

Corrections Facilities Planning Committee: Facilities Overview

December 20, 2017

Correctional Facilities: Adult Male

- Adult Facilities

- Institutions

- Chippewa Valley Correctional Treatment Facility
 - Columbia Correctional Institution
 - Dodge Correctional Institution
 - Fox Lake Correctional Institution
 - Green Bay Correctional Institution
 - Jackson Correctional Institution
 - Kettle Moraine Correctional Institution
 - Milwaukee Secure Detention Facility
 - New Lisbon Correctional Institution
 - Oakhill Correctional Institution
 - Oshkosh Correctional Institution
 - Prairie du Chien Correctional Institution
 - Racine Correctional Institution
 - Racine Youthful Offender Correctional Facility
 - Redgranite Correctional Institution
 - Stanley Correctional Institution
 - Sturtevant Transitional Facility
 - Waupun Correctional Institution
 - Wisconsin Secure Program Facility

- Correctional Center System

- Black River Correctional Center
 - Drug Abuse Correctional Center
 - Felmers O. Chaney Correctional Center
 - Flambeau Correctional Center
 - Gordon Correctional Center
 - John C. Burke Correctional Center
 - Kenosha Correctional Center
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 - Oregon Correctional Center
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Correctional Facilities: Women and Juvenile

- Adult Women's Facilities
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 - Taycheedah Correctional Institution
 - Correctional Center System
 - Milwaukee Women's Correctional Center
 - Robert E. Ellsworth Correctional Center
- Juvenile Facilities
 - Lincoln Hills School
 - Copper Lake School
 - Grow Academy

Lincoln Hills School



- Interim Superintendent John Paquin.
- Population: 143
- Type 1 secure juvenile correctional facility.
- Opened in the summer of 1970. From 1972 to 1994, both male and female youth were placed at LHS. In 2011, Copper Lake School for Girls opened at the Lincoln Hills site.
- Also serves as a secure detention resource for male youth from nearby counties.

Copper Lake School



- Interim Superintendent John Paquin.
- Population: 20
- Type 1 secure juvenile correctional facility.
- In June 2011, Southern Oaks Girls School closed and female youth in DOC custody were moved to Copper Lake School, which is co-located with LHS.
- CLS operates as a separate facility with sight and sound separation from LHS and serves as a secure detention resource for female youth from nearby counties.

Grow Academy



- Opened in 2014
- Population: 5
- Residential program offering comprehensive treatment for County- and State-supervised youth as an alternative to incarceration as well as a step down for youth returning to the community.
- Services consist of an agriculturally based educational curriculum, cognitive development programming, career exploration, case management services including individual and family counseling services, tele-psychiatry and other identified treatment needs, as well as engagement in community partnerships to strengthen the youth's transition back to the community.
- Residence is usually 120 days on average.
- Capacity of 12 males with a target age range of 14 – 18 years old.

Chippewa Valley Correctional Treatment Facility

- Warden Jeff Pugh.
- Number of employees: 158 (2016)
- Population: 483
- All-male, minimum-security facility with 300 beds reserved for treatment.
- Transferred from the Northern Wisconsin Center to DOC, underwent extensive remodeling in 2003 – 2004.
- Accepted its first inmates on April 20, 2004.
- Earned Release Program (ERP) pursuant to Wisconsin State Statutes, Sec 302.05.



Columbia Correctional Institution

- Warden Michael Dittman.
- Number of employees: 323
- Population: 835
- Ten maximum-security living units, each containing 50 cells; and one 150-bed, minimum-security unit are contained within its perimeter.
- Large visiting room, chapel, meeting rooms, health services area, staff offices, an intake and reception area, canteen, laundry, a main kitchen, library, recreation field, gymnasium, an industry building, school, and vocational education workshops.
- Opened in 1986 and encompasses 110 acres of land in Portage, WI.



Dodge Correctional Institution



- Warden William Pollard
- Number of employees: 689
- Population: 1,650
- 1977: \$2,470,000 of general obligation bonds to convert the Central State Hospital to an adult correctional facility. The first two inmates were transferred on May 15, 1978.
- October 29, 1993: ground broken for a \$45 million expansion which more than doubled the size of the facility.
- Reception center for both males and females until December 1, 2004, when female reception was transferred to Taycheedah Correctional Institution.
- Central medical center, providing both in-patient and out-patient care for male and female inmates.

Fox Lake Correctional Institution



- Warden Randall Hepp
- Number of employees: 369
- Population: 1,356
- First medium-security institution in the United States opened under a responsible living, no pass system concept.
- Located about nine miles west of the city of Waupun, in Dodge County.
- Situated on 85 acres, surrounded by approximately 1200 acres owned by the State of Wisconsin.
- Entrance facility/armory; administration building; chapel; food service, laundry, and health services building; education building; nine housing units; recreation building; garage; and an industries, maintenance, and vocational shop building. Two of the housing units are dormitory/barracks-style settings.
- Inmates are permitted scheduled movement within the institution and rules are intended to help individuals live together in an orderly manner.

