ("LGIP") of \$39 at year-end. The LGIP is part of the State Investment Fund (SIF), and is managed by the State of Wisconsin Investment Board. The SIF is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, but operates under the statutory authority of Wisconsin Chapter 25. The SIF reports the fair value of its underlying assets annually. Participants in the LGIP have the right to withdraw their funds in total on one day's notice. At December 31, 2019, the fair value of the Town's share of the LGIP's assets was substantially equal to the carrying value.

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Wisconsin statutes limit investments in securities to the top two ratings assigned by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The Town does not have an additional credit risk policy. The Town's investment in the Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool is not rated.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The investments held by the Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool mature in 12 months or less.

#### **B. RECEIVABLES**

Receivables as of year-end for the Town's individual major funds and aggregate nonmajor funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

		Debt	Ca	apital	Project	ts	Motel	Nonma Gov	-	
	General	Service	Gen	eral	Equip	ment	 Тах	Fund	ls	Total
Receivables										
Taxes	\$ 1,256,274	\$ 766,863	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 2,023,137
Accounts	43,810	-		-		-	117,227		-	161,037
Special assessments	-	280,746		-		-	 -		-	280,746
Gross receivables	1,300,084	1,047,609		-		-	 117,227		-	2,464,920
Less: Allowance for										
uncollectibles	11,099	-		-		-	-		-	11,099
Net total receivables	\$ 1,288,985	\$ 1,047,609	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 117,227	\$	-	\$ 2,453,821

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2019

#### C. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2019 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:	Balanco			Balanco
Capital assets, nondepreciable:				
Land	\$ 1,197,314	\$ 67,000	\$ -	\$ 1,264,314
Construction in progress	248,923	318,382	255,458	311,847
Total capital assets, nondepreciable	1,446,237	385,382	255,458	1,576,161
Capital assets, depreciable: Land improvements	1,090,330			1,090,330
Buildings and improvements	6,008,588	- 39,552	-	6,048,140
Machinery and equipment	477,216	59,552	-	477,216
Vehicles	1,572,600	- 527,687	- 125,893	1,974,394
Infrastructure	7,894,416	799,321	123,093	8,693,737
Subtotals	17,043,150	1,366,560	125,893	18,283,817
Subtotals	17,043,130	1,500,500	125,055	10,203,017
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land improvements	257,223	53,903	-	311,126
Buildings and improvements	1,364,663	100,473	-	1,465,136
Machinery and equipment	259,036	31,488	-	290,524
Vehicles	1,019,450	106,130	53,247	1,072,333
Infrastructure	1,956,801	393,452		2,350,253
Subtotals	4,857,173	685,446	53,247	5,489,372
Total capital assets, depreciable, net	12,185,977	681,114	72,646	12,794,445
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 13,632,214	\$ 1,066,496	\$ 328,104	14,370,606
Less: Capital related debt				4,492,488
Less: Capital related debt				4,492,400
Less: Capital related accounts payable and reta	inada navahla			30,283
Less. Capital related accounts payable and rela	inage payable			50,205
Net investment in capital assets				\$ 9,721,369
Depreciation expense was charged to functions of	of the Town as follo	ows:		
Governmental activities				
General government		\$ 34,020		
Public safety		47,916		
Public works		546,108		
Culture and recreation		57 100		

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2019

#### D. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2019 were as follows:

Fund	Transfer In	 Transfer Out
General	\$ 163,161	\$ -
Motel Tax	-	535,395
Tourism Commission	374,777	-
General Capital	29,947	617,438
Equipment	617,438	29,947
Doepke Park	-	2,543
	\$ 1,185,323	\$ 1,185,323

Interfund transfers were made for the following purposes:

To fund part of public works projects for the year	\$ 29,947
To transfer room tax collections to Tourism Commission and General Fund	535,395
To fund SAFER equipment purchases	162,438
To cover employee wages in General Fund	2,543
To fund 2019 Capital Equipment projects	 455,000
	\$ 1,185,323

#### E. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations of the Town for the year ended December 31, 2019:

	eginning Balance	I	ssued	Retired	Ending Balance	-	ue Within Dne Year
Governmental activities:							
General obligation debt							
Notes	\$ 8,120,000	\$	-	\$ 1,120,000	\$ 7,000,000	\$	1,115,000
Premium on debt	184,905		-	23,695	161,210		-
Compensated absences	 46,770		38,185	 35,304	 49,651		-
Governmental activities Long-term obligations	\$ 8,351,675	\$	38,185	\$ 1,178,999	\$ 7,210,861	\$	1,115,000

Total interest paid during the year on long-term debt totaled \$192,751.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2019

#### General Obligation Debt

General obligation debt currently outstanding is detailed as follows:

	Date of	Final	Interest	Original	Balance
	lssue	<u>Maturity</u>	Rates	Indebtedness	12/31/19
2013A GO Promissory Note	10/8/13	9/1/23	0.75 - 2.7%	\$ 2,165,000	\$ 1,640,000
2015A GO Promissory Note	7/8/15	3/1/25	2.1 - 3.0%	2,720,000	1,775,000
2016A GO Promissory Note	8/11/16	8/1/26	1.5 - 2.5%	2,580,000	1,730,000
2018A GO Promissory Note	9/20/18	9/1/28	3.00%	1,965,000	1,855,000

Total outstanding general obligation debt

\$7,000,000

Annual principal and interest maturities of the outstanding general obligation debt of \$7,000,000 on December 31, 2019 are detailed below:

Year Ended	Governmental Activities						
December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total				
2020	\$ 1,115,000	\$ 172,023	\$ 1,287,023				
2021	1,080,000	144,898	1,224,898				
2022	1,010,000	118,503	1,128,503				
2023	875,000	93,075	968,075				
2024	800,000	67,328	867,328				
2025-2028	2,120,000	119,583	2,239,583				
	\$ 7,000,000	\$ 715,410	\$ 7,715,410				

For governmental activities, the other long-term liabilities are generally funded by the general fund.

#### Legal Margin for New Debt

The Town's legal margin for creation of additional general obligation debt on December 31, 2019 was \$35,722,992 as follows:

Equalized valuation of the Town Statutory limitation percentage		\$ 849,337,600 (x) 5%
General obligation debt limitation, per Section 67.03 of the Wisconsin Statutes		 42,466,880
Total outstanding general obligation debt applicable to debt limitation Debt service fund	\$ 7,000,000 256,112	
Net outstanding general obligation debt applicable to debt limitation Legal margin for new debt		\$ 6,743,888 35,722,992

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

#### F. PENSION PLAN

#### 1. Plan Description

The WRS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, and expected to work at least 1200 hours a year (880 hours for teachers and school district educational support employees) and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

ETF issues a standalone Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR), which can be found at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupation employees, 62 for elected officials and executive service retirement plan participants, if hired on or before December 31, 2016 are entitled to a retirement benefit based on a formula factor, their final average earnings, and creditable service.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest earnings periods. Creditable service includes current service and prior service for which a participant received earnings and made contributions as required. Creditable service also includes creditable military service. The retirement benefit will be calculated as a money purchase benefit based on the employee's contributions plus matching employer's contributions, with interest, if that benefit is higher than the formula benefit.

Vested participants may retire at or after age 55 (50 for protective occupations) and receive an actuarially-reduced benefit. Participants terminating covered employment prior to eligibility for an annuity may either receive employee-required contributions plus interest as a separation benefit or leave contributions on deposit and defer application until eligible to receive a retirement benefit.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

#### 2. Post-Retirement Adjustments

The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the "floor") set at retirement. The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

Year	Core Fund Adjustment	Variable Fund Adjustment
2008	6.6%	0%
2009	(2.1)	(42)
2010	(1.3)	22
2011	(1.2)	11
2012	(7.0)	(7)
2013	(9.6)	9
2014	4.7	25
2015	2.9	2
2016	0.5	(5)
2017	2.0	4
2018	2.4	17

#### 3. Contributions

Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for general category employees, including teachers, executives and Elected Officials. Starting on January 1, 2016, the Executives and Elected Officials category was merged into the General Employee Category. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the reporting period ending December 31, 2019, the WRS recognized \$47,306 in contributions from the Town.