Green Bay Correctional Institution

- Warden Scott Eckstein
- Number of employees: 353
- Population: 1,092
- Maximum-security correctional institution located in Brown County between Green Bay, De Pere, and the Fox and East rivers.
- In 1897, the Wisconsin Legislature approved \$75,000 for construction of a state reformatory for male offenders. An old, brick bicycle factory and 198 acres were purchased, which first housed eight inmates, transferring from Waupun Correctional Institution on August 31, 1898.
- Prison construction occurred in the next two decades: North Cell Hall from 1898-1904; South Cell Hall and Administration Building from 1915-1922; and a wooden fence by 1916 for the main compound, which was replaced seven years later by the 22-foot concrete wall that still stands today.
- Two original 294-bed cell halls, one dormitory unit, a mainstream unit, and a restrictive housing unit.
- Kitchen; two dining rooms; a power plant; textile facilities; academic and vocational education; health services; a chapel; psychological and social services; maintenance facilities; indoor and outdoor recreation facilities; a shower building; a visiting room; and administrative offices.



Jackson Correctional Institution

- Warden Lizzie Tegels
- Number of employees: 279
- Population: 987
- Medium-security adult prison.
- 1990: Building Commission and the Department of Administration requested a study to determine bed needs for the growing prison population. \$145.4 million building program added 1,684 beds to the Wisconsin prison system and included the building of Jackson Correctional Institution.
- Began receiving inmates in May of 1996.
- 150-bed barracks-style unit was added in October of 1997.



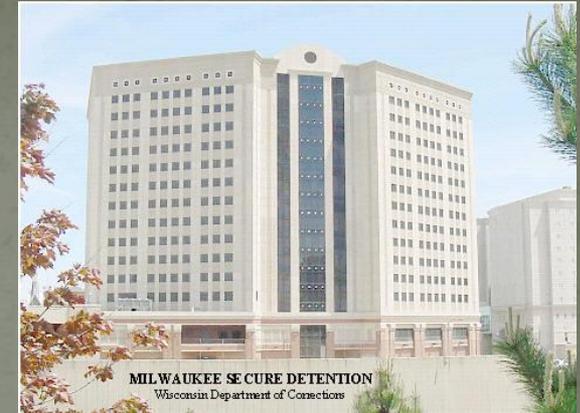
Kettle Moraine Correctional Institution

- Warden Robert Humphreys
- Number of employees: 329
- Population: 1,177
- Medium
- Adjacent to Kettle Moraine State Forest in Sheboygan County approximately 10 miles west of Plymouth and 17 miles southeast of Fond du Lac.
- Originally opened in 1962 as Kettle Moraine Boys School, before converting to Kettle Moraine Correctional Institution, a medium-security facility for adult males, in 1974.
- In September 2001, Kettle Moraine hosted the first inmate job fair ever held inside a Wisconsin correctional institution.



Milwaukee Secure Detention Facility

- Warden Ronald Malone
- Number of employees: 358
- Population: 1083
- Medium
- Located in downtown Milwaukee.
- Opened October 8, 2001, and initially housed only Division of Community Corrections (DCC) inmates who had violated their community supervision. In December of 2001, MSDF became a Division of Adult Institutions (DAI) facility.
- Functions in a similar manner to that of a jail operation. Unlike other DOC institutions, MSDF accepts offenders 24-hours-a-day, and has an intake booking/objective classification process closely resembling that of a county jail.
- Continues to house offenders on DCC probation and parole holds, pending investigation of the alleged violation.
 - Offenders can be placed into Alternatives to Revocation (ATR) programming and/or appropriate treatment. Following this placement, some offenders may return to the community, while others may have their probation/parole revoked and sentenced to a period of confinement.



New Lisbon Correctional Institution

- Warden Don Strahota
- Number of employees: 284
- Population: 1,041
- Medium security facility
- Construction began in 2001 and was completed the following year.
- Located in Juneau County, sits on 100 acres.
- Eight buildings include two housing units; a restrictive housing unit; a gatehouse; a health services unit; a school complex; a library; religious programming space; and administrative offices.
- Offers academic and vocational education; inmate work assignments; recreation; treatment programs; personal development; reentry modules; and restorative justice initiatives.



Oakhill Correctional Institution

- Warden Douglas Percy
- Number of employees: 253
- Population: 718
- Minimum
- Originally opened as the Wisconsin School for Girls in June 1941. It is listed as a historical site in the State Historical Society Register.
- OCI also operates the Security Unit at UW Hospitals and Clinics. This is a maximum security 10 bed in-patient unit, where inmates for all Wisconsin correctional facilities are sent for specialized medical care.



Oshkosh Correctional Institution

- Warden Judy P. Smith
- Number of employees: 470
- Population: 2,031
- Medium
- First proposed in 1977, by the "Flad Report," a six-year plan commissioned by the Legislature. Construction was started in the fall of 1984, and OSCI was activated to receive inmates in September of 1986.
- OSCI Training Kitchen operates in the institution visiting room; hours of operation vary. When open, inmates may purchase food items for their approved visitors from a restaurant-style menu.



Prairie du Chien Correctional Institution

- Warden Tim Haines
- Number of employees: 184
- Population: 513
- Medium
- Originally constructed in the mid-1900s as a Jesuit High School and later as a Lutheran Preparatory High School. The State of Wisconsin purchased the facility in 1995 to be used as a juvenile correctional institution for non-assaultive male youthful offenders.
- Converted to an adult institution July 1, 2003.



Racine Correctional Institution

- Warden Paul S. Kemper.
- Number of employees: 420
- Population: 1,696
- Medium
- Opened May 6, 1991.
- A portion of the facility includes the former St. Bonaventure Prep School, which was founded in Pulaski in 1901 to prepare Polish youth for priesthood.