Contribution rates for the reporting period are:

Employee Category	Employee	Employer
General (including teachers, executives and elected officials)	6.55%	6.55%
Protective with Social Security	6.55%	10.55%
Protective without Social Security	6.55%	14.95%

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

## 4. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2019, the Town reported a liability of \$163,459 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017 rolled forward to December 31, 2018. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Town's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2018, the Town's proportion was 0.00459455%, which was a decrease of 0.00069933% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2017.

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the Town recognized pension expense of \$113,796.

At December 31, 2019, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	ed Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 127,309	\$	225,038	
Net differences between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments	238,721		-	
Changes in assumptions	27,553		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between				
employer contributions and proportionate share				
of contributions	14,710		1,215	
Employer contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date	 47,306		-	
Total	\$ 455,599	\$	226,253	

\$47,306 reported as deferred outflows related to pension resulting from the Town's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (asset) in the year ended December 31, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended	
December 31,	 Expense
2020	\$ 64,729
2021	20,129
2022	30,174
2023	 67,008
Total	\$ 182,040

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2019

#### 5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial valuation date:	December 31, 2017
Actuarial cost method:	Entry Age
Asset valuation method:	Fair Value
Long-term expected rate of return:	7.0%
Discount rate:	7.0%
Salary increases: Inflation Seniority/Merit	3.0% 0.01% - 5.6%
Mortality	Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table
Post-retirement adjustments*	1.9%*

\* No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 1.9% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2018 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2017. Based on this experience study, actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability changed from prior year, including the discount rate, long-term expected rate of return, post-retirement adjustment, wage inflation rate, mortality and separation rates. The total pension liability for December 31, 2018 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

Long-term Expected Return on Plan Assets. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Current Asset Allocation %	Long-term Expected Nominal Rate of Return %	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return %
Core Fund Asset Class			
Global equities	49%	8.1%	5.5%
Fixed income	24.5%	4.0%	1.5%
Inflation sensitive assets	15.5%	3.8%	1.3%
Real estate	9%	6.5%	3.9%
Private equity/debt	8%	9.4%	6.7%
Multi-asset	4%	6.7%	4.1%
Total Core Fund	110%	7.3%	4.7%
Variable Fund Asset Class			
U.S. equities	70%	7.6%	5.0%
International equities	30%	8.5%	5.9%
Total Variable Fund	100%	8.0%	5.4%

New England Pension Consultants Long Term US CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.5%

Asset Allocations are managed within established ranges, target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations

**Single Discount Rate.** A single discount rate of 7.00% was used to measure the total pension liability, as opposed to a discount rate of 7.20% for the prior year. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% and a long-term bond rate of 3.71%. Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 7.00% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 1.9% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan members contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

Sensitivity of the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.0 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.0 percent) than the current rate:

	1% C	1% Decrease to		Current		Increase to
		Discount Rate (6.0%)		Discount Rate (7.0%)		count Rate (8.0%)
Town's proportionate share of						
the net pension liability (asset)	\$	649,605	\$	163,459	\$	(198,027)

**Pension plan fiduciary net position.** Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

#### 6. Payables to the Pension Plan

At December 31, 2019, the Town reported a payable of \$7,038 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan for the year ended December 31, 2019.

#### G. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

#### Plan Description

The LRLIF is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. LRLIF benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF) and the Group Insurance Board have statutory authority for program administration and oversight. The plan provides postemployment life insurance benefits for all eligible employees.

#### **OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Positon**

ETF issues a standalone Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR), which can be found at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

#### Benefits Provided

The LRLIF plan provides fully paid up life insurance benefits for post-age 64 retired employees and pre-65 retirees who pay for their coverage.

#### Contributions

The Group Insurance Board approves contribution rates annually, based on recommendations from the insurance carrier. Recommended rates are based on an annual valuation, taking into consideration an estimate of the present value of future benefits and the present value of future contributions. A portion of employer contributions made during a member's working lifetime funds a post-retirement benefit.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

Employers are required to pay the following contributions based on employee contributions for active members to provide them with Basic Coverage after age 65. There are no employer contributions required for pre-age 65 annuitant coverage. If a member retires prior to age 65, they must continue paying the employee premiums until age 65 in order to be eligible for the benefit after age 65.

Contribution rates as of December 31, 2019 are:

Coverage Type	Employer Contribution
50% Post-retirement coverage	40% of employee contribution
25% Post-retirement coverage	20% of employee contribution

Employee contributions are based upon nine age bands through age 69 and an additional eight age bands for those age 70 and over. Participating employees must pay monthly contribution rates per \$1,000 of coverage until the age of 65 (age 70 if active). The employee contribution rates in effect for the year ended December 31, 2018 are listed below:

	Life Insurance	
Er	nployee Contribution Rat	tes*
For the	Year Ended December	31, 2018
Attained Age	Basic	Supplemental
Under 30	\$0.05	\$0.05
30 - 34	0.06	0.06
35 - 39	0.07	0.07
40 - 44	0.08	0.08
45 - 49	0.12	0.12
50 - 54	0.22	0.22
55 - 59	0.39	0.39
60 - 64	0.49	0.49
65 - 69	0.57	0.57

\* Disabled members under age 70 receive a waiver-of-premium benefit

During the reporting period, the LRLIF recognized \$362 in contributions from the employer.

*OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB* At December 31, 2019, the Town reported a liability (asset) of \$49,057 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset). The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of December 31, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017 rolled forward to December 31, 2018. No material changes in assumptions or benefits terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The Town's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the Town's share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2018, the Town's proportion was 0.01901200%, which was an increase of 0.00013800% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2017.

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$4,808.

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2019

At December 31, 2019, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	2,489
Net differences between projected and actual				
earnings on OPEB plan investments		1,172		-
Changes in assumptions		4,681		10,634
Changes in proportion and differences between				
employer contributions and proportionate share				
of contributions		323		660
Total	\$	6,176	\$	13,783

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended	
December 31,	Expense
2020	\$ (1,031)
2021	(1,031)
2022	(1,031)
2023	(1,196)
2024	(1,366)
Thereafter	(1,952)
Total	\$ (7,607)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the January 1, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial valuation date: Actuarial cost method: 20 year tax-exempt municipal bond yield:	January 1, 2018 Entry age normal 4.10%
Long-term expected rate of return:	5.00%
Discount rate:	4.22%
Salary increases:	2 2 2 2 4
Inflation	3.00%
Seniority/Merit	0.10% - 5.60%
Mortality:	Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2018 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2017. Based on this experience study, actuarial assumptions used to measure the Total OPEB Liability changed from prior year, including the discount rate, wage inflation rate, mortality and separation rates. The Total OPEB Liability for December 31, 2018 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

Long-term expected return on plan assets. The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. Investments for the LRLIF are held with Securian, the insurance carrier. Interest is calculated and credited to the LRLIF based on the rate of return for a segment of the insurance carriers' general fund, specifically 10-year A- Bonds (as a proxy, and not tied to any specific investments). The overall aggregate interest rate is calculated using a tiered approach based on the year the funds were originally invested and the rate of return for that year. Investment interest is credited based on the aggregate rate of return and assets are not adjusted to fair market value. Furthermore, the insurance carrier guarantees the principal amounts of the reserves, including all interest previously credited thereto.

Asset Class	Index	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return %
U.S. Government Bonds	Barclays Government	1%	1.44%
U.S. Credit Bonds	Barclays Credit	40%	2.69%
U.S. Long Credit Bonds	Barclays Long Credit	4%	3.01%
U.S. Mortgages	Barclays MBS	54%	2.25%
U.S. Municipal Bonds	Bloomberg Barclays Muni	1.0%	1.68%
Inflation			2.30%
Long-term expected rate o	f return		5.00%

Single discount rate. A single discount rate of 4.22% was used to measure the total OPEB liability, as opposed to a discount rate of 3.63% for the prior year. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the Total OPEB Liability is equal to the single equivalent rate that results in the same actuarial present value as the long-term expected rate of return applied to benefit payments, to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments, and the municipal bond rate applied to benefit payment to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through December 31, 2036.

Sensitivity of the Town's proportionate share of net OPEB liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 4.22%, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.22%) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.22%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease to		Current		1% Increase to	
	Discount Rate		Discount Rate		Discount Rate	
	(3.22%)		(4.22%)		(5.22%)	
Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	69,787	\$	49,057	\$	33,069

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2019

#### Payable to the OPEB Plan

At December 31, 2019, the Town reported a payable of \$1 for the outstanding amount of contribution to the Plan required for the year ended December 31, 2019.

#### H. FUND EQUITY

#### Nonspendable Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, portions of the governmental fund balances are amounts that cannot be spent because they are either 1) not in spendable form or 2) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. At December 31, 2019, nonspendable fund balance was as follows:

General Fund	
Nonspendable	
Inventories and prepaid items	\$ 101,560
Assets held for resale	275,821
Total nonspendable fund balance - General Fund	\$ 377,381
Tourism Fund Nonspendable	
Inventories and prepaid items	\$ 2,500

#### **Restricted Fund Balance**

In the fund financial statements, portions of governmental fund balances are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted for use for a specific purpose. At December 31, 2019, restricted fund balance was as follows:

General Fund Restricted for Capital projects	\$ 42,071
Debt Service Restricted for Retirement of long-term debt	256,112
Capital projects Restricted for Capital projects	613,784
Tourism Restricted for Tourism	 283,747
Total restricted fund balance	\$ 1,195,714

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2019

#### Assigned Fund Balance

Portions of governmental fund balances have been assigned to represent tentative management plans that are subject to change. At December 31, 2019, fund balance was assigned as follows:

General Fund Assigned for capital improvements Assigned for retirement expenses Assigned for subsequent years budget Subtotal	\$ 70,000 15,000 154,000 239,000
Special Revenue Funds Motel tax Assigned for tourism	 225,895
Parkland fees Assigned for parks outlay	 63,679
Doepke Park Assigned for parks outlay	19,442
Subtotal	 309,016
Capital Projects funds Equipment fund Equipment replacement	66,111
Total assigned fund balance	\$ 614,127

#### Minimum General Fund Balance Policy

The Town has also adopted a minimum fund balance policy of 20-25% of current year actual expenditures for the General Fund. The minimum fund balance is maintained for cash flow and working capital purposes. The minimum fund balance amount is calculated as follows:

2019 Actual general fund expenditures	\$	3,279,993
Minimum fund balance %		(x) 20 - 25%
Minimum fund balance amount	\$655	,999 - \$819,998

The Town unassigned General Fund balance of \$1,399,447 is above the minimum fund balance amount.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2019

#### Net Position

The Town reports restricted net position at December 31, 2019 as follows:

Governmental activities Restricted for	
Capital projects	\$ 665,493
Retirement of long-term debt	194,163
Tourism	283,747
Investment in SAFER	 1,042,160
Total governmental activities restricted net position	\$ 2,185,563
Component Unit Restricted for	
Community improvement projects	\$ 2,638

#### NOTE 4: OTHER INFORMATION

#### A. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance. The Town completes an annual review of its insurance coverage to ensure adequate coverage.

#### **B. CONTINGENCIES**

From time to time, the Town is party to other various pending claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecast with certainty, it is the opinion of management and legal counsel that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the Town's financial position or results of operations.

#### C. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In January 2020, the Town Board approved the sale of the land held for resale in the General Fund for \$275,000.

Subsequent to year end, the World Health Organization declared the spread of Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19) a worldwide pandemic. The COVID-19 pandemic is having significant effects on global markets, supply chains, businesses, and communities. Specific to the Town, COVID-19 may impact various parts of its 2020 operations and financial results including, but not limited to, costs for emergency preparedness, revenue short-falls in user fees and taxes, increased delinquent accounts receivable and shortages of personnel. Management believes the Town is taking appropriate actions to mitigate the negative impact. However, the full impact of COVID-19 is unknown and cannot be reasonably estimated as these events occurred subsequent to year end and are still developing.

In August 2020, the Town Board approved the issuance of \$1,835,000 in general obligation notes to fund 2020 and 2021 capital projects.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

#### D. UPCOMING ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The Statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. This statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The Town is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted.

#### SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

Plan _Year Ending	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Sh Ne	portionate are of the et Pension vility (Asset)	Covered Payroll	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability (Asset)
12/31/14 12/31/15 12/31/16 12/31/17 12/31/18	0.00675820% 0.00679740% 0.00612683% 0.00529388% 0.00459455%	\$	(166,000) 110,456 50,500 (157,181) 163,459	\$ 876,118 845,080 696,175 681,415 675,739	18.95% 13.07% 7.25% 23.07% 24.19%	102.74% 98.20% 99.12% 102.93% 96.45%

#### SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ending	R	itractually equired tributions	Relat Cor R	ributions in tion to the tractually equired tributions	 Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	 Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/15	\$	62,826	\$	62,826	\$ -	\$ 845,080	7.43%
12/31/16		45,948		45,948	-	696,175	6.60%
12/31/17		46,336		46,336	-	681,415	6.80%
12/31/18		45,268		45,268	-	675,739	6.70%
12/31/19		47,306		47,306	-	722,230	6.55%

See notes to required supplementary information

#### SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET) LOCAL RETIREE LIFE INSURANCE FUND LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

Plan Year Ending	Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	Sha N	portionate are of the et OPEB lity (Asset)	 Covered- Employee Payroll	Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability (Asset)
12/31/17 12/31/18	0.01887400% 0.01901200%	\$	56,784 49,057	\$ 681,415 675,739	8.33% 7.26%	44.81% 48.69%

#### SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS LOCAL RETIREE LIFE INSURANCE FUND LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ending	Red	ractually quired ibutions	Relat Con Re	ibutions in ion to the tractually equired cributions	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		Covered- Employee Payroll		Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll
12/31/18 12/31/19	\$	358 362	\$	358 362	\$	-	\$	675,739 722,230	0.05% 0.05%

See notes to required supplementary information.

# NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION DECEMBER 31, 2019

#### A. WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Changes of benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in WRS.

*Changes of assumptions*. Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2018 using experience from 2015 - 2017. Based on the experience study conducted in 2018, actuarial assumptions used to develop Total Pension Liability changed, including the discount rate, long-term expected rate of return, post-retirement adjustment, wage inflation rate, mortality and separation rates.

The Town is required to present the last ten fiscal years of data; however accounting standards allow the presentation of as many years as are available until ten fiscal years are presented.

#### **B. OPEB LIABILITY**

Changes of benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in LRLIF.

*Changes of assumptions.* Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2018 using experience from 2015 - 2017. Based on the experience study conducted in 2018, actuarial assumptions used to develop Total OPEB Liability changed, including the discount rate, wage inflation rate, and mortality and separation rates.