Racine Youthful Offender Correctional Facility

- Warden Pamela J. Wallace
- Number of employees: 196
- Population: 450
- Medium
- First major Wisconsin correctional institution in the heart of an urban area
- First institution in Wisconsin designated specifically for a particular age group within medium-security.
- Two housing units, each containing 120 cells for 450 offenders; 27 bed Restrictive Housing unit; a visiting room; multi-purpose room/chapel; meeting rooms and staff offices; health services and education areas; a recreation field and a gymnasium; as well as a support building that houses Career Technical Education, food service programs, laundry and warehouse space.
- An additional building, adjacent to the physical plant, is home to buildings and grounds maintenance operations and a Conference\Training Center.



Redgranite Correctional Institution

- Warden Michael Meisner
- Number of employees: 283
- Population: 1,024
- Medium
- Groundbreaking for the construction of RGCI took place on June 18, 1999; received its first inmates on January 8, 2001.
- Encompasses 89 acres of land, of which 22 acres are contained within the secure perimeter. The secure perimeter consists of two high-security fences.



Stanley Correctional Institution

- Warden Reed Richardson
- Number of employees: 353
- Population: 1,590
- Medium
- Construction started in 1998 and was a joint venture of the Dominion Company and the City of Stanley.
- State purchased from Dominion November 2001.
- Built on 100 acres, just south of Stanley and Hwy 29. 45 acres within the perimeter of the facility and the outside perimeter measures 1.1 miles.



Sturtevant Transitional Facility

- Superintendent Lisa Avila
- Number of employees: 63
- Population: 146
- Minimum
- Located on the northwestern edge of the Village of Sturtevant in Racine County.
- Center grounds cover approximately 13 acres adjacent to Racine Correctional Institution (RCI). STF is a unit of RCI and falls under the supervision of the RCI warden. The facility is directly overseen by the superintendent.
- Focus on work/study release.
- Program Opportunities
 - Adult Basic Education and High School Equivalency Diploma programs and continued secondary education correspondence courses.
 - Anger Management Group Intervention Program facilitated by social workers during twelve two-hour group sessions.
 - Thinking for a Change—a 14-week, cognitive behavioral program. Inmates learn to identify habits of thinking that directly connect to their criminal behavior and to see and appreciate the scope of the consequences of their present ways of thinking. Inmates learn techniques of controlling and changing problematic habits of thinking.
 - Inmates must be physically fit and stable on medications before being placed on work/study release. The program averages 60 inmate workers per week. Inmates are required to hold an institution job assignment and/or serve on project/community service crews.



Waupun Correctional Institution



- Warden Brian Foster
- Number of employees: 330
- Population: 1,253
- Maximum
- On March 14, 1851, Wisconsin's first governor, Nelson Dewey, appointed a three-member prison commission to select a site for what would be named the Wisconsin State Prison.
 - The first permanent building (the South Cell Hall) was completed in 1854, which remains in use today. This cell hall had 288 cells and was built using inmate labor at a cost of \$325 per cell.
 - Additional cell halls were built in 1854, 1906, and 1913, all of which also remain in use today.
 - The main administration building was built in 1855 and the large, ornate stone and iron wall was constructed in 1858.
- The prison was home to both male and female prisoners until 1933, when the women were moved to the Wisconsin Industrial Home for Women in Taycheedah.
- On January 22, 1992, the Wisconsin State Prison Historic District was entered on the State and National Registers of Historic Places.
- Continual improvements to its buildings and infrastructure have allowed Waupun Correctional Institution to meet the operational needs of a modern prison.
 - In 1998, a new Health and Restrictive Housing Complex opened, replacing buildings that dated back to the 1940's.
 - The Food Services building underwent a complete remodel in 2015.

Wisconsin Secure Program Facility



- Warden Gary Boughton
- Number of employees: 235
- Population: 467
- Maximum
- Houses general population (GP) inmates, restrictive housing (RH) inmates, and inmates in administrative confinement in a maximum-security setting.
- Inmates are encouraged to display positive behaviors and adjustments to the WSPF correctional setting. Inmates who exhibit appropriate conduct may earn the opportunity for transfer to another DAI facility.
- Programming at WSPF is designed to provide restrictive status housing inmates with some of the assistance necessary to modify their behavior to a degree that may allow them to be returned to general population.
 - In order to be placed in general population, inmates in restrictive housing must demonstrate they will not create an unreasonable risk to staff, other inmates, themselves, or the secure and orderly running of the institution.
 - WSPF aims to influence the behavior of inmates by using a system of phases designed to manage risk in conjunction with treatment/programming. Inmates progress through three phases, of which the final is a transition phase prior to general population.

Wisconsin Correctional Center System

- Warden Quala Champagne
- Number of employees: 464
- Population: 1,954
- Minimum
- Decentralized network of 14 minimum-security facilities located across the state with the Wardens, Business, and Records Office functions located at Department headquarters in Madison. Each center is overseen locally by a superintendent.
- Correctional centers are similar in that each is small in size (fewer than 300 inmates) and all are operationally self-contained. Inmates are housed in single, double, or multiple occupant rooms.
- Inmates generally have more freedom to move about the facility's building and grounds during designated hours of the day than do inmates housed in an institution.
- Some correctional centers serve a specific program or population need; such as drug and alcohol treatment, education, or "boot camp" type programming. Others primarily focus on work release and work crew participation.
- Most inmates at a correctional center are beginning the transition process back to society. Inmates are offered the opportunity of increased responsibility and begin making more decisions for themselves while at a correctional center.