The Town is required to present the last ten fiscal years of data; however accounting standards allow the presentation of as many years as are available until ten fiscal years are presented.

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### GENERAL FUND DETAILED COMPARISON OF BUDGETED AND ACTUAL REVENUES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Bud		Final	iriance Budget - ositive		
	 Original	<u> </u>	Final	Actual		egative)
Taxes						
General property	\$ 1,875,657	\$	1,875,657	\$ 1,875,657	\$	-
Forest cropland/managed forest	3,600		3,600	3,980		380
Payment in Lieu of Tax	-		-	22,268		22,268
Interest and penalties on taxes	 200		200	 158		(42)
Total taxes	 1,879,457		1,879,457	 1,902,063		22,606
Special assessments	 4,085		4,085	12,254		8,169
Intergovernmental						
State						
State shared taxes	112,481		112,481	112,482		1
Fire insurance dues	29,000		29,000	32,652		3,652
Exempt computer aid	10,835		10,835	10,743		(92)
Transportation	326,844		326,844	326,694		(150)
Recycling	47,000		47,000	47,406		406
Municipal services aid	5,084		5,084	3,414		(1,670)
In lieu of taxes - state conservation land	980		980	984		4
Severance/yield/withdrawal	100		100	-		(100)
Forest cropland/managed forest	1,125		1,125	1,085		(40)
Payment in lieu of taxes	10,500		10,500	11,529		1,029
County timber sales	 1,000		1,000	 9,092		8,092
Total intergovernmental	 544,949		544,949	 556,081		11,132
Licenses and permits						
Licenses Liquor and malt beverage	15,200		15,200	18,575		2 275
Operators, cigarette and	15,200		15,200	0,575		3,375
other licenses	14,500		14,500	16,710		2,210
Nonbusiness licenses	3,400		3,400	5,667		2,210
Permits	5,400		5,400	5,007		2,201
Building	36,000		36,000	58,256		22,256
Zoning	3,300		3,300	7,600		4,300
Road excavation	5,000		5,000	13,538		8,538
Open pit mine permits	3,000		3,000	3,000		-
Other permits	1,740		1,740	2,110		370
Total licenses and permits	 82,140		82,140	 125,456		43,316
Fines and forfeits						
Court fines and penalties	 200		200	 607		407

#### GENERAL FUND DETAILED COMPARISON OF BUDGETED AND ACTUAL REVENUES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Bud	get		Variance Final Budget - Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Public charges for services				
General government	7,000	7,000	5,060	(1,940)
Street related charges	24,900	24,900	24,954	54
Recycling	440,000	440,000	449,235	9,235
Assessment letters	6,000	6,000	6,660	660
Weed and nuisance control	200	200	194	(6)
Developer fees	8,000	8,000	8,541	541
Rental of park shelter building	6,500	6,500	6,432	(68)
Total public charges for services	492,600	492,600	501,076	8,476
Intergovernmental charges for services				
Public works	6,049	6,049	6,049	-
Other	8,700	8,700	8,905	205
Total intergovernmental		<u>.</u>		
charges for services	14,749	14,749	14,954	205
Miscellaneous				
Interest on investments	30,000	30,000	77,026	47,026
Sale of recyclable materials	500	500	796	296
Concessions	1,100	1,100	1,019	(81)
Other	2,000	2,000	269	(1,731)
Total miscellaneous	33,600	33,600	79,110	45,510
Total revenues	\$ 3,051,780	\$ 3,051,780	\$ 3,191,601	\$ 139,821

### GENERAL FUND

DETAILED COMPARISON OF BUDGETED AND ACTUAL EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Budget   Positive     Original   Final   Actual   Positive     General government   \$ 39,683   \$ 39,683   \$ 33,821   \$ 1,352     Planning commission   2,713   2,713   1,529   1,184     Elections   17,417   17,417   6,570   108,447     Legal   35,000   35,000   60,533   (25,533)     Board of appeals   904   904   904   280   664     Clerk/tressurer   84,377   84,377   62,466   21,911     General office   113,790   108,405   5,385     Park commission   2,110   2,100   1,002   10,98     Accounting and auditing   14,500   14,500   13,000   1,500     Tax collection   500   520,52   2,654   2,275   2,165     Accounting and auditing   14,300   14,300   13,000   1,500   1,500     Tax collection   500   22,020   22,275   2,674   2,774   2,274   2,275		-			Variance Final Budget -
General government   S   39.683   S   39.683   S   39.821   S   1.362     Town board   17.417   17.417   17.417   6.570   10.847     Legal   35.000   49.03   904   904   200   62.533     Baard of appeals   904   904   904   280   624     Clerk/resourcer   84.377   64.377   62.466   21.911     General office   113.790   10.8405   5.385     Park commission   2.110   2.110   10.101   10.12   10.98     Administrator   126.695   126.695   129.674   (2.779)   Finance Director   81.057   81.057   86.972   (5.915)     Accounting and auditing   14.500   14.500   13.000   15.500   13.200   15.500     Technology   24.900   24.733   3.165   33.2370   27.615   4.75     Municipal building   3.04.001   14.500   13.000   14.000   15.061   (2.060)				Actual	Positive (Nogativo)
Town board   \$   39683   \$   39683   \$   38621   \$   1362     Planning commission   2,713   2,713   2,713   1,529   1,184     Elections   17,417   17,417   6,570   10,847     Legal   35,000   35,000   60,533   (25,53)     Board of appeals   904   904   280   624     Clerk/treasurer   84,377   84,377   62,466   21,911     General office   111,790   113,790   108,405   5,385     Park commission   2,110   2,110   1,012   1.098     Administrator   126,895   126,895   129,674   (2,779)     Finance Director   81,057   81,057   86,972   (5,915)     Accounting and auditing   14,500   14,500   13,000   1500     Tax collection   500   523   265   77,800   77,800   73,919   3,881     Municipal building   38,905   38,905   28,129   10,776 <td>General government</td> <td>Original</td> <td>Filidi</td> <td>Actual</td> <td>(Negative)</td>	General government	Original	Filidi	Actual	(Negative)
Planning commission   2,713   2,713   1,529   1,184     Elections   17,417   17,417   6,570   10,847     Legal   35,000   36,000   60,333   (25,533)     Board of appeals   904   904   280   624     Clerk/treasurer   84,377   86,4377   62,466   21,911     General office   113,790   113,790   108,405   5,385     Park commission   2,110   2,110   1,012   1,098     Administrator   12,6895   122,674   (2,779)     Finance Director   81,057   81,057   86,972   (5,915)     Accounting and auditing   14,500   14,500   13,000   15,000     Tax collection   500   500   235   265     Technology   24,900   24,900   73,919   3,801     Municipal building   38,905   38,905   28,129   10,776     Employee benefits   32,370   32,370   27,615   4,755     Ibility		\$ 39,683	\$ 39,683	\$ 38,321	\$ 1,362
Elections   17,417   17,417   17,417   6,570   10,847     Legal   35,000   35,000   60,533   (25,533)     Board of appeals   904   904   280   624     Clerk/treasurer   84,377   84,377   62,466   21,911     General office   113,790   113,790   108,405   5,385     Park commission   2,110   2,101   1,012   1098     Administrator   126,895   129,674   (2,779)     Finance Director   81,057   86,972   (2,79)     Accounting and auditing   14,500   14,500   13,000   1,500     Tax collection   500   500   223   265   Technology   24,900   74,900   73,919   3,881     Municipal building   38,905   38,905   28,129   10,776   Property & Itability insurance   22,200   22,000   22,775   (2,755   Itability insurance   22,370   32,737   32,370   27,615   4,7555   Itlegal taxes, refunds, and uncollectible tax					
Legal   35,000   35,000   60.533   (25,533)     Board of peals   904   904   280   624     Clerk/treasurer   84,377   84,377   62,466   21,911     General office   113,790   113,790   108,405   5,385     Park commission   2,110   2,110   1,012   1,098     Administrator   126,895   126,895   129,674   (2,779)     Finance Director   81,057   81,057   86,972   (5,915)     Accounting and auditing   14,500   13,000   15,000   13,000   15,000     Technology   24,900   24,900   24,900   24,900   24,900   22,175   (2,75)     Employee benefits   38,905   38,905   28,129   10,776   17,600   17,305   17,253   14,359   14,369   14,369   14,369   14,369   14,369   14,369   14,369   14,369   3,055   3,055   3,055   3,055   3,055   3,155   16,32,489   63,247   64,3	-				
Board of appeals   904   904   280   624     Clerk/treasurer   84,377   84,377   62,466   21,911     General office   113,790   108,405   5,385     Park commission   2,110   2,110   1,012   1,098     Administrator   126,895   126,895   126,895   126,897   (2,791)     Finance Director   81,057   81,057   86,972   (5,915)     Accounting and auditing   14,500   14,500   13,000   1,500     Tax collection   500   523   265   7echnology   24,900   24,900   21,735   3,165     Assessment of property   77,800   77,800   73,919   3,881   Municipal building   38,905   28,129   10,776   4,755   1118gal taxes, refunds, and uncollectible taxes   4,000   4,000   16,061   (12,061)   Contingency   56,474   56,474   27,140   29,334   Total general government   775,395   775,395   725,871   49,522     Public safety   2,700					
Clerk/tresiumer   84,377   84,377   62,466   21,911     General office   113,790   113,790   108,405   5,385     Park commission   2,110   2,110   1,012   109     Administrator   126,895   126,895   129,674   (2,779)     Finance Director   81,057   81,057   86,972   (5,915)     Accounting and auditing   14,500   14,500   13,000   1,500     Tax collection   500   500   235   265     Technology   24,900   24,900   21,735   31,65     Assessment of property   77,800   77,800   73,919   3,881     Municipal building   38,905   38,905   28,129   10,776     Illegal taxe, refunds, and uncollectible taxes   4,000   4,000   16,061   (12,061)     Costing government   775,395   775,395   725,871   49,524     Public safety   1182   Code enforcement officer   57,366   57,366   18,114   39,252     Publ					
General office   113,790   113,790   113,790   108,405   5,385     Park commission   2,110   2,110   1,012   1,098     Administrator   126,895   126,697   (2,779)     Finance Director   81,057   81,057   86,972   (5,915)     Accounting and auditing   14,500   14,500   13,000   1,500     Tax collection   500   235   265   76   78,000   73,919   3,881     Municipal building   38,905   38,905   28,129   10,776   775   1076   775   10776   775   10776   12,975   113,790   143,690   14,361   10,776   10,776   10,776   10,776   10,776   10,776   10,776   10,775   10,775   10,775   10,775   10,775   10,776   10,775   10,775   10,776   10,776   10,776   10,776   10,776   10,776   10,776   10,776   10,775   11,753   11,712   14,359   14,314   19,922   175,395					
Park commission   2,110   2,110   1,012   1,098     Administrator   126,895   126,895   129,674   (2,779)     Finance Director   81,057   81,057   86,972   (5,97)     Accounting and auditing   14,500   13,000   1,500     Tax collection   500   500   235   265     Technology   24,900   24,900   21,735   3,165     Assessment of property   77,800   77,800   73,919   3,881     Municipal building   38,905   38,905   28,129   10,776     Property & liability insurance   22,000   22,277   (2,75)     Employee benefits   32,370   32,370   27,615   4,755     Illegal taxes, refunds, and uncollectible taxes   4,000   4,000   16,061   (12,06)     Contingency   56,474   56,474   27,140   29,334     Total general government   775,395   775,395   725,871   49,522     Public safety   24,899   14,369   13,187					
Administrator   126,895   126,895   129,674   (2,779)     Finance Director   81,057   81,057   86,972   (5,915)     Accounting and auditing   14,500   14,500   13,000   1,500     Tax collection   500   500   235   265     Technology   24,900   24,900   73,919   3,881     Municipal building   38,905   38,905   28,129   10,776     Property   11,810   32,370   22,761   4,755     Employee benefits   32,370   32,370   27,615   4,755     Illegal taxes, refunds, and uncollectible taxes   4,000   4,000   16,061   (12,061)     Contingency   56,474   56,474   27,140   29,334     Total general government   775,395   725,871   49,524     Public safety   2,700   2,700   2,890   (190)     Grossing guards   14,369   14,369   13,187   1,182     Code enforcement officer   57,366   57,366   18,114					