Black River Correctional Center

- Superintendent Matthew Gerber
- Population: 124
- East of Black River Falls, in Jackson County.
- BRCC opened as a correctional camp for boys in 1962, when persons under 21 were not charged with felony crimes in adult court. In 1972, the law changed and BRCC was converted to an adult male facility.
- In December of 2003, BRCC was converted to a "military bearing" program, until September of 2014, when its focus changed to a low risk, Earned Release Program.
- Programs Offered
 - Earned Release Program (ERP), pursuant to Wisconsin State Statutes, Sec 302.05, and utilizes the core curriculum Cognitive Behavioral Interventions for Substance Abuse. The low-risk program is generally 90-days in length, is abstinence-based, and includes specially structured weekly activities.
 - A major emphasis of ERP is community reentry, involving the inmate's Division of Community Corrections agent from the first month of the program and with increasing involvement during release planning that addresses aftercare, residence, support services, and employment. Each inmate prepares a release plan that is reviewed by staff. Upon completion of the program, the sentencing court is notified and modifies the sentence to release inmate graduates on Extended Supervision.
 - All inmates are required to fully participate in programming, work-related activities and community service.
 - Inmates also have an opportunity to attend school with individual tutoring as they work towards earning a High School Equivalency Diploma.
- Community Enhancement
 - BRCC Project Crew assists local government agencies and non-profit organizations on a variety of work projects, incorporating a positive work experience, building new skills, and giving back to the community.
 - BRCC inmates also serve as speakers about criminality and substance abuse for various schools, colleges and universities, church groups, and other community agencies and organizations.



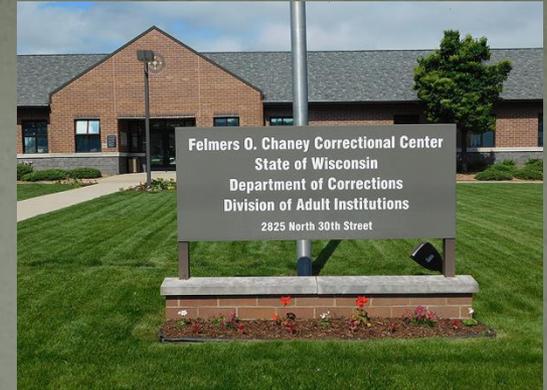
Drug Abuse Correctional Center

- Superintendent Robert Genske
- Located north of Oshkosh in Winnebago County.
- **Programs Offered**
 - The Earned Release Program (ERP) is pursuant to the Wisconsin State Statutes, Sec 302.05, and utilizes two core curriculums, Thinking for a Change (T4C) and Cognitive Behavioral Interventions for Substance Abuse (CBISA).
 - The program is generally 20 weeks in length, but can be shorter or longer depending upon individual needs.
- All inmates are required to fully participate in both program and work-related activities, and are required to be actively involved from 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., Monday -Thursday, and until 6:00 p.m. on Fridays, excluding holidays.
- **Community Enhancement**
 - DACC inmates provide community service work for many non-profit, community-based organizations. Additionally, DACC inmates often serve as speakers in presentations about criminality and substance abuse for various schools, colleges, universities, church groups, and other community and organizations.



Felmers O. Chaney Correctional Center

- Superintendent Rose Larson
- Population: 84
- Located in Milwaukee.
- Opened in 2000, replacing the Abode and St. John's Correctional Centers. The center was named after the late Felmers O. Chaney, who had a long and distinguished record of community service in the Milwaukee area. His community service work and distinguished service record exemplify his commitment to the belief that people can change if they are provided the opportunity, resources, and direction.
- Programs Offered
 - Work release programs with local employers through which employment is provided for qualified inmates, with an emphasis made on maintaining that employment placement after the inmate's release. Funds earned through work release help to pay fees, restitution and other obligations.
 - Individual tutoring for inmates as they work towards earning a High School Equivalency Diploma.
 - Additional programs are available for inmates with identified needs, based on available volunteers and community partners.
- Community Enhancement
 - The FCCC community service crew assists local government agencies and non-profit organizations on a variety of work projects, incorporating a positive work experience, building new skills, and giving back to the community.



Flambeau Correctional Center



- Superintendent Carmen Dohms
- Population: 94
- Located within the Flambeau River State Forest in Sawyer County.
- Opened in 1954 as the Flambeau Correctional Camp and was built to house minimum-security inmates. The inmates from the Camp were intended to supply a labor force that would assist with development of the newly created Flambeau River State Forest.
- In the 1960's, FCC's focus was changed to the supervision of juvenile offenders.
- In 1980, FCC closed briefly before re-opening as a treatment center in 1981; however, in 1982, its focus returned to that of a work center for minimum-security male inmates.
- Programs Offered
 - Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse (AODA) intervention strategies.
 - Opportunities to attend school, with individual tutoring offered to inmates as they work towards earning a High School Equivalency Diploma.
 - Woodshop offers inmates the opportunity to learn machine safety, woodworking, and finishing skills.
- Community Enhancement
 - The FCC project crew assists the Department of Natural Resources (DNR), local government agencies and non-profit organizations on a variety of work projects, incorporating a positive work experience, building new skills, and giving back to the community.
 - Community service opportunities are also offered with staff or agency supervision.