Finance Director   81,057   81,057   86,972   (5,915)     Accounting and auditing   14,500   14,500   13,000   1,500     Tax collection   500   500   235   265     Technology   24,900   24,900   21,735   3,165     Assessment of property   77,800   77,800   73,919   3,881     Municipal building   38,905   38,905   28,129   10,776     Property & Itability insurance   22,000   22,275   (275)     Employee benefits   32,370   32,370   27,615   4,755     Illegal taxes, refunds, and uncollectible taxes   4,000   4,000   16,061   (12,061)     Contingency   56,474   56,474   27,140   29,334     Total general government   775,395   725,871   49,524     Public safety   14,369   13,187   1,182     Code enforcement officer   57,366   57,366   18,114   39,252     Public safety   204,895   204,895   201,811   3,064<					
Accounting and auditing   14,500   14,500   13,000   1,500     Tax collection   500   500   235   265     Technology   24,900   24,900   73,919   3,881     Municipal building   38,905   38,905   28,129   10,776     Property   14,800   4,000   22,200   22,275   (275)     Employee benefits   32,370   32,370   27,615   4,755     Illegal taxes, refunds, and uncollectible taxes   4,000   4,000   16,061   (12,061)     Contingency   56,474   56,474   27,140   29,334     Total general government   775,395   725,871   49,524     Public safety    14,369   14,369   13,187   1,182     Code enforcement officer   57,366   18,114   39,252   3,005   3,005     Siren   2,700   2,700   2,890   (190)   16,061   13,084   18,925   10,0174   21,673   3,054     Inspection   92,754   <					
Tax collection   500   500   235   265     Technology   24,900   24,900   21,735   3,165     Assessment of property   77,800   77,800   73,919   3,881     Municipal building   38,905   38,905   28,129   10,776     Property & liability insurance   22,000   22,275   (275)     Employee benefits   32,370   32,770   27,615   4,755     Illegal taxes, refunds, and uncollectible taxes   4,000   4,000   16,061   (12,061)     Contingency   56,474   56,474   27,140   29,334     Total general government   775,395   775,395   725,871   49,524     Public safety   2   2,700   2,700   2,890   (190)     Fire department   204,895   204,895   197,012   7,883     Ambulance   204,895   204,895   201,811   3,084     Inspection   92,754   92,754   63,249   63,031     Public works   33,000   83,000					
Technology   24,900   24,900   21,735   3,165     Assessment of property   77,800   77,800   73,919   3,881     Municipal building   38,905   38,905   28,129   10,776     Property & liability insurance   22,000   22,000   22,275   (275)     Employee benefits   32,370   32,370   27,615   4,755     Illegal taxes, refunds, and uncollectible taxes   4,000   4,000   16,061   (12,061)     Consing guards   14,369   14,369   13,187   1,182     Code enforcement officer   57,366   57,366   18,114   39,252     Public safety   20,4895   204,895   204,895   204,895   3,305     Siren   2,700   2,700   2,890   (190)   14,695   3,305     Fire department   204,895   204,895   201,811   3,044   63,031     Public safety   594,979   594,979   531,948   63,031   13,187     Public works   701   27,736   32,429					
Assessment of property   77,800   73,919   3,881     Municipal building   38,905   38,905   28,129   10,776     Property & liability insurance   22,000   22,200   22,275   (275)     Employee benefits   32,370   32,370   22,7615   4,755     Illegal taxes, refunds, and uncollectible taxes   4,000   4,000   16,061   (12,061)     Contingency   56,474   56,474   27,140   29,334     Total general government   775,395   775,395   725,871   49,524     Public safety   Crossing guards   14,369   14,369   13,187   1,182     Code enforcement officer   57,366   57,366   18,114   39,252   Public safety building   18,000   14,695   3,305     Siren   2,700   2,700   2,890   (190)     Fire department   204,895   204,895   201,811   3,084     Inspection   92,754   94,299   531,948   63,031     Total public safety   594,979   594,979 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
Municipal building   38,905   38,905   28,129   10,776     Property & liability insurance   22,000   22,275   (275)     Employee benefits   32,370   32,370   27,615   4,755     Illegal taxes, refunds, and uncollectible taxes   4,000   4,000   16,061   (12,061)     Contingency   56,474   27,140   29,334   745,395   775,395   725,871   49,524     Public safety    775,395   775,395   725,871   49,524     Public safety    14,369   14,369   13,187   1,182     Code enforcement officer   57,366   57,366   18,114   39,252     Public safety   18,000   18,000   14,695   3,305     Siren   2,700   2,700   2,890   (190)     Fire department   204,895   204,895   201,811   3,084     Inspection   92,754   92,754   84,239   8,515     Total public safety   594,979   531,948   63,031 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>					
Property & liability insurance   22,000   22,000   22,275   (275)     Employee benefits   32,370   32,370   27,615   4,755     Illegal taxes, refunds, and uncollectible taxes   4,000   4,000   16,061   (12,061)     Contingency   56,474   56,474   27,140   29,334     Total general government   775,395   775,395   725,871   49,524     Public safety     14,369   14,369   13,187   1,182     Code enforcement officer   57,366   57,366   18,114   39,252   900   (190)     Fire department   204,895   204,895   197,012   7,883     Ambulance   204,895   204,895   201,811   3,084     Inspection   92,754   92,754   92,754   63,031     Public works    632,489   632,489   621,115   11,374     Street lighting   83,000   70,016   12,984   63,031     Public works   27,736   27,736   34,202					
Employee benefits   32,370   32,370   27,615   4,755     Illegal taxes, refunds, and uncollectible taxes   4,000   4,000   16,061   (12,061)     Contingency   56,474   56,474   27,140   29,334     Total general government   775,395   7725,871   49,524     Public safety    65,7,366   13,187   1,182     Code enforcement officer   57,366   57,366   18,114   39,252     Public safety building   18,000   18,000   14,695   3,305     Siren   2,700   2,700   2,890   (190)     Fire department   204,895   204,895   201,811   3,084     Inspection   92,754   92,754   84,239   8,515     Total public safety   594,979   531,948   63,031   11,374     Public works   735,00   78,500   100,174   (21,674)     Highway and street maintenance   632,489   632,489   621,115   11,374     Snow & ice removal   35,012   35,012 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
Illegal taxes, refunds, and uncollectible taxes   4,000   4,000   16,061   (12,061)     Contingency   56,474   56,474   27,140   29,334     Total general government   775,395   775,395   725,871   49,524     Public safety   775,395   775,395   725,871   49,524     Public safety   57,366   18,114   39,252     Public safety building   18,000   18,000   14,695   3,305     Siren   2,700   2,700   2,890   (190)     Fire department   204,895   204,895   197,012   7,883     Ambulance   204,895   204,895   201,811   3,084     Inspection   92,754   92,754   84,239   8,515     Total public safety   594,979   594,979   531,948   63,031     Public works   78,500   78,500   100,174   (21,674)     Highway and street maintenance   632,489   632,489   621,115   11,374     Street lighting   51,722   51,722					· ,
Contingency Total general government   56,474 775,395   56,474 775,395   27,140 775,395   29,334 49,524     Public safety Crossing guards   14,369   14,369   13,187   1,182     Code enforcement officer   57,366   57,366   18,114   39,252     Public safety building   18,000   18,000   14,695   3,305     Siren   2,700   2,700   2,890   (190)     Fire department   204,895   204,895   197,012   7,883     Ambulance   204,895   204,895   201,811   3,084     Inspection   92,754   92,754   84,239   8,515     Total public safety   594,979   594,979   531,948   63,031     Public works    632,489   632,489   621,115   11,374     Storet lighting   83,000   83,000   70,016   12,984     Snow & ice removal   35,012   35,012   82,387   (47,375)     Signs & markings   51,722   51,722   70,683   (18,961)     Bridges					
Total general government   775,395   772,395   722,871   49,524     Public safety Crossing guards   14,369   14,369   13,187   1,182     Code enforcement officer   57,366   57,366   18,114   39,252     Public safety building   18,000   18,000   14,695   3,305     Siren   2,700   2,700   2,890   (190)     Fire department   204,895   204,895   201,811   3,084     Inspection   92,754   92,754   84,239   8,515     Total public safety   594,979   594,979   531,948   63,031     Public works   78,500   100,174   (21,674)     Highway and street maintenance   632,489   632,489   621,115   11,374     Street lighting   83,000   83,000   70,016   12,984     Snow & ice removal   35,012   35,012   82,387   (47,375)     Signs & markings   51,722   71,683   (18,961)   12,944     Snow & ice removal   35,012   35,012 </td <td>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Crossing guards14,36914,36913,1871,182Code enforcement officer57,36657,36618,11439,252Public safety building18,00018,00014,6953,305Siren2,7002,7002,890(190)Fire department204,895204,895197,0127,883Ambulance204,895204,895201,8113,084Inspection92,75492,75484,2398,515Total public safety594,979594,979531,94863,031Public works632,489632,489621,11511,374Street lighting83,00083,00070,01612,984Snow & ice removal51,72251,72270,683(18,961)Bridges and culverts27,73627,73634,202(6,466)Solid waste & recycling428,627428,627416,18112,446Engineering20,00020,00020,326(326)Building103,713103,713103,713110,986(7,273)Total public works1,460,7991,460,7991,526,070(65,271)					