Gordon Correctional Center



- Superintendent Christine Suter
- Population: 92
- Located approximately 2 1/2 miles southeast of the Village of Gordon, in an annex of the Brule River State Forest.
- First known as “Camp Gordon,” built in 1932 and was initially used to relieve overcrowding at the Wisconsin State Prison located in Waupun.
- Began as a forestry camp, where inmates worked in the forest and adjacent tree nursery operated by the Wisconsin Conservation Department. The inmates produced much of their own food on the facility’s farm and gardens.
- In 1962, the center became part of the Wisconsin Correctional Center System.
- Programs Offered
 - Work release programs with local employers through which employment is provided for qualified inmates, with an emphasis made on maintaining that employment placement after the inmate’s release.
 - Funds earned through work release help to pay fees, restitution, and other obligations.
 - Opportunities to attend school, with individual tutoring for inmates as they work towards earning a High School Equivalency Diploma.
 - Additional programs are available for inmates with identified needs, based on available volunteers and community partners.
- Community Enhancement
 - The GCC project crew assists local government agencies and non-profit organizations on a variety of work projects, incorporating a positive work experience, building new skills, and giving back to the community.
 - Community service opportunities are also offered with staff or agency supervision.

John C. Burke Correctional Center



- Superintendent Peter Jaeger
- Population: 246
- Located in Waupun.
- Sits on the site of what once was the Minimum Security Bunkhouse, a housing facility for the Waupun Correctional Institution, until 1988 when it was annexed by WCCS.
- Ground was broken on construction of the modern facilities in 1989 and completed in July of 1990.
- Originally housed minimum-security male inmates; however, due to population fluctuations, transitioned to a female facility in October of 2000.
- In November of 2011, the facility reverted to housing minimum-security males as part of WCCS.
- Named after the late John C. Burke who served as warden of the Wisconsin State Prison from 1938 to 1969. Warden Burke is credited with a number of major correctional accomplishments, including the establishment of an internal disciplinary court system and the inmate classification system.
- Programs Offered
 - Work release programs.
 - Opportunities to attend school on-grounds with individual tutoring for inmates as they work towards earning a High School Equivalency Diploma.
 - Additional programs vary and are available for inmates with identified needs, and based on available volunteers and community partners.
- Community Enhancement
 - The JBCC project crew assists local government agencies and non-profit organizations on a variety of work projects, incorporating a positive work experience, building new skills, and giving back to the community.
 - Community service opportunities are also offered with staff or agency supervision.

Kenosha Correctional Center



- Superintendent Ann Krueger
- Population: 116
- Located in a mixed residential and commercial area of Kenosha and sits on 7.62 acres
- First opened in 1990.
- Programs Offered
 - Work release programs.
 - Individual tutoring for inmates as they work towards earning a High School Equivalency Diploma. Additional programs are available for inmates with identified needs, based on available volunteers and community partners.
- Community Enhancement
 - The KCC project crew assists local government agencies and non-profit organizations on a variety of work projects which incorporate a positive work experience, build new skills, and give back to the community. Community service opportunities are also offered with staff or agency supervision.

Marshall E. Sherrer Correctional Center

- Superintendent Gary Mitchell
- Population: 54
- Located in Milwaukee.
- Opened in 1981.
- Programs Offered
 - Work release programs.
 - Additional programs vary and are available for inmates with identified needs, based on available volunteers and community partners.
- Community Enhancement
 - MSCC community service crews assist local government agencies and non-profit organizations on a variety of work projects, incorporating a positive work experience, building new skills, and giving back to the community.



McNaughton Correctional Center



- Superintendent Brad Kosbab
- Population: 105
- Located just west of the Town of Lake Tomahawk, in Oneida County.
- Originally built in 1931 in the Town of McNaughton in 1931, as a state correctional forestry camp, where it received inmates transferred from the Green Bay Reformatory.
- In 1957, the Lake Tomahawk Tuberculosis Rehabilitation Camp at Lake Tomahawk closed. The buildings and grounds were deeded to the Wisconsin Department of Corrections (DOC) and MCC was relocated to its current site.
- Some of the original structures from the Tuberculosis Camp built in 1910 still stand today and are listed on the National Register of Historic Buildings.
- Offers work release programs with local employers through which employment is provided for qualified inmates, with an emphasis made on maintaining that employment placement after the inmate's release.
- Community Enhancement
 - The MCC project crew assists local government agencies and non-profit organizations on a variety of work projects, incorporating a positive work experience, building new skills, and giving back to the community.
 - The Oneida County Humane Society Canine Development Program is a community service initiative operated in conjunction with MCC inmates who assist with socialization of the dogs prior to adoption.

Oregon Correctional Center



- Superintendent Troy Hermans
- Population: 119
- Original buildings constructed in 1928 to provide housing for inmates who for many years worked on the adjacent correctional farm.
- Programs Offered
 - Work release programs.
 - Additional programs vary and are available for inmates with identified needs, based on available volunteers and community partners.
- Community Enhancement
 - The OCC project crew assists local government agencies and non-profit organizations on a variety of work projects, incorporating a positive work experience, building new skills, and giving back to the community. Community service opportunities are also offered with staff or agency supervision.
 - The center, in cooperation with the Department of Natural Resources, raises day old pheasant chicks through adulthood, when they are released to local communities to facilitate youth hunts and hunters education programs.

Sanger B. Powers Correctional Center



- Superintendent Patrick Melman
- Population: 119
- Located approximately three miles north of the village of Oneida in Outagamie County.
- Opened in 1982, replacing the aging bunkhouse that was home to inmates who worked at Oneida Farm, then operated by Green Bay Correctional Institution.
- Named for Sanger B. Powers Sr., who was recognized for his long history of leadership in the field of corrections, both within the state of Wisconsin and nationally. Mr. Powers was responsible for many of the correctional programs that are now used as models in the field.
- Programs Offered
 - Work release programs .
 - Additional programs vary and are available for inmates with identified needs, and based on available volunteers and community partners.
- Community Enhancement
 - The SPCC community service crew assists local government agencies and non-profit organizations on a variety of work projects, incorporating a positive work experience, building new skills, and giving back to the community.
 - The Fox Valley Humane Society Canine Development Program, also known as REBOUND, is a community service initiative operated in conjunction with the Fox Valley Humane Society Association and SPCC inmates who assist with socialization of the dogs prior to adoption.
 - SPCC also partners with the Northeast Wisconsin Leader Dogs Puppy Project, to raise and train puppies to serve as guide dogs for blind citizens.

St. Croix Correctional Center



- Superintendent Jo Skalski
- Population: 119
- Located in the city of New Richmond.
- Construction was originally completed in 1994, with an expansion added in 2014. A modular structure was also built in 2003 to house female offenders in separate dormitories.
- Programs Offered
 - Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse intervention strategies and in-depth group interaction.
 - Offers individual tutoring as they work towards earning a High School Equivalency Diploma.
 - Challenge Incarceration Program.
 - Voluntary program designed to allow a participant to successfully complete all program components in a minimum of 180 days. Includes rigorous physical activity, manual work assignments; regimentation and discipline; and instruction on military bearing.
- Community Enhancement
 - The SCCC project crew assists local government agencies and non-profit organizations on a variety of work projects, incorporating a positive work experience, building new skills, and giving back to the community.
 - Community service opportunities are also offered with staff or agency supervision.

Thompson Correctional Center



- **Superintendent Wayne Olson**
- **Population: 129**
- Located 17 miles east of Madison, between Deerfield and Cambridge, situated on 22 acres of land that is bisected by State Farm Road. The center derives its name from the Forger Thompson farm, which dates back to the 1840s.
- Established in 1942 as a prison farm located on 1,100 acres of land then owned by the University of Wisconsin, but leased to the Department of Welfare.
- In 1974, all but the current 22 acres of land were sold to the public. At that time, the center's program focus changed from farming to work release. Construction of the newer building began in 1993, which allowed the center population to expand from 36 to 90 offenders. Remodeling on the old building added a 16 bed independent living unit, which opened in 1995.
- **Programs Offered**
 - Work release programs
 - Additional programs vary and are available for inmates with identified needs, and based on available volunteers and community partners.
- **Community Enhancement**
 - The TCC project crew assists local government agencies and non-profit organizations on a variety of work projects, incorporating a positive work experience, building new skills, and giving back to the community.
 - Community service opportunities are also offered with staff or agency supervision.
 - TCC partnered with the Labrador Education and Rescue Network (L.E.A.R.N) in 2013, becoming a part of their rescue network for Labradors.

Winnebago Correctional Center

- Superintendent Maria Silao-Johnson
- Population: 269
- Located on the shores of Lake Winnebago.
- Opened in 1974 to replace a minimum-security bunkhouse at the Winnebago State Farm and housed inmate farm workers. The Winnebago State Farm closed in the early 1990's to facilitate an expansion at Oshkosh Correctional Institution.
- Programs Offered
 - Work release programs.
 - Additional programs vary and are available for inmates with identified needs, and based on available volunteers and community partners.
- Community Enhancement
 - The WCC project crew assists local government agencies and non-profit organizations on a variety of work projects, incorporating a positive work experience, building new skills, and giving back to the community.
 - Community service opportunities are also offered with staff or agency supervision.



Taycheedah Correctional Institution

- Warden Sarah Cooper
- Number of employees: 293
- Population: 936
- Maximum and medium.
- All adult female correctional facilities, including TCI, Robert E. Ellsworth Correctional Center, and Milwaukee Women's Correctional Center, were joined together as the Wisconsin Women's Correctional System on August 21, 2005, falling under the supervision of the TCI warden.
- Serves as the intake, assessment, and evaluation facility for all female inmates sentenced to adult custody.
- In the early 1850's, female offenders were housed in the Wisconsin State Prison, known today as Waupun Correctional Institution.
- In 1912, work began on the creation of a women's facility and, in 1921, the Wisconsin Industrial Home for Women was opened. The first inmates of the Wisconsin Industrial Home for Women were mostly committed for "crimes against morality," while repeat and more violent or serious offenders continued to be housed at the State Prison in Waupun.
- In 1931, work began on the Wisconsin Prison for Women, located adjacent to the Industrial Home. This facility was completed and opened in 1933, and the women yet housed in Waupun were transferred there. The two facilities continued to operate separately on the same grounds, until, in 1945, the facilities were consolidated under the name Wisconsin Home for Women.
- In 1975, the legislature officially changed the name to Taycheedah Correctional Institution.



Milwaukee Women's Correctional Center



- Superintendent Michelle Haese
- Number of employees: 26
- Population: 102
- Minimum
- Opened its doors to staff on December 11, 2003, with inmates arriving on December 29, 2003.
- **Services and Programs**
 - Moderate- to high-risk Earned Release Program. ERP utilizes two core curriculum, Thinking for a Change (T4C) and Cognitive Behavioral Interventions for Substance Abuse. Social skills, problem solving, decision making, anger management, parenting, employability, family reunification and victim empathy are also included. The program is generally 20 weeks in length.
 - Work release program.
 - Educational opportunities, including tutoring, GED/HSED preparation, correspondence courses, and technical education and apprenticeship programs.