Crossing guards14,36914,36913,1871,182Code enforcement officer57,36657,36618,11439,252Public safety building18,00018,00014,6953,305Siren2,7002,7002,890(190)Fire department204,895204,895197,0127,883Ambulance204,895204,895201,8113,084Inspection92,75492,75484,2398,515Total public safety594,979594,979531,94863,031Public works632,489632,489621,11511,374Street lighting83,00083,00070,01612,984Snow & ice removal51,72251,72270,683(18,961)Bridges and culverts27,73627,73634,202(6,466)Solid waste & recycling428,627428,627416,18112,446Engineering20,00020,00020,326(326)Building103,713103,713103,713110,986(7,273)Total public works1,460,7991,460,7991,526,070(65,271)	Dublic cofety				
Code enforcement officer   57,366   57,366   18,114   39,252     Public safety building   18,000   18,000   14,695   3,305     Siren   2,700   2,700   2,890   (190)     Fire department   204,895   204,895   201,811   3,084     Inspection   92,754   92,754   84,239   8,515     Total public safety   594,979   594,979   531,948   63,031     Public works    632,489   632,489   621,115   11,374     Street lighting   83,000   83,000   70,016   12,984     Snow & ice removal   35,012   35,012   82,387   (47,375)     Signs & markings   51,722   51,722   70,683   (18,961)     Bridges and culverts   27,736   27,736   34,202   (6,466)     Solid waste & recycling   428,627   428,627   416,181   12,446     Engineering   20,000   20,000   20,326   (326)     Building   103,713   103,71	-	14 260	14 260	12 107	1 10 0
Public safety building   18,000   18,000   14,695   3,305     Siren   2,700   2,700   2,890   (190)     Fire department   204,895   204,895   197,012   7,883     Ambulance   204,895   204,895   201,811   3,084     Inspection   92,754   92,754   84,239   8,515     Total public safety   594,979   594,979   531,948   63,031     Public works    632,489   632,489   621,115   11,374     Street lighting   83,000   83,000   70,016   12,984     Snow & ice removal   35,012   35,012   82,387   (47,375)     Signs & markings   51,722   51,722   70,683   (18,961)     Bridges and culverts   27,736   27,736   34,202   (6,466)     Solid waste & recycling   428,627   428,627   416,181   12,446     Engineering   20,000   20,000   20,000   20,326   (326)     Building   103,713					
Siren   2,700   2,700   2,890   (190)     Fire department   204,895   204,895   197,012   7,883     Ambulance   204,895   204,895   201,811   3,084     Inspection   92,754   92,754   84,239   8,515     Total public safety   594,979   594,979   531,948   63,031     Public works    632,489   632,489   621,115   11,374     Street lighting   83,000   83,000   70,016   12,984     Snow & ice removal   35,012   35,012   82,387   (47,375)     Signs & markings   51,722   51,722   70,683   (18,961)     Bridges and culverts   27,736   27,736   34,202   (6,466)     Solid waste & recycling   428,627   428,627   416,181   12,446     Engineering   20,000   20,000   20,000   20,000   20,026   (326)     Building   103,713   103,713   110,986   (7,273)   103,713   110,986					
Fire department204,895204,895197,0127,883Ambulance204,895204,895201,8113,084Inspection92,75492,75484,2398,515Total public safety594,979594,979531,94863,031Public works632,489632,489621,11511,374Highway and street maintenance632,489632,489621,11511,374Street lighting83,00083,00070,01612,984Snow & ice removal51,72251,72270,683(18,961)Bridges and culverts27,73627,73634,202(6,466)Solid waste & recycling428,627428,627416,18112,446Engineering20,00020,00020,326(326)Building103,713103,713110,986(7,273)Total public works1,460,7991,460,7991,526,070(65,271)					
Ambulance204,895204,895201,8113,084Inspection92,75492,75484,2398,515Total public safety594,979594,979531,94863,031Public works78,50078,500100,174(21,674)Highway and street maintenance632,489632,489621,11511,374Street lighting83,00083,00070,01612,984Snow & ice removal35,01235,01282,387(47,375)Signs & markings51,72251,72270,683(18,961)Bridges and culverts27,73627,73634,202(6,466)Solid waste & recycling428,627428,627416,18112,446Engineering20,00020,00020,326(326)Building103,713103,713110,986(7,273)Total public works1,460,7991,460,7991,526,070(65,271)					
Inspection Total public safety   92,754   92,754   84,239   8,515     Public safety   594,979   594,979   531,948   63,031     Public works   78,500   78,500   100,174   (21,674)     Highway and street maintenance   632,489   632,489   621,115   11,374     Street lighting   83,000   83,000   70,016   12,984     Snow & ice removal   35,012   35,012   82,387   (47,375)     Signs & markings   51,722   51,722   70,683   (18,961)     Bridges and culverts   27,736   27,736   34,202   (6,466)     Solid waste & recycling   428,627   428,627   416,181   12,446     Engineering   20,000   20,000   20,326   (326)     Building   103,713   103,713   110,986   (7,273)     Total public works   1,460,799   1,460,799   1,526,070   (65,271)	•				
Total public safety594,979594,979531,94863,031Public worksMachinery & equipment78,50078,500100,174(21,674)Highway and street maintenance632,489632,489621,11511,374Street lighting83,00083,00070,01612,984Snow & ice removal35,01235,01282,387(47,375)Signs & markings51,72251,72270,683(18,961)Bridges and culverts27,73627,73634,202(6,466)Solid waste & recycling428,627428,627416,18112,446Engineering20,00020,00020,326(326)Building103,713103,713110,986(7,273)Total public works1,460,7991,460,7991,526,070(65,271)					
Public works   Machinery & equipment 78,500 78,500 100,174 (21,674)   Highway and street maintenance 632,489 632,489 621,115 11,374   Street lighting 83,000 83,000 70,016 12,984   Snow & ice removal 35,012 35,012 82,387 (47,375)   Signs & markings 51,722 51,722 70,683 (18,961)   Bridges and culverts 27,736 27,736 34,202 (6,466)   Solid waste & recycling 428,627 428,627 416,181 12,446   Engineering 20,000 20,000 20,326 (326)   Building 103,713 103,713 110,986 (7,273)   Total public works 1,460,799 1,460,799 1,526,070 (65,271)	•				
Machinery & equipment78,50078,500100,174(21,674)Highway and street maintenance632,489632,489621,11511,374Street lighting83,00083,00070,01612,984Snow & ice removal35,01235,01282,387(47,375)Signs & markings51,72251,72270,683(18,961)Bridges and culverts27,73627,73634,202(6,466)Solid waste & recycling428,627428,627416,18112,446Engineering20,00020,00020,326(326)Building103,713103,713110,986(7,273)Total public works1,460,7991,460,7991,526,070(65,271)		594,979	594,979	551,940	05,051
Highway and street maintenance632,489632,489621,11511,374Street lighting83,00083,00070,01612,984Snow & ice removal35,01235,01282,387(47,375)Signs & markings51,72251,72270,683(18,961)Bridges and culverts27,73627,73634,202(6,466)Solid waste & recycling428,627428,627416,18112,446Engineering20,00020,00020,326(326)Building103,713103,713110,986(7,273)Total public works1,460,7991,460,7991,526,070(65,271)					
Street lighting 83,000 83,000 70,016 12,984   Snow & ice removal 35,012 35,012 82,387 (47,375)   Signs & markings 51,722 51,722 70,683 (18,961)   Bridges and culverts 27,736 27,736 34,202 (6,466)   Solid waste & recycling 428,627 428,627 416,181 12,446   Engineering 20,000 20,000 20,326 (326)   Building 103,713 103,713 110,986 (7,273)   Total public works 1,460,799 1,460,799 1,526,070 (65,271)	Machinery & equipment				
Snow & ice removal 35,012 35,012 82,387 (47,375)   Signs & markings 51,722 51,722 70,683 (18,961)   Bridges and culverts 27,736 27,736 34,202 (6,466)   Solid waste & recycling 428,627 428,627 416,181 12,446   Engineering 20,000 20,000 20,326 (326)   Building 103,713 103,713 110,986 (7,273)   Total public works 1,460,799 1,460,799 1,526,070 (65,271)					
Signs & markings51,72251,72270,683(18,961)Bridges and culverts27,73627,73634,202(6,466)Solid waste & recycling428,627428,627416,18112,446Engineering20,00020,00020,326(326)Building103,713103,713110,986(7,273)Total public works1,460,7991,460,7991,526,070(65,271)					
Bridges and culverts 27,736 27,736 34,202 (6,466)   Solid waste & recycling 428,627 428,627 416,181 12,446   Engineering 20,000 20,000 20,326 (326)   Building 103,713 103,713 110,986 (7,273)   Total public works 1,460,799 1,460,799 1,526,070 (65,271)					
Solid waste & recycling 428,627 428,627 416,181 12,446   Engineering 20,000 20,000 20,326 (326)   Building 103,713 103,713 110,986 (7,273)   Total public works 1,460,799 1,460,799 1,526,070 (65,271)					
Engineering 20,000 20,000 20,326 (326)   Building 103,713 103,713 110,986 (7,273)   Total public works 1,460,799 1,460,799 1,526,070 (65,271)					
Building   103,713   103,713   110,986   (7,273)     Total public works   1,460,799   1,460,799   1,526,070   (65,271)					
Total public works   1,460,799   1,526,070   (65,271)     Health and human services   1<					
Health and human services	5				
	Total public works	1,460,799	1,460,799	1,526,070	(65,271)
	Health and human services				
		6,100	6,100	5,339	761