Robert E. Ellsworth Correctional Center



- Superintendent Michelle Hoffman
- Number of employees: 99
- Population: 480
- Minimum
- Located in Union Grove.
- Built in 1954 as part of the Southern Wisconsin Center and originally called Atherton Hall.
- In 1989, the Department of Corrections converted the then vacant building to a correctional facility, which was renamed Robert E. Ellsworth Correctional Center after Mr. Ellsworth, who had an illustrious 32-year career with the Department of Corrections.
- In 2015, renovation began on an annex building, which was opened in May of 2016 as an 84-bed treatment unit.
- Services and Programs
 - Moderate- to high-risk Earned Release Program (ERP). ERP utilizes two core curriculum, Thinking for a Change (T4C) and Cognitive Behavioral Interventions for Substance Abuse (CBISA). Social skills, problem solving, decision making, anger management, parenting, employability, family reunification, and victim empathy are also included. The program is generally 20 weeks in length.
 - Low-risk ERP program that uses the CBISA curriculum, four months in length.
 - Work release program.
 - Tutoring, GED/HSED preparation, correspondence courses, and technical/vocational education.

Department of Corrections
Offenders: Under Control on 12_15_2017

| | |
|--|--------|
| TOTAL PROBATION/PAROLE POPULATION (as of 10/31/2017) | 65,833 |
| TOTAL INMATE POPULATION (DAI) | 23,197 |
| TOTAL INMATE POPULATION (DJC) | 197 |
| TOTAL FIELD POPULATION (DJC) | 107 |

| | Design Capacity ¹ | Total Population ² | DAI | DCC |
|--|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------|------------|
| ADULT INSTITUTIONS | 17,741 | 23,453 | 23,197 | 256 |
| Institutions, Centers, MSDF AODA, Inmates & Trans. Units | 16,900 | 22,612 | 22,371 | 241 |
| WRC | 383 | 383 | 368 | 15 |
| Contract Facilities | 458 | 458 | 458 | 0 |
| SUBTOTAL-MALES (ALL LOCATIONS) | 16,756 | 21,877 | 21,647 | 230 |
| MAXIMUM SECURITY INST. | 3,838 | 5,297 | 5,293 | 4 |
| Dodge | 1,165 | 1,650 | 1,648 | 2 |
| Waupun | 882 | 1,253 | 1,252 | 1 |
| Green Bay | 749 | 1,092 | 1,092 | 0 |
| Columbia | 541 | 835 | 834 | 1 |
| WSPF | 501 | 467 | 467 | 0 |
| MEDIUM SECURITY INST. | 9,430 | 11,865 | 11,841 | 24 |
| Fox Lake | 979 | 1,356 | 1,356 | 0 |
| Jackson | 837 | 987 | 987 | 0 |
| Kettle Moraine | 783 | 1,177 | 1,177 | 0 |
| New Lisbon | 950 | 1,041 | 1,041 | 0 |
| Oshkosh | 1,494 | 2,031 | 2,029 | 2 |
| Prairie du Chien | 326 | 513 | 513 | 0 |
| Racine | 1,171 | 1,696 | 1,675 | 21 |
| Racine Youthful Offender Correctional Facility | 400 | 450 | 450 | 0 |
| Redgranite | 990 | 1,024 | 1,024 | 0 |
| Stanley | 1,500 | 1,590 | 1,589 | 1 |
| MINIMUM SECURITY INST. | 2,230 | 3,301 | 3,290 | 11 |
| Chippewa Valley Corr. Treatment Facility | 450 | 483 | 483 | 0 |
| Oakhill | 344 | 718 | 707 | 11 |
| Sturtevant Transitional Facility | 150 | 146 | 146 | 0 |
| Center System | 1,286 | 1,954 | 1,954 | 0 |
| Black River | 66 | 124 | 124 | 0 |
| Drug Abuse Center | 125 | 284 | 284 | 0 |
| Felmers: O. Chaney | 100 | 84 | 84 | 0 |
| Flambeau | 50 | 94 | 94 | 0 |
| Gordon | 52 | 92 | 92 | 0 |
| John Burke Correctional Center | 186 | 246 | 246 | 0 |
| Kenosha | 60 | 116 | 116 | 0 |
| Marshall E. Sherrer | 32 | 54 | 54 | 0 |
| McNaughton | 55 | 105 | 105 | 0 |
| Oregon | 78 | 119 | 119 | 0 |
| Sanger B. Powers | 60 | 119 | 119 | 0 |
| St. Croix | 94 | 119 | 119 | 0 |
| Thompson | 118 | 129 | 129 | 0 |
| Winnebago | 210 | 269 | 269 | 0 |

| | Design Capacity ¹ | Total Population ² | DAI | DCC |
|---|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----|-----|
| CONTRACT BEDS | 458 | 458 | 458 | 0 |
| Intergovernmental Agreements: (IGA) (up to 50 beds) | | 27 | 27 | 0 |
| Bayfield County Jail | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Columbia County Jail | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Door County Jail | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Douglas County Jail | | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Dunn County Jail | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Florence County Jail | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Fond du Lac County Jail | | 24 | 24 | 0 |
| Forest County Jail | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| House of Corrections Jail | | 8 | 8 | 0 |
| Jefferson County Jail | | 19 | 19 | 0 |
| Juneau County Jail | | 30 | 30 | 0 |
| Langlade County Jail | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Manitowoc County Jail | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Milwaukee County Jail | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Oneida County Jail | | 99 | 99 | 0 |
| Outagamie County Jail | | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Ozaukee County Jail | | 24 | 24 | 0 |
| Racine County Jail | | 128 | 128 | 0 |
| Sauk County Jail | | 31 | 31 | 0 |
| Sheboygan County Jail | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Vernon County Jail | | 40 | 40 | 0 |
| Vilas County Jail | | 25 | 25 | 0 |
| Waushara County Jail | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Winnebago County Jail | | 1 | 1 | 0 |

| | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|
| WRC (DDES FACILITY) | 383 | 383 | 368 | 15 |
| (Female) | 43 | 43 | 43 | 0 |
| (Male) | 340 | 340 | 325 | 15 |

| | | | | |
|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Milwaukee Secure Detention Facility - Inmate Beds: | 465 | 621 | 445 | 176 |
| (Female) | 5 | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| (Male) | 460 | 616 | 440 | 176 |

| | Design Capacity ¹ | Total Population ² | DAI | DCC |
|--|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|-----|
| SUB-TOTAL FEMALES (ALL LOCATIONS) | 985 | 1,576 | 1,550 | 26 |
| DODGE INFIRMARY | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| TAYCHEEDAH | 653 | 936 | 922 | 14 |
| MINIMUM SECURITY INST. | 284 | 592 | 580 | 12 |
| St. Croix | 12 | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Milwaukee Women's Center | 42 | 102 | 102 | 0 |
| Robert E. Ellsworth Center | 230 | 480 | 468 | 12 |

| | Total | Male | Female |
|------------------------------|--------|-----------|--------|
| Occupied Beds: per s.301.055 | 23,269 | 21,707 | 1,562 |
| | Total | Probation | Parole |

| | | | |
|--|--------|--------|--------|
| ADULT COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS | | | |
| Adults on Community Supervision as of 10/31/2017 | 65,833 | 44,743 | 21,090 |

| | Design Capacity ¹ | Total Population ² | DAI | DCC |
|---|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----|-----|
| PROBATION AND PAROLE IN CUSTODY | | 938 | 0 | 938 |
| Milwaukee Secure Detention Facility - Community Corr. Beds: | 578 | 452 | 0 | 452 |
| (Male) | 538 | 417 | 0 | 417 |
| (Female) | 40 | 35 | 0 | 35 |
| Wisconsin County Jails - Short Term Sanctions: | 500 | 486 | 0 | 486 |

| | Total Capacity ⁴ | Total Supervised Population | |
|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|
| DIVISION OF JUVENILE CORRECTIONS | | | |
| Total | 603 | 197 | |
| Total On-Grounds: Population³ | | 197 | |
| SUBTOTAL-MALES | 574 | 177 | |
| Lincoln Hills | 519 | 143 | |
| Mendota Juvenile Treatment Center | 43 | 29 | |
| Grow Academy | 12 | 5 | |
| SUBTOTAL-FEMALES | 29 | 20 | |
| Copper Lake School | 29 | 20 | |
| | Total | Males | Females |
| Juvenile Field Population | 107 | 101 | 6 |
| Community Supervision | 91 | 87 | 4 |
| Milwaukee | 51 | 49 | 2 |
| Madison | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Wausau | 19 | 19 | 0 |
| Fox Valley | 16 | 14 | 2 |
| Interstate Compact Youth (From other States) | 16 | 14 | 2 |
| Milwaukee | 10 | 9 | 1 |
| Madison | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| Wausau | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| Fox Valley | 2 | 1 | 1 |

¹ Design capacity is defined as the original design capacity of the institution, based on industry standards, plus modifications and expansions. It excludes beds and multiple bunking that were instituted to accommodate crowding.

² Population counts include inmates physically present at 12:00 A.M. plus reported beds held. This reporting policy applies to all DOC adult inmate facilities and both in- and out-of-state contracted beds.

³ Midnight Count includes all juvenile offenders under the responsibility (on & off grounds) of each institution at 12:01 A.M. Friday morning.

⁴ Total Capacity is a count of every bed in the facility, including security beds. Beds in security are not used to house general population youth.

**Division of Juvenile Corrections
Friday Report - Population Comparison Over the Last 12 Weeks**

| <u>Date</u> | <u>CLS</u> | <u>LHS</u> | <u>MJTC</u> | <u>Grow</u> | <u>Institution Total</u> | <u>NWRO</u> | <u>SERO</u> | <u>ICI</u> | <u>Field Total</u> |
|-------------|------------|------------|-------------|-------------|--------------------------|-------------|-------------|------------|--------------------|
| 12/15/17 | 20 | 143 | 29 | 5 | 197 | 40 | 51 | 19 | 110 |
| 12/08/17 | 17 | 139 | 29 | 5 | 190 | 44 | 54 | 17 | 115 |
| 12/01/17 | 17 | 137 | 30 | 5 | 189 | 45 | 56 | 17 | 118 |
| 11/24/17 | 18 | 137 | 30 | 5 | 190 | 43 | 56 | 17 | 116 |
| 11/17/17 | 19 | 133 | 29 | 5 | 186 | 43 | 56 | 18 | 117 |
| 11/10/17 | 21 | 129 | 30 | 5 | 185 | 47 | 56 | 20 | 123 |
| 11/03/17 | 22 | 131 | 29 | 4 | 186 | 47 | 56 | 22 | 125 |
| 10/27/17 | 22 | 136 | 29 | 4 | 191 | 48 | 53 | 21 | 122 |
| 10/20/17 | 22 | 136 | 29 | 4 | 191 | 49 | 49 | 19 | 117 |
| 10/13/17 | 22 | 135 | 28 | 4 | 189 | 47 | 49 | 18 | 114 |
| 10/06/17 | 23 | 138 | 27 | 4 | 192 | 47 | 48 | 18 | 113 |
| 09/29/17 | 22 | 140 | 28 | 4 | 194 | 48 | 48 | 18 | 114 |