### **GENERAL FUND**

DETAILED COMPARISON OF BUDGETED AND ACTUAL EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Buc	lget		Variance Final Budget - Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Culture and recreation				(
Parks - general	85,724	85,724	84,737	987
Recreation programs	29,192	29,192	18,377	10,815
Total culture and recreation	114,916	114,916	103,114	11,802
	111,510	111,510	103,111	11,002
Conservation and development				
Community development	84,427	84,427	80,575	3,852
Economic development	6,420	6,420	4,380	2,040
Total conservation and	· · · ·			·
development	90,847	90,847	84,955	5,892
Capital outlay				
Technology	18,000	18,000	4,954	13,046
CEO	25,000	25,000	4,934 17,321	7,679
		-	17,521	-
Public works building	10,000	10,000	- 1750	10,000
Stormwater	17,500	17,500	1,750	15,750
Road improvement	123,844	272,999	295,992	(22,993)
Other	5,000	5,000	-	5,000
Total capital outlay	199,344	348,499	320,017	28,482
Total expenditures	\$ 3,242,380	\$ 3,391,535	\$ 3,297,314	\$ 94,221

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2019

Special Revenue								
	P	Parkland Tourism Fees Commission		Doepke Park		Totals		
ASSETS								
Cash and investments Inventories and prepaid items	\$	63,679 -	\$	333,243 2,500	\$	23,133 -	\$	420,055 2,500
Total assets	\$	63,679	\$	335,743	\$	23,133	\$	422,555
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities	¢		*	10,100	¢		<i>t</i>	10,100
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	49,496	\$	-	\$	49,496
Due to other governments		-		-		6		6
Special deposits		-		-		1,425		1,425
Unearned revenues				-		2,260		2,260
Total liabilities		-		49,496		3,691		53,187
Fund balances								
Nonspendable		-		2,500		-		2,500
Restricted		-		283,747		-		283,747
Assigned		63,679		-		19,442		83,121
Total fund balances		63,679		286,247		19,442		369,368
Total liabilities and fund balances		63,679	\$	335,743	\$	23,133	\$	422,555

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Special Revenue							
	Parkland Fees		Tourism Commission		Doepke Park		Totals	
REVENUES								
Public charges for services	\$	18,200	\$	-	\$	8,035	\$	26,235
Miscellaneous		1,242		3,903		571		5,716
Total revenues		19,442		3,903		8,606		31,951
EXPENDITURES Current								
Culture and recreation		3,500		-		4,749		8,249
Conservation and development		-		220,383		-		220,383
Total expenditures		3,500		220,383		4,749		228,632
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		15,942		(216,480)		3,857		(196,681)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		-		374,777		-		374,777
Transfers out		-		-		(2,543)		(2,543)
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		374,777		(2,543)		372,234
Net change in fund balances		15,942		158,297		1,314		175,553
Fund balances - January 1		47,737		127,950		18,128		193,815
Fund balances - December 31	\$	63,679	\$	286,247	\$	19,442	\$	369,368

### ADDITIONAL INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT FOR BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



CLA (CliftonLarsonAllen LLP) CLAconnect.com

Independent auditors' report on internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters based on an audit of financial statements performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* 

To the Town Board Town of Rib Mountain Marathon County, Wisconsin

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Rib Mountain, Marathon County, Wisconsin (the "Town") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 12, 2020.

#### INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Town's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify the following deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2019-001 and 2019-002 that we consider to be significant deficiencies.



#### COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

#### TOWN OF RIB MOUNTAIN, MARATHON COUNTY, WISCONSIN'S RESPONSE TO FINDINGS

The Town's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The Town's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Wausau, Wisconsin August 12, 2020

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

### SECTION I. INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

FINDING NO.	CONTROL DEFICIENCIES
2019-001	Segregation of Duties Repeat of Finding 2018-001
Type of Finding:	Significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting
Condition:	The Town has one employee to handle all payroll related transactions from setting up new employees and entering wage rates and benefit information to processing payroll every pay period. The Finance Director reviews payroll registers and all payroll related transactions. However, wage or benefit changes could be processed that were not approved. The Town also had a period during 2019 where there was limited staff available to complete all financial and recordkeeping duties of the Town. During this time, the same employee would often process receipts, prepare the deposit, and reconcile the bank statement to the general ledger. To help mitigate risk, the Town Administrator reviewed and signed off on all financial items. Accordingly, this does not allow for a proper segregation of duties for internal control purposes.
Context:	While performing audit procedures, it was noted that the Town does not have adequate segregation of duties for internal control purposes.
Criteria:	Segregation of duties is an internal control intended to prevent or decrease the occurrence of errors or intentional fraud. Segregation of duties ensures that no single employee has control over all phases of a transaction.
Cause:	The lack of segregation of duties is due to the limited number of employees and the size of the Town's operations.
Effect:	Errors or intentional fraud could occur and not be detected timely by other employees in the normal course of their responsibilities as a result of the lack of segregation of duties.
Recommendation:	We therefore recommend the Town Board and management complete periodic reviews of processes to address and improve the segregation of duties conditions listed above. We recommend the Town Board continue to monitor the transactions and the financial records of the Town.
Management Response:	The Town implemented an internal control policy in 2019 and has been at full staff in 2020 to be able to comply with the enacted internal control policy.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

FINDING NO.	CONTROL DEFICIENCIES
2019-002	Preparation of Annual Financial Report Repeat of Finding 2018-002
Type of Finding:	Significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting
Condition:	Current Town staff maintains accounting records which reflect the Town's financial transactions; however, preparing the Town's annual financial report, including note disclosures, involves the selection and application of specific accounting principles which would require additional experience and knowledge. The Town contracts with us and our knowledge of applicable accounting principles, financial statement format, and note disclosures to assist in the preparation of the annual financial report in an efficient manner. For the same reasons, the Town contracts with us to compile the Wisconsin Municipal Report Form CT.
Context:	While performing audit procedures, it was noted that management does not have internal controls in place to provide reasonable assurance that financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP.
Criteria:	The preparation and review of the annual financial report and Municipal Financial Report by staff with expertise in financial reporting is an internal control intended to prevent, detect and correct a potential omission or misstatement in the financial statements or notes or other required State Financial reports.
Cause:	Town management has determined that the additional costs associated with training staff to become experienced in applicable accounting principles and note disclosures outweigh the derived benefits.
Effect:	Without our involvement, the Town may not be able to completely prepare an annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
Recommendation:	We recommend the Town continue reviewing the annual financial report. While it may not be cost beneficial to train additional staff to completely prepare the report, a thorough review of this information by appropriate staff of the Town is necessary to obtain a complete and adequate understanding of the Town's annual financial report and Municipal Financial Report.
Management Response:	The Town feels the costs outweigh the benefits to train staff to prepare the Annual Financial Report, but will continue to have appropriate staff thoroughly review the report.

#### SECTION II. COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

There are no findings related to compliance and other matters that are required to be reported under governmental auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America for the year ended December 31, 2019.

